

SYNTHESIS REPORT

Flagship sites selection process

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CONTENT

1	INT	RODUCTION	1
2	FLA	GSHIP SITE SELECTION PROCESS	3
	2.1	SCOPING STUDIES	3
	2.2	Consultation workshops	
	2.3	REGIONAL SELECTION COMMITTEE	
3	_	GSHIP SITES SELECTED	
		NEXES	
4			
		1: Project description form	
		2: LIST OF THE MAIN PROJECTS AND INITIATIVES IDENTIFIED IN THE FOUR POTENTIAL SITES IN CAMBODIA	
		3: LIST OF THE MAIN PROJECTS AND INITIATIVES IDENTIFIED IN THE FOUR POTENTIAL SITES IN LAOS	
		4: LIST OF THE MAIN PROJECTS AND INITIATIVES IDENTIFIED IN THE THREE POTENTIAL SITES IN VIETNAM	
	ANNEX	5: CRITERIA, SUB-CRITERIA, AND SCORING OPTIONS FOR CROSS-SITES COMPARISON	41
	ANNEX	6: WEIGHTING OPTIONS FOR SITES NOTE ATTRIBUTION AND CROSS-SITE COMPARISON	46
	ANNEX	7: LIST OF THE EXPERTS INVOLVED IN SCOPING STUDIES IN CAMBODIA, LAOS AND VIETNAM	47
	ANNEX	8: MAIN DYNAMICS RELATED TO AGROECOLOGY AND SAFE FOOD SYSTEMS IN THE FOUR POTENTIAL SITES IN CAMBODIA	49
	ANNEX	9: MAIN DYNAMICS RELATED TO AGROECOLOGY AND SAFE FOOD SYSTEMS IN THE FOUR POTENTIAL SITES IN LAOS	51
	ANNEX	$\textbf{10:} \ \textbf{Main dynamics related to Agroecology and Safe food systems in the two north western sites in \textbf{Vietnam}$	52
	ANNEX	11: COMPARISON OF ADVANTAGES AND DRAWBACKS BETWEEN THE FOUR POTENTIAL SITES IN CAMBODIA	53
	ANNEX	12: COMPARISON OF ADVANTAGES AND DRAWBACKS BETWEEN THE FOUR POTENTIAL SITES IN LAOS	54
	ANNEX	13: COMPARISON OF ADVANTAGES AND DRAWBACKS BETWEEN THE TWO POTENTIAL SITES IN VIETNAM	55
	ANNEX	14: COMPARATIVE SCORES AND NOTES FOR THE FOUR POTENTIAL SITES IN CAMBODIA	56
	ANNEX	15: COMPARATIVE SCORES AND NOTES FOR THE FOUR POTENTIAL SITES IN LAOS	57
	ANNEX	16: COMPARATIVE SCORES AND NOTES FOR THE TWO POTENTIAL SITES IN VIETNAM	58
	ANNEX	17: LIST OF THE PARTICIPANTS WHO VOTED DURING CONSULTATION WORKSHOP IN CAMBODIA	59
	ANNEX	18: LIST OF THE PARTICIPANTS WHO VOTED DURING CONSULTATION WORKSHOP IN LAOS	60
	ANNEX	19: LIST OF THE PARTICIPANTS WHO VOTED DURING CONSULTATION WORKSHOP IN VIETNAM	61
	ANNEX	20: PARTICIPANTS PREFERENCE RESULTS IN CAMBODIA	62
	ANNEX	21: PARTICIPANTS PREFERENCE RESULTS IN LAOS	63
	ANNEX	22: PARTICIPANTS PREFERENCE RESULTS IN VIETNAM	65
	ANNEX	23: MEMBERS OF THE SELECTION COMMITTEE	66
	ANNEX	24: CHALLENGES THAT COULD BE ADDRESSED IN THE THREE SELECTED FLAGSHIP SITES	67
	ANNEX	25: PARTNERSHIPS THAT COULD BE BUILT IN THE THREE SELECTED FLAGSHIP SITES	68

1 Introduction

The Agroecology and Safe food System Transitions (ASSET) project is a five-year regional project funded by the *Agence Française de Développement* (AFD), the European Union (EU), and the *Fond Français pour l'Environnement Mondial* (FFEM). The overall objective of the project is to harness the potential of agroecology to transform food and agricultural systems into more sustainable systems, notably safer, more equitable and inclusive, in Southeast Asia (SEA). The project intervenes in four countries (Cambodia, Laos, Myanmar, and Vietnam).

The project is structured in two operational components and six sub-components (Fig. 1).

Flagship sites are pilot administratively managed territories where efforts and resources are concentrated to support and document agroecological and safe food system transitions. They are seen as key instruments of the sub-component 2.1 "Knowledge production and support to innovations". ASSET project will support innovations and knowledge production in four flagship sites, one per country.

Fourteen potential flagship sites have been pre-identified during project feasibility, with four potential sites in Cambodia and Laos respectively, three potential sites in Myanmar and Vietnam respectively (Fig. 2).

There was a strong wish from project consortium members to involve national partners in the selection of flagship sites. This report presents this participatory selection process and the flagship sites finally selected in Cambodia, Laos, and Vietnam. Due to the political situation in Myanmar, flagship site selection process was postponed in this country.

C1 - Impact-oriented stakeholder engagement into ASSET SC 1.1 SC 1.2 SC 1.3 Strengthening ALiSEA Transforming Promoting ASSET through through networking and ALiSEA multimedia into a Capacity development, knowledge hub communication and visibility sharing a common vision of the ASSET actions C 2 – Scaling up agroecological and safe food innovations from local to regional levels SC 2.1 SC 2.2 SC 2.3 Knowledge production and Methodological framework Evidence-based policy support to innovations at dialogue and advocacy for assessing performances territorial level and impacts of innovations and transitions

Fig. 1. ASSET project structure

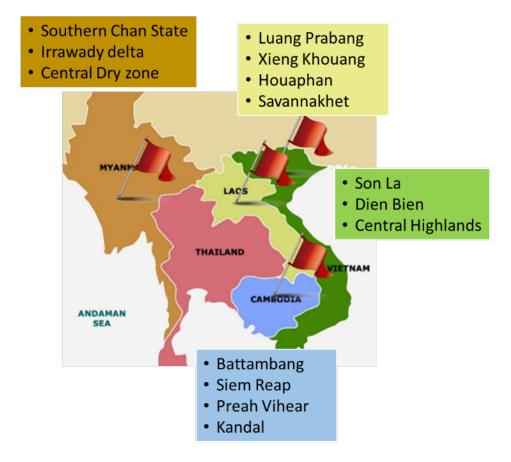


Fig. 2. Potential flagship sites in the four targeted countries

2 Flagship site selection process

2.1 Scoping studies

Scoping studies followed a 5-step process:

- Step 1: Data preliminary collection and field studies preparation
 - o Identify criteria to compare the different sites
 - o Collect and synthetize existing data against criteria, on-line interviews
 - o Prepare a pre-list of target areas for visit and of key stakeholders for interview
- Step 2: Field studies implementation
 - Visit ground roots activities related to Agroecology and Safe food systems
 - Conduct interviews with key stakeholders
- Step 3: Restitution workshop 1
 - o Data analysis and preliminary synthesis
 - o Present scoping studies preliminary results to representatives of the different sites
- Step 4: Data analysis and reporting
 - Consolidate and update existing data and knowledge incorporating feedbacks from participants to restitution workshop 1
- Step 5: Restitution workshop 2
 - o Present scoping studies results during consultation workshops organized at national level

An expert-based preliminary list of projects and initiatives related to Agroecology and safe food systems was established in each country and for each site based on project partners' knowledge.

A project description form was designed (Annex 1), transformed into Google forms with request to fill the form sent to the different projects identified in Laos and Cambodia (links below). In Vietnam, a Msc student (De Villers Clémence, ISTOM) filled the forms and related excel data base following online interviews and projects documents data extraction.

Google form	Link
Cambodia	Project Description Form for Flagship selection in Cambodia (google.com)
Laos	Project Description Form for Flagship selection in Laos PDR (google.com)

Participatory mapping of projects and actors were organized in the different countries (Table 1) to complement this information. The different projects and initiatives identified are presented in Annexes 2, 3 and 4 for Cambodia, Laos, and Vietnam respectively.

Country	Date	Туре	Nb participants
Vietnam	11 Nov 2020	Face-to-face	16
Laos	11 Nov 2020	Face-to-face	18
Cambodia	10 Dec 2020	On-line	22
Myanmar	19 Jan 2021	On-line	16

Table 1. Dates and participants to the participatory mapping workshops organized in the 4 countries

Eight criteria and 26 sub-criteria (Table 2) were then defined to compare the different sites. Scoring and criteria weighting were also defined and are presented in Annexes 5 and 6 respectively.

Criteria	Sub-criteria Sub-criteria
1. Site relevance	Relevance regarding challenge#1 (sustainability and safety of
	agricultural systems connected to markets)
	Relevance regarding challenge #2 (sustainability of rice-based)
	systems in lowlands)
	Relevance regarding Flagship #3 (sustainability of ag. landscapes
	and livelihoods in rainfed uplands)
2. Opportunity for change and impact	Perception of issues and challenges by local stakeholders
change and impact	• Level of interest of local authorities and level of institutionalization
	of AE and SFS innovations
	Level of interest and adoption of innovations by producers
	Level of interest and engagement of other market system actors
	Opportunities in terms of market innovations
3. On-going	Existence and relevance of technical innovations
innovations and dynamics related	Existence and relevance of organizational innovations
to AE and SFS	Existence and relevance of institutional innovations
4. Opportunity for	Number and diversity of potential partnerships
partnership	Flagship accessibility/ distance to capital city
5. Opportunity for co	o-funding of field activities
6. Local expertise an	d champions
7. Existing data and	Land use and land use trajectories
knowledge	Local food systems
	Agricultural value chains and quality
	Local livelihoods and livelihood development strategies
	Situation of youth, women, and ethnic minorities
	Local policies and rural development strategies
	Agricultural extension facilities and strategy
	Actors and investment in the agribusiness sector
	Performance and impact of conventional agricultural systems
	Performance and impact of innovative AE and SF systems
8. Number of potent	ial beneficiaries in the flagship

Table 2. Criteria and sub-criteria used to compare the different potential sites

Field studies were conducted in the three countries from January to March 2021 mobilizing for each site 7 to 10 experts from different institutions and competences areas (List of experts mobilized in Annex 7).

The main dynamics related to agroecology and safe food systems in each site are presented in Annexes 8, 9 and 10 for Cambodia, Laos, and Vietnam respectively. The comparison of advantages and drawbacks between the different sites in each country are presented in Annexes 11, 12 and 13 for Cambodia, Laos, and Vietnam respectively. The different scores and notes obtained by the different sites in each country are presented in Annexes 14, 15 and 16 for Cambodia, Laos, and Vietnam respectively.

2.2 Consultation workshops

Results from the scoping studies were presented to a diversity of partners (Table 3) during consultation workshops organized on 31 March 2021 for Vietnam, 6 April 2021 for Laos, and 7 April 2021 for Cambodia.

Representatives	Nb
Project coordination unit (GRET-CIRAD)	3
Project executive committee (6 sub-components)	12
Project consortium members (national, intern.)	5-15
ALiSEA board of members (national)	4
Decision makers (national)	4
Decision makers (Flagships)	3-4
Donors (AFD, EU)	2
Research platforms (ASEA, MALICA)	2
Invited guests (key informants, other projects)	5-8
TOTAL	45-55

Table 3. Participants to the consultation workshops

Following scoping studies results presentations and discussions, participants were invited to express their preference for flagship site in each country (unique choice, multiple choices, reasons for selecting the site), The lists of participants who voted are presented in Annexes 17, 18 and 19 for Cambodia, Laos, and Vietnam respectively.

Participants preference results are presented in Annexes 20, 21 and 22 for Cambodia, Laos, and Vietnam respectively. Whereas a strong majority of participants preferred Xieng Khouang Province as flagship site in Laos, preferences were more divided between Battambang and Preah Vihear Provinces in Cambodia, Son La and Điện Biên Provinces in Vietnam.

2.3 Regional selection committee

The objective of the regional committee was to take stock of national preferences but also to consider regional perspectives, including:

- The need to capture the diversity of development contexts in the region and represent the three main agroecosystems and challenges (sustainability and safety of agricultural systems connected to markets, sustainability of rice-based systems in lowlands, and sustainability of agricultural landscapes and livelihoods in rainfed uplands);
- The wish to involve a large diversity of stakeholders and partners in the design and implementation of the actions conducted within the flagship site, including project consortium members, NGOs or CSOs connected to ALiSEA network, farmer organizations, and the private sector.

13 members participated to the final selection (detailed list in Annex 23) during a meeting that was held online on the 28 April 2021. Following scoping studies and consultation workshops results presentation, discussions focused mainly on three points:

- The risk of resource dilution in Vietnam in the case of selecting jointly Son La and Điện Biên Provinces
 as flagship site in Vietnam (proposal from the scoping study expert team);
- Feed back from other (non Vietnamese) partners for having 2 provinces for flagship site in Vietnam (versus 1 province only in other countries);
- The comparative advantages and drawbacks between Battambang and Preah Vihear Provinces in Cambodia.

3 Flagship sites selected

Regarding the risk of resource dilution in Vietnam in the case of selecting jointly Son La and Điện Biên Provinces as flagship site in Vietnam (proposal from the scoping study expert team):

Answer from Vietnamese partners: The idea is not to multiply/double all activities in each Province. Only one ToC will be implemented with participants from the two provinces. Some activities can be tackled easily in the two provinces (e.g. support to increased coordination among partners at provincial, strategic planning). Grassroots activities can be shared between the 2 Provinces by selecting complementary communes/villages in both provinces. There will be a need anyway to narrow down the topics/dynamics to be supported within the ToC/action plans and to discuss among partners what interventions could be supported and at what scale. There is an interest, from a policy perspective, to include both provinces in the policy dialogue (same development trajectory). From a territorial and value chain perspectives, many of the actors currently working in Sơn La are extending their activities in Điện Biên Province (e.g. Coffee, fruits, livestock).

• Feed back from other (non Vietnamese) partners for having 2 provinces for flagship site in Vietnam (versus 1 province only in other countries):

Cambodia: No problem from Cambodian side. This is a decision from (Vietnamese) national partners. It is important to ensure clear plan nationally and there seems to be quite consensus among partners. If they are comfortable with that, this is fine for us.

Regarding the choice between Battambang and Preah Vihear Provinces in Cambodia:

Adds-on from expert team in Cambodia: Project intervention in both provinces would interesting and relevant. However, farmers in Battambang are already engaged into chemical-based intensification mindset. We may certainly succeed in changing a bit this mindset but project impact would certainly be more important in Preah Vihear, where farmers are still in (forest) conservative mindset. In addition, agrochemicals are starting to arrive in Preah Vihear. Ecocert is certifying less and less farmers every year. This is the good timing for intervention and for preserving/improving a unique organic-based production system.

AFD also expressed its slight preference for Preah Vihear Province.

Flagship sites finally selected are:

- Preah Vihear Province in Cambodia;
- Xieng Khouang Province in Laos;
- North-west region with interventions in Sơn La and Điện Biên Provinces in Vietnam.

The challenges that could be addressed in the three selected sites are presented in Annex 24.

The Partnerships that could be built in the three selected flagship sites are presented in Annex 25.

4 Annexes

Annex 1: Project description form

Annex 2: List of the main projects and initiatives identified in the four sites in Cambodia

Annex 3: List of the main projects and initiatives identified in the four sites in Laos

Annex 4: List of the main projects and initiatives identified in the three sites in Vietnam

Annex 5: Criteria, sub-criteria, and scoring options for cross-sites comparison

Annex 6: Weighting options for note attribution and cross-site comparison

Annex 7: List of the experts involved in scoping studies in the three countries

Annex 8: Main dynamics related to Agroecology and safe food systems in the four sites in Cambodia

Annex 9: Main dynamics related to Agroecology and safe food systems in the four sites in Laos

Annex 10: Main dynamics related to Agroecology and safe food systems in the two sites in Vietnam

Annex 11: Comparison of advantages and drawbacks between the four sites in Cambodia

Annex 12: Comparison of advantages and drawbacks between the four sites in Laos

Annex 13: Comparison of advantages and drawbacks between the two sites in Vietnam

Annex 14: Comparative scores and notes for the four sites in Cambodia

Annex 15: Comparative scores and notes for the four sites in Laos

Annex 16: Comparative scores and notes for the two sites in Vietnam

Annex 17: List of the participants who voted during the consultation workshop in Cambodia

Annex 18: List of the participants who voted during the consultation workshop in Laos

Annex 19: List of the participants who voted during the consultation workshop in Vietnam

Annex 20: Participants preference results in Cambodia

Annex 21: Participants preference results in Laos

Annex 22: Participants preference results in Vietnam

Annex 23: Members of the selection committee

Annex 24: Challenges that could be addressed in selected flagship sites

Annex 25: Partnerships that could be built in selected flagship sites

Ar	nnex 1: Project description	on form		
Pr	oject information			
000000000000000000000000000000000000000	Name of the project: Project acronym: Project's website: Project's facebook page: Funding agency(ies): Contact persons: Email: Project objectives: Documents or web page attach file): Project duration Project starting date Project coordination Implementing institation Project Partner(s)	ite : itution(s):	/ initiative (write the	e website and option to
	Target area Country: State/Province Project's main working sta		Commune(s)	Village(s)
	 □ General Farmers □ Agricultural Coope □ Local authority/office □ Ministry Governme □ Local Agri-Busines □ Agriculture-related □ Others 	ratives cers ent entities/officers ses/Business owners		
Pro	oject's intervention and ac Targeted farming systems □Rice-based system □Rainfed crops			

□Vegetable production□Annual crops, specify :□Perennial crops, specify :

☐ Aquaculture / fishing

□Livestock production, specify:

 $\square \text{Forestry}$

8

	□All types □Other:
-	Area of intervention Promoting agroecological systems Organic agriculture Agroforestry Conservation agriculture System of rice intensification Home garden / permaculture / integrated farming Integrated Pest Management / Agroecological Crop Protection Crop-livestock farming systems Other:
-	Supporting farmers access to : Seeds and breeds Credit Appropriate scale mechanization Organic fertilizers Bio pesticides Market Land Other:
-	Promoting environmental protection: Alternative to pesticide use Sustainable natural resources management Biodiversity conservation Waste reduction and recycling Use of renewable energies Other:
-	Promoting safe food systems: Safeguarding consumer health (pesticide residues) Improving food nutritional quality Setting up short and/or local food circuits Standard certification (public and private labels) Citizen certification (Participatory Guarantee Systems) Processing of agricultural products Other:
-	Promoting youth and gender : ☐Gender equality ☐Youth in agriculture

- Promoting Ag	ri-business and market a	access through coope	erative/association:							
□Supporting	the creation and the ope	ration of farmer orga	nization e.g. community,							
association, o	ooperative, unionetc.									
☐Strengthening public-private parternships on agriculture/vocational training ☐Supporting contract farming										
□Supporting	contract farming									
□Supporting	standard certification and	d labeling e.g. organi	c, PGS, GAP							
□Supporting contract farming □Supporting standard certification and labeling e.g. organic, PGS, GAP □Development of training materials for farmers and field workers □Other: Project activity(ies): □Training □Awareness □Advocacy □Technical support □Financial support □Support to local entrepreneurship □Reinforcement organizational capacities □Infrastructure construction □Networking □Research □Other: Project's achievements Number of families as beneficiaries Number of villages as beneficiaries										
Supporting contract farming Supporting standard certification and labeling e.g. organic, PGS, GAP Development of training materials for farmers and field workers Other :										
Project activit	y(ies):									
□Training										
□Awareness										
□Advocacy										
☐Technical s	support									
□Financial s										
☐Support to local entrepreneurship										
								·		
□Networking										
_										
oject's achieveme	nts									
Number of fa	milies as beneficiaries									
	•									
		3								
Name	Location	Contact	Excellence on							
l ocal champi	one(e) (could be as indivi	idual o a farmore or	organizational o g. cooporati							
Name	Location	Contact	Knowledgeable on							
INATIO	Location	Oontact	Tanowicageable on							
Outstanding t	argeted commune / villag	ge:								
1. Name of cor	•		ding on :							
	ninune / village .	Outstan	aing on .							
2. Name of cor	mmune / village :		ding on :							

Annex 2: List of the main projects and initiatives identified in the four potential sites in Cambodia

Battambang Province

Nb	Project name	Acronym	Intervention type	Main crops/activities	Intervention area	Donor	Project Partners	Period
1	Support Project for the Development of Cambodian Agriculture	PADAC	R4D	Upland crops and lowland rice	Kampong Cham, Battambang	AFD	GDA-DALRM, CIRAD, AVSF	2008 – 2013
2	Sustainable Agriculture and Natural Resources Management Collaborative Research Support Program	SANREM CRSP	R4D	Upland crops: maize, cassava and vegetable	Battambang, Siem Reap	USAID	Virginia Tech, North Carolina A&T, RUA, GDA, CIRAD	2010 – 2014
3	Alternatives to irrigated rice-based cropping systems		R4D	Irrigated / wet season rice	Kampong Thom	AFD	GDA/DALRM, CIRAD	2011 – 2014
4	Incentives and Markets for Vegetable Smallholders to Practice Labor, Water and Soil Saving Technologies in Cambodia and Nepal		R4D, Education	Vegetables	Phnom Penh, Battambang	USAID SIIL	NCAT, RUA, ADDA	2014 - 2016
5	Women in Agriculture Network Cambodia: Gender and Ecologically Sensitive Agriculture	WAgN (extended for 2 nd phase: S3 Cambodia)	R4D, Education	Vegetables, lowland rice	Phnom Penh, Battambang, Siem Reap	USAID SIIL	RUA/CE SAIN, CIRAD, UBB, PSU, DALRM, UTIA, ADDA, AVRDC	2015 – 2023)
6	Appropriate Scale Mechanization Consortium	ASMC (extended for 2 nd phase)	R4D, Education	Mechanization for CA/SI	Phnom Penh, Battambang, Siem Reap	USAID SIIL	RUA/CE SAIN, CIRAD, GDA/DALRM, SwissContact, DAEng/GDA, UBB, Uo Illinois	2015- 2019 (2 nd phase up to 2023)
7	Action-Research on Conservation Agriculture within the framework of the ACTAE project (Supporting the Agroecological transition in SEA)	ACTAE-CANSEA grant	R4D	Upland crops, lowland rice, various R4D activities	Kampong Cham & Thom, Battambang	AFD	GDA-DALRM, RUA/CE SAIN, ITC, CIRAD	2015 – 2019
8	Center of Excellence on Sustainable Agricultural Intensification and Nutrition (Technology Park)	CESAIN	Research, Education	Research and Education: various R4D activities	Kampong Cham (Bos Khnor), Siem Reap, Battambang,	USAID, SIIL	RUA/CE SAIN, US Uni. (Kansas, Illinois,	2016 – 2020

					Kampong Thom, Phnom Penh		Pennsylva.), GDA, UBB, CIRAD	
9	Ecological Intensification and Soil Ecosystem Functioning	EISOFUN	Research	Soil ecosystem services	Kampong Cham, Battambang	CCCA	GDA, RUA, ITC, CIRAD	2016 – 2019
10	Mekong Inclusive and Innovation Growth Program	MIGIP	Developt	Engagement of private sector on CA inputs: cover crops, machineries, bio products	National	SDC, Swisscontact	Swisscontact with many others	2017 – 2020
11	Conservation Agriculture Service with a Fee	CASF	Developt	Private sector engagement, demand creation for scaling up CA	Battambang (lowland and upland)	USAID Cambodia	RUA/CE SAIN, KSU Swisscontact, GDA/DALRM, CIRAD, DAEng	2018 – 2021
12	Developing a Highly Productive and Sustainable Conservation Agriculture Production System for Cambodia and Myanmar		Research	Lowland rice	Kampong Thom, Battambang	IFDC	RUA/CE SAIN, KSU, CIRAD, GDA/DALRM	2018- 2019
13	Cambodia Conservation Agriculture Sustainable Intensification Consortium	CASIC	Developt	Policy dialogue, public – private partnership	National	MAFF Cambodia	Swisscontact, MAFF (with 5 other ministries), RUA/CE SAIN, KSU, CIRAD	2020 – now
14	Water Resources Management and Agro-ecological Transition for Cambodia	WAT4CAM	R4D	Rice, crop diversification, Water Management	Battambang, Preah Vihear, Kandal	AFD	MAFF, GDA/DALRM, CIRAD, MoWRAM, Niras, CIRD,	2020 – 2023
15	Developing Ecologically-based Participatory IPM package for rice in Cambodia	EPIC	R4D	IPM, Rice	National	USAID	IRRI	
16	Cambodia Horticulture project Advancing Income and Nutrition	CHAIN	Developt	Horticulture	National	SDC	SNV, Swisscontact, World veg center, MAFF/PDAFF	2014 - 2022

17	Innovations to Build and Scale Safe Vegetable Value Chains (SVVC) in Cambodia	SVVC	R4D	Vegetables (net house)	Kandal, Battambang	USAID	RUA, Uni of California	
18	Agroecology practices for rice in Cambodia	SOFUNRICE	Research	Rice	Battambang, Kampong Thom	IRD (JEAI)	IRD, CIRAD, UBB, ITC, CESAIN/RUA	
19	A Sustainable, Traceable Climate Smart and Inclusive Rice Supply Chain, Battambang and Banteay Meanchey provinces	SRP	Developt	Integrated farming, CA, support ag. Coop SRP	Battambang	IFC, World Bank	CIRD	
20	UPSCALE	UPSCALE	Developt	Integrated farming, CA, support ag. coop	Battambang		Eclosio	2016- 2020
21	Vocational Training Program to build new generations of Agroecology young farmers		Developt	Education, training and Agroecology	National, Battambang		Chivet & Dey Local NGO	
22	Agroecological initiatives: empowering youth, building local knowledge		Developt	Education, training and Agroecology	National, Battambang		Chivet & Dey Local NGO, Vivre de sa terre	
23	Accelerating Inclusive Markets for Smallholders (AIMS)	AIMs	Developt	Value chains dev: vegetables, backyard chicken, rice, cassava and raw silk.	National, Battambang	IFAD	Ministry of Commerce, PDAFF, private sectors	2017- 2023
24	Implementing quality of education and training of the Young UNIversities in rural area of CAMbodia	UNICAM	Education		National, Battambang		UBB	2015 - 2018
25	Sustainable agricultural intensification and diversification for the betterment of smallholder farmers in NW Cambodia	CAmSID	R4D	App for weed and pest lowland rice, scaling up SI	Battambang	ACIAR	USYD, CARDI, MCU, SFSA, AIT, UBB, VSO Camb., Ockenden Camb, GAU, PDAFFs	2016- 2021
26	Developing Ecologically-based Participatory IPM package for rice in Cambodia	EPIC	R4D	IPM, Rice	National		IRRI	
27	Cambodia Agricultural Sector Diversification Project (CASDP)	CASDP	Developt	 Enabling Ag Diversifi., Support Public Infrastr., 3. Improving 	13 target provinces including Battambang	World Bank & Royal	PDAFF and NGO (ARD)	2019- 2024

				Ag Info Systems and Quality Control Manat, 4. Project Managt, Coordi, and M&E, 5. Contingent Emergency Resp.		Govenor Cambodia		
28	Agriculture Services Programme for Innovation, Resilience and Extension (ASPIRE)	ASPIRE	Developt	1) Evidence-based Policy Devpt, 2) Capacity Devpt for Extension Services, 3) Improved Extension Services, 4) Infrastr. Support Climate Resilient Agri	National, Battambang	IFAD	NCDD, MAFF, PDAFF, Private sectors, SNEC, Service providers (from academy to private)	2015- 2022
29	WASP	WASP	Developt	Irrigation	Battambang	AFD, ADB	MoWRAM, MAFF	
30	Climate Resilient Rice Commercialization Sector Development Program (Rice-SDP)	Rice-SDP	Developt	Rice farming, seed, techniques	National, Battambang	ADB	MAFF	2016- 2021
31	Agricultural productivity improvement through extension (APITE)	APITE	Developt	Rice farming practices, seed prod, cooperative	National, Battambang	JICA	MAFF	?
32	Boosting food production (BFP)	BFP	Developt	Market, techniques, inputs for crops	National, Battambang	Government	MAFF/GDA	
33	Rural Irrigation and Agricultural Productivity Improvement Project	RIAPIP	Developt	1) Contribute to reducing and gradually eliminating poverty in the eastern region of Cambodia through improvement in agricultural productivity and crop intensification, 2) Expand the livelihood from agriculture through the use of improved rice seeds	Battambang	IMF/MEF, RGC	PDAFF, agricultural center, AC, and Union	2017- 2019

				and farming technologies, and the introduction of pilot of the seed purification and production of pure seeds for increasing rice yields.				
34	COSTEA Agroecological Transition in Irrigated Perimeters	COSTEA	R4D	Promote the development of agroecological practices in irrigated agriculture and promote the conditions of the agroecological transitions in irrigated systems.	Battambang	AFD	AVSF, CARI, GRET, CIRAD, ENDA, PRONAT, ISRA, APEB, TORBA, CREAB, UBB	2020- 2022
35	Support to the Commercialization of Cambodian Rice Project (SCCRP)	SCCRP	Developt	1) Support the dev of professional and interprofes organizations in the Cambodian rice sector, 2) Improve Cambodian Rice quality consistency and international market recognition, 3) Support the involvement Farmer Orga in the commerci. of paddy, 4) Up-grade Rural Develot Bank, 5) Project Mgt and Coord	National esp. Preah Vihear, Battambang	AFD	AVSF, CIRD, Eclosio, IRAM, AVSF, CIRD	2013- 2017
36	CARBON changes	CARBON changes	R4D	Assessing changes of carbon storage in the NW of Cambodia	Battambang	CCCA	CIRAD, DALRM, UBB, RUA,	
37	Metkasekar/ISA	Metkasekar/ISA	Developt	Scaling up AE/CA through public-private engagement	Battambang	USAID/SIIL, SDC	Swisscontact, DAE, DALRM, CIRAD, RUA (CE SAIN)	2021- 2024

38	Cambodia Harvest II	Harvest II	Developt	1) capacities for market participation; 2) Improve market linkages; 3) Improve governance and the enabling environment; for rice and horticulture	Battambang	USAID	Harvest II, private companies, AC, Union	2019- 2023	
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Preah Vihear Province

Nb	Project name	Acronym	Intervention type	Main crops/activities	Intervention area	Donor	Project Partners	Period
1	Mekong Inclusive and Innovation Growth Program	MIGIP	Developt	Engagement of private sector	National	SDC, Swisscontact	Swisscontact	2017 – 2020
2	Cambodia Conservation Agriculture Sustainable Intensification Consortium	CASIC	Developt	Policy dialogue, public – private partnership	National	MAFF Cambodia	Swisscontact, GDA, RUA/CE SAIN, KSU, CIRAD	2020 – now
3	Water Resources Management and Agro-ecological Transition for Cambodia (WAT4CAM)	WAT4CAM	R4D	Rice, crop diversification, Water Management	Battambang, Preah Vihear, Kandal	AFD	MAFF, GDA/DALRM & CIRAD	2020 – 2023
4	Developing Ecologically-based Participatory IPM package for rice in Cambodia	EPIC	R4D	IPM, Rice	National	USAID	IRRI	
5	Cambodian Institute for Research and Rural Development	CIRD	R4D, Developt	value chain e.g. SRP, organic, cooperative, AE	National	Various		
6	Cambodia Horticulture project Advancing Income and Nutrition	CHAIN	Developt	Horticulture	National	SDC	SNV, Swisscontact, World veg center	2014 - 2022
7	Project? of Ibis Rice	Ibis Rice	Developt	Organic rice	Preah Vihear	Various	WCS	
8	Support to the Commercialization of Cambodian Rice Project (SCCRP)	SCCRP	Developt	1) Support the dev of professional and inter-prof. organizations in the Cambodian rice sector, 2) Improve	National esp. Preah Vihear, Battambang	AFD	AVSF, CIRD, Eclosio, IRAM, AVSF, CIRD	2013- 2017

	Cambodian Rice quality consistency	
	and international market recognition,	
	3) Support the involvement Farmer	
	Orga in the commercializ. of paddy,	
	4) Up-grade Rural Develot Bank, 5)	
	Project Managt and Coord	

9	Rural Livelihoods Improvement Project in Kratie, Preah Vihear and Ratanakiri (RULIP)	RULIP	Developt	1) Livelihoods improvement, including support for group formation, group revolving funds (GRFs) and introduction of improved ag technologies e.g. IPM, SRI, 2) Support for decentralization and deconcentration in agriculture	Kratie, Preah Vihear and Ratanakiri	IFAD	MAFF, MoWA, other service providers: private, NGOs	2007-2014
10	National Adapation Programme of Action to climate change	NAPA	Developt	Climate smart agricultural practices, water saving practices, solar panel	Preah Vihear	Gov Cambodia, UNDP, GEF		2014
11	Agriculture Services Programme for Innovation, Resilience and Extension (ASPIRE)	ASPIRE	Developt	1) Evidence-based Policy Developt, 2) Capacity Developt for Extension Services, 3) Improved Extension Services, and 4) Infrastructure Supporting Climate Resilient Agriculture.	Preah Vihear	IFAD	NCDD, MAFF, PDAFF, Private sectors, SNEC, Service providers (from academy to private)	2015- 2022
12	Accelerating Inclusive Markets for Smallholders (AIMS)	AIMs	Developt	Value chains dev: vegetables, backyard chicken, rice, cassava and raw silk.	Preah Vihear	IFAD	Ministry of Commerce, PDAFF, private sectors	2017- 2023
13	Cambodia Horticulture Advancing Income and Nutrition (CHAIN-II)	CHAIN-II	Developt	1) Commercial and homestead producers and processors increase productivity by adapting improved technologies, 2) Farmer groups and processor groups provide demandoriented services and facilitate transparent and fair market engagement, 3). Public and private sector actors deliver demand-driven, gender-sensitive and accountable advisory services.	Preah Vihear	SDC	SNV, Swisscontact, PDAFF	2018- 2022
14	The Civil Society and Pro-Poor Markets (CSPPM) program	CSPPM	Developt	Support CBO rice value chain via conservation	Preah Vihear	WCS		

15	Project? of Sansom Mlup Prey Organization (SMP)		Developt	Organic rice, SRP	Preah Vihear	USAID, WCS		
16	, ,	CASDP	Developt	1. Enabling Ag Diversifi., 2. Support Public Infrastr., 3. Improving Ag Info Systems and Quality Control Manat, 4. Project Managt, Coordi, and M&E, 5. Contingent Emergency Resp.	13 target provinces including Preah Vihear	World Bank & Royal Govenor Cambodia	PDAFF and NGO (ARD)	2019- 2024
17	WASP		Developt	Irrigation	Preah Vihear	AFD, ADB	MoWRAM, MAFF	
18	Micro-franchised Agriculture Services Expanded phase 2	MASE 2	Developt	Supporting Agricultural Cooperative on management, organization, agri-business 2) Providing agricultural techniques	Preah Vihear	Australian Government	World Vision, PDAFF, AC	2017- 2022
19	Metkasekar/ISA	Metkasekar/ISA	Developt	Scaling up AE/CA through public- private engagement	Preah Vihear	USAID/SIIL, SDC	Swisscontact, DAE, DALRM, CIRAD, RUA (CE SAIN)	2021- 2024

Siem Reap Province

Nb	Project name	Acronym	Interventio n type	Main crops/activities	Intervention area	Donor	Project Partners	Period
1	Development of Sustainable Agriculture for Smallholders' Farmers in Siem Reap Province in Cambodia (Apici)	APICI	Developt	1) Intensification & divers. of agri prod through enhancing local resources recycling and reducing chemical inputs use; 2) AE transition, 3) setting up of farmers' organizations, 4) Supporting the development of local-farmers-collector business to improve rural and urban linkages; 5) Improving domestic market access for fresh, local and envirol-friendly vegetable in order to respond to local demand in Siem Reap.	Siem Reap	Coop Haute Seine	CIRD, GRET, PDAFF	2010-2021
2	The Tonle Sap Poverty Reduction and Smallholder Development Project (TSSD)	TSSD	Developt	Integrated farming livestock - rice - vegetables, seed production gap practices	Siem Reap	ADB	MAFF, NCDDS, MPTC	?
3	Livelihood Enhancement andAssociation of the Poor Project (LEAP)	LEAP	Developt	1) Helping to establish and develop informal Self-Help Groups (SHGs), Producer Groups, and more formal Agricultural Cooperatives, 2) Providing technical assistance for producers to increase access to assets, skills, technology and markets, 3) Skills training through a voucher scheme, job search and placement assistance for individuals from poor households for new or improved employment, 4) Supporting target communes/sangkats with infrastructure to improve access to water supply and sanitation services, small-scale irrigation, drainage, and roads.	Siem Reap	World Bank	Mol, MAFF, PP Municipality and Siem Reap Provincial Gov	2017-2022
4	Agriculture Services Programme for Innovation, Resilience and Extension (ASPIRE)	ASPIRE	Developt	1) Evidence-based Policy Developt, 2) Capacity Development for Extension Services, 3) Improved Extension Services, and 4) Infrastructure Supporting Climate Resilient Agriculture.	Siem Reap	IFAD	NCDD, MAFF, PDAFF, Private sectors, SNEC, Service providers	2015-2022
5	The Tonle Sap Poverty Reduction and Smallholder Developt Project (TSSD AF)	TSSD	Developt	1) Community driven dev, 2) Enabling environment for increased agricultural productivity and diversification	Siem Reap	ADB, IFAD	MAFF, NCDDS, MPTC	2017-2023

6	Accelerating Inclusive Markets for Smallholders (AIMS)	AIMs	Developt	Value chains dev: vegetables, backyard chicken, rice, cassava and raw silk.	Siem Reap	IFAD	Min. of Comm, PDAFF, private sectors	2017-2023
7	Climate Smart Commercial Horticulture project	C smart	Developt	1) R4D on horticulture: seed, bio agent, bio products, net house, solar, 2) Climate smart horticulture practices: 13 different practices (there is a guide book), 3) Safety / Healthy food, farm, and ecology, 4) Market access: AC and open market	Siem Reap	New Zealand Agency for Intern Dev	PDAFF, PD commerce, Suppliers, AC	2019-2024
8	Cambodia Agricultural Sector Diversification Project (CASDP)	CASDP	Developt	1. Enabling Ag Diversifi., 2. Support Public Infrastr., 3. Improving Ag Info Systems and Quality Control Manat, 4. Project Managt, Coordi, and M&E, 5. Contingent Emergency Resp.	13 target provinces including Siem Reap	World Bank & Royal Govenor Cambodia	PDAFF and NGO (ARD)	2019-2024
9	Center of Excellence on Sustainable Agricultural Intensification and Nutrition (Technology Park)	CESAIN	Research, Education	Research and Education: various R4D activities	Kampong Cham (Bos Khnor), Siem Reap, Battambang, Kampong Thom, Phnom Penh (RUA)	USAID, SIIL	RUA/CE SAIN, US Universities GDA, UBB, CIRAD	2016 – 2020
10	WASP	WASP	Developt	Irrigation	Siem Reap	AFD, ADB	MoWRAM, MAFF	
11	Boosting food production (BFP)	BFP	Developt	Market, techniques, inputs for crops	National, Siem Reap	Governme nt	MAFF/GDA	
12	Agroecological Intensification and Diversification of Families farming in Suburban Siem Reap	IADA II	Developt	Improve and secure living conditions in small family farms by promoting sustainable agriculture that is resilient to climatic and economic risks	Siem Reap	Hauts de Seine le Départeme nt, AFD	Srer Khmer, ADF	2019-2022
13	Child Protection and Advocacy	CP&A	Developt	Support children, the most vulnerable girls and boys	Siem Reap	England	World Vision, CCWC, Parents Support Groups, NGO partners	2020-2022
14	Cambodia Harvest II	Harvest II	Developt	1) Improve capacities for market participation; 2) Improve market linkages; 3) Improve governance and	Siem Reap	USAID	Harvest II, private companies, AC, Union	2019-2023

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				the enabling environment; for rice				
				and horticulture				
15	Inclusive livelihood project		Developt	Support livelihoods of poor farmers through integrated / resilient farming	Siem Reap	Various	Caritas Cambodia	2015-2021
16	Regional Economic Development Programme	GIZ RED IV	Developt	Improve economic and employment situation of disadvantaged rural households in selected provinces of Cambodia	Siem Reap	BMZ, SDC	GIZ, CDC, Provincial governors	2018-2021
17	Improved maternal and child health nutrition in Siem Reap	IMCHN	Developt	Contribute to the reduction of stunting prevalence of children under five	Siem Reap	Plan Internation al	PHD, HURREDO	2018-2022
18	Empowering Agricultural Cooperatives and Civil Society in Siem Reap and Oddar Meanchey Province	EAC	Developt	Increased livelihood of local communities of poor people	Siem Reap	CISU Denmark	READA,CIDO, RCEDO, KBA and CACU, PDAFF, PWoF	2020-2022
19	Empower Women Entrepreneurship for an Active and Collective Trading	(E-WE ACT)	Developt	Improve entrepreneurial knowledge and skills	Siem Reap	Actionaid Cambodia, Pact/USAI D, WeEffect, UNDP, Oxfam	CTO, Union	2019-2022
20	Aquaculture in Cambodia - Sustainability and risk prevention	AquaCAM	Research, Education	Contributes to the strengthening of public policies for the development of sustainable aquaculture in Cambodia	Siem Reap	EU	IRD,FIA, ITC, CIRAD, RUA, Montpellier University	2020-2022
21	Angkor Salad	Angkor Salad	Developt	Provide a geodata based information services of techniques of horticulture	National, Siem Reap	ICCO Corporatio n	WVC, Angkor Green, Nelen & Schuurmans, VanderSat	2018-2021

Kandal Province

Nb	Project name	Acronym	Interventi on type	Main crops/activities	Intervention area	Donor	Project Partners	Period
1	Kandal Palm sugar Organic		Developt	Palm sugar	Kandal		CIRD	Ş
2	Kandal vegetables GAP		Developt	Vegetable, GAP	Kandal		CIRD	?
3	Role of market in promoting AE: A case study on vegetable supply		Research	vegetable, market	Kandal		NAV	?
4	Innovations to Build and Scale Safe Vegetable Value Chains in Cambodia	SVVC	R4D	Vegetable	Kandal		RUA, Uni of California	?
5	Trainer's Manual for Extension Workers Organic Vegetable Production		Education	Vegetable	Kandal		MAAF, PDA Kandal	2012
6	E-Project for Agricultural Development and Economic Empowerment (E-PADEE)	E-PADEE	ICT for Developt	Horticulture	Kampot, Kandal, Prey Veng, Svay Riengand Takeo	Republic of Korea	MAFF/GDA, GISB, SNV, iDE	2013- 2016
7	Agricultural Development and Economic Empowerment	PADEE	Developt	Access to farming techniques and market, Access to financial services through Improved Group Revolving Funds (IGRFs)	Kandal			2012- 2018
8	Cambodia Agricultural Sector Diversification Project (CASDP)	CASDP	Developt	1. Enabling Ag Diversifi., 2. Support Public Infrastr., 3. Improving Ag Info Systems and Quality Control Manat, 4. Project Managt, Coordi, and M&E, 5. Contingent Emergency Resp.	13 target provinces including Kandal	World Bank & Royal Govenor Cambodia	PDAFF and NGO (ARD)	2019- 2024
9	Building Adaptive Capacity Through the Scaling-up of Renewable Energy Technologies in Rural Cambodia (S-RET)	S-RET	Developt	Renewable Energy Technologies (RETs), biogas	Kampot, Kandal, Prey Veng, Svay Rieng and Takeo	GEF and IFAD	PDAFF Kandal and Company	2016- 2020
10	Water Resources Management and Agro-ecological Transition for Cambodia	WAT4CAM	R4D	Rice, crop diversification, Water Management	Battambang, Preah Vihear, Kandal	AFD	MAFF, Niras, GDA/DALRM, CIRAD, CIRD MOWRAM	2020- 2023
11	PGS project of Natural Agriculture Village Shop		Developt	vegetable, market, PGS	Kandal	Harvest II, USAID	NAV	?

12	COSTEA Cambodia - Understanding and Managing the Cambodian Floodplains, the Preks of Kandal Province	Costea Cambodia	R4D	Socio-hydro dynamics	Kandal	AFD	IRD, ITC, RUA, Irrigation Service center	2020- 2022
13	WASP		Developt	Irrigation	Kandal	AFD, ADB	MoWRAM, MAFF	
14	Boosting food production (BFP)	BFP	Developt	Market, techniques, inputs for crops	National, Kandal	Government	MAFF/GDA	
15	Aquaculture in Cambodia - Sustainability and risk prevention	AquaCAM	Research, Education	Contributes to the strengthening of public policies for the development of sustainable aquaculture in Cambodia	Kandal	EU	IRD,FIA, ITC, CIRAD, RUA, Montpellier University	2020- 2022
16	Micro-franchised Agriculture Services Expanded phase 2	MASE 2	Developt	1) Supporting Agricultural Cooperative on management, organization, agri-business 2) Providing agricultural techniques	Kandal	Australian Government	World Vision, PDAFF, AC	2017- 2022

Annex 3: List of the main projects and initiatives identified in the four potential sites in Laos

Luang Prabang Province

Nb	Project name	Acronym	Intervention type	Main crops /activities	Intervention area	Donor	Project Partners	Period
1	The Agrobiodiversity Initiative	ТАВІ	Developt	Agrobiodiversity	Luang Prabang, XKG, Houaphan	SDC	MAF, NAFRI, NIRAS, DALaM, PALaM, PAFOs,DAFOs	2009- 2020
2	Renforcement et extension du secteur du café du Laos	RECoSeL	Developt	Coffee	LPB, Oudomxay, Luang Namtha, Sayabouri, PGY, Houaphan, XKG	AFD	DoA, LCG, PAFOs	2016– 2021
3	Norther Upland Development Program 3rd Phase	NUDP3 (SWAN)	Developt	Watershed protection, PLUP, crop diversification	Phongsaly, Luang Prabang, Houaphan, XKG	AFD	DoI/MAF, DALaM, CIRAD, IRD, PAFOs, WCS, xxx	2021 - 2025
4	Forestry and Agro-Ecology in Lao rural Uplands	FORAE	Developt	PLUP, organic vegetable	Luang Prabang, Viengkham district	AFD	Agrisud international, SAEDA, Etc Terra, PAFO LPG, LWU	
5	Eco-Friendly Intensification and Climate-resilient Agricultural Systems	EFICAS	R4D	PLUP, crop diversification, forage	Luang Prabang (Viengkham, Pakseng)	AFD, EU	CIRAD, DALaM, PAFOs	2014- 2019
6	Renforcement et extension du secteur du café du Laos	RECOSEL 2	Developt & R4D	Coffee, Agroforestry	Luang Prabang, Xieng Khouang	AFD?	DoA, PAFOS, CIRAD, xxx	2021- 2024
7	Nutrition-Sensitive Agriculture	NUSAP	Developt	Food securiry, nutrition	LPB, Luang Namtha, PGY et Houaphan	AFD, EU	MAF, NIRAS, PAFOs	2018 - 2022
8	Third phase of SRI extension	PRO-NET 21 III	Developt	SRI	5 districts in LPG: Nambark, Nan, Xieng ngern, Ngoy and Viengkham	JICA	Pro-net, CUSO-VSO, Saeda, WWF, Adra Japan	2014 - 2020
9	Clean Agriculture Development Project	CADP	Developt	Clean agriculture, market	Vientiane Capital, Luang Prabang, Sayabouri, XKG	JICA	DoA, Clean Agriculture Standerd Center	2017 - 2022

10	Luang Prabang organic market		Developt				TABI, LPG PAFO	
11	Teak-based project		Developt	Agroforestry, Teak	Luang Prabang		NAFRI/MAF	2013- 2019
12	Sacha Inchi project		Developt	AF, Sasha Inchi	Luang Prabang		PAFO LPG, MAF	
13	Saffron Cie		Developt	Organic coffee prod	Luang Prabang			
14	Laos Buffalo Dairy farm		Developt	Integrated livestock systems, buffalo	Luang Prabang		Laos Buffalo Dairy farm	
15	Luang Prabang organic agriculture association	Lpg OAS	Developt	Organic vegetable	_uang Prabang		Luang Prabang organic agriculture association	
16	Lao organic agriculture promotion project	LOAPP	Developt	Organic vegetable	National		Earth net foundation, Mixai Techno Engineering & Consulting Company	
17	Pha Tat Kae Botanical garden		Developt	Biodiversity conservation	Luang Prabang		Pha Tat Kae Botanical garden	
18	Enhancing on-farm incomes through improved silvicultural management of teak and paper mulberry plantations in Luang Prabang Province		Research	Agroforestry, Teak, mulberry	Luang Prabang	ACIAR	UQ, Upland research center, NAFRI	2014
19	The Center for Human Ecology Studies of Highlands Lao Program	CHESH Lao	Research	Ecology, vegetable	Luang Prabang	ICCO	SPERI	2017
20	ASEAN-German Programme on Response to Climate Change	GAP-CC	R4D	Climate smart agriculture	Xaboury, Luang Prabang, Oudomxay	GAP-CC		2015
21	Improved Animal Feed Mill		Developt	Animal feeding	Luang Prabang	Vitafort- AgroAsia	MAF, Dept. Of Livestock and Fish.	2017
22	Climate Smart Agriculture Alternatives for Upland Production Systems in Laos		Developt	Policies and practices for climate-resilient livelihoods and LUP	Luang Prabang, Houaphan	GEF/FAO	MAF, MoNRE	2020 - 2025
23	Northern Smallholder Livestock Commercialization Project		Developt	Livestock sale	LPB, Luang Namtha, XKG, HP	ADB, IFAD	MAF, DoLF	2014 - 2021

24	The Sustainable Rural Infrastructure and Watershed Management Sector Project	SRIWSM	Developt	rural infrastructures, LUP, GAP	Sayabouri, LPB, Houaphan, Oudomxai, Luang Namtha, Bokeo	ADB/EU	MAF, DoPF	2020 - 2027	
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Xieng Khouang Province

Nb	Project name	Acronym	Intervention type	Main crops/activities	Intervention area	Donor	Project Partners	Period
1	Lao Upland Rural Advisory Service	LURAS	Developt	F2F training, market info, certification, residue testing, green extension	Oudomxay, Xieng Khouang	SDC	HELVETAS Laos; DAEC, PAFOs, LFN	2014 - 2021
2	The Agrobiodiversity Initiative	TABI	Developt	Agrobiodiversity	Luang Prabang, XKG, HP	SDC	MAF, NAFRI, NIRAS, DALaM, PAFOs, DAFOs	2009-2020
3	Renforcement et extension du secteur du café du Laos	RECoSeL 1	Developt	Coffee	LPB, Oudom, LN, Saya, HP, XKG, PGY	AFD	DoA, LCG, PAFO Private sector	2016 - 2021
4	Norther Upland Development Program 3rd Phase	NUDP3 (SWAN)	Developt	Watershed protection, PLUP, crop diversification	Phongsaly, Luang Prabang, Houaphan, Xieng Khouang	AFD	DoI/MAF, DALaM, CIRAD, IRD, WCS, PAFOs, xxx	2021 - 2025
5	Eco-friendly Intensification and Climate-resilient Agricultural Systems	EFICAS	R4D	Participatory LU Planning	Northern Laos	AFD, EU	DALaM, CIRAD, PAFO, DAFO	2014 - 2019
6	Fall Army Worm control program	FAW	Developt	FAW control		ASEAN	CIMMYT, PAFO	
7	IPM extension program /FFS	IPM-FFS	Developt	IPM, Rice	Districts: Phaxay, pkhoukut, Khun			
8	Ban Poa Technical Service Center	Poa TSC	R4D	Conservation agriculture, forages, crop diversification, training		AFD, PAFO	PAFO, CIRAD	2005-On going
9	Sustainable agriculture market access development project	SAMADP	Developt	Organic vegetable, SRS	Xieng Khouang		SAEDA, Pek DAFO	2013 - 2015
10	Xieng Khouang organic market		Developt				SAEDA, Pek DAFO	

11	Lao Farmer's products Cie	LFP	Developt	Krao kai noi rice, tea			LFP, ASDSP, Oxfam	
12	Stock take of the use of planted forages by smallholder farmers and identify barriers for wider use of planted forages in Cambodia, Laos and Vietnam		Research	Forage, livestock	Cambodia, Laos, and Vietnam	ACIAR		2019 - 2021
13	National Program in Agroecology	PRONAE	R4D	Maize, upland rice, forages	Sayabouri, Xieng Khouang	AFD	NAFRI, CIRAD	2003 - 2009
14	Sector-based program in Agroecology	PROSA	Developt	Scaling-up strategy	National	AFD	MAF, CIRAD	2007 - 2011
15	Promotion of Organic Farming in Laos	PROFIL	Developt	Organic farming, standards, certification, training	Vientiane Cap, Champasak, Bolikhamxay and XKG	Helvetas, Happel foundation	Helvetas	2004 - 2011
16	Renforcement et extension du secteur du café du Laos 2	RECoSeL 2	Dev and R4D	Coffee Agroforestry	Luang Prabang, Xieng Khouang	AFD	DoA, XXX, CIRAD, PAFOs	2021-2024
17	Clean Agriculture Development Project		Developt	Clean agriculture, market	Vientiane Cap, Luang Prabang, Sayabouri, XKG	JICA	DoA, Clean Agriculture Standerd Center, PAFO, DAFO, DTEAP, DOPLA, private sector, NAFRI, MOIC	2017 - 2022
18	Geographic Indicator Khao Kai Noy rice	GI	Developt	Trade and label	Xieng Khouang and Houaphan	AFD	GRET/ Ministry Sciences and Technology / Local Association	2020-2024
19	Laos Microenterprises		Developt	Market, public-private dialogue	XKG	USAID	ACDI/VOCA	
20	Northern Smallholder Livestock Commercialization Project		Developt	Livestock sale	LPB, Luang Namtha, XKG, Houaphan	ADB, IFAD	MAF, Dol	2014 - 2021?
21	The Strategic Support for Food Security and Nutrition Project (SSFSNP) (2017-2022)	SSFNSP	Developt	Nutrition, farmers groups orga, market, climate-adapted agriculture	Houaphan, Oudomxai, Phongsaly, XKG	IFAD	MAF, Dopf	2017 - 2022
22	Lao-Jagro development Xiengkhouang Company		Developt	Milk, Meat	XKG			> 2017
23	Xieng Khouang Trader Assoc		Developt	Crop and livestock				

24	Chiness Trader	Developt	Maize, job's tear, rice bean, ground nut		> 2018
25	Xieng khouang coffee (Mueang Xieng coffee)	Developt	Coffee		> 2017

Houaphan Province

Nb	Project name	Acronym	Intervention type	Main crops/activities	Intervention area	Donor	Project Partners	Period
1	The Agrobiodiversity Initiative	TABI	Developt	Agrobiodiversity	Luang Prabang, XKG, Houaphan	SDC	MAF, NAFRI, NIRAS, DALaM, PALaM, PAFOs, DAFOs,	2009-2010
2	Bamboo and rattan project	Bamboo project	Developt	Bamboo, rattan, market, value chains	Houaphan	SDC, AFD	GRET, NAFRI, FSRC, BNDA	2017 - 2020
3	Renforcement et extension du secteur du café du Laos	RECoSeL 1	Developt	Coffee	In Xam Tai through Yuni Coffee	AFD, private sector		2016 - 2020
4	Norther Upland Development Program 3rd Phase	NUDP3 (SWAN)	Developt	Watershed protection, PLUP, crop diversification	Phongsaly, Luang Prabang, Houaphan, Xieng Khouang	AFD	DoI/MAF, DALaM, CIRAD, IRD, WCS	2021 - 2025
5	ACIAR maize project	ACIAR maize	R4D	Maize, crop diversification, market	Houaphan	ACIAR	CIRAD, DALaM, UQ	2014 - 2019
6	Huaysorn-Huaysua Agriculture development and service center	HH TSC	Developt					
7	Eco-Friendly Intensification and Climate-resilient Agricultural Systems	EFICAS	R4D	PLUP, crop diversification, forage	Houaphan (Viengxai, Houamuang)	AFD, EU	CIRAD, DALaM, PAFO- DAFOs	2014-2019
8	Implementation of the Lao PDR Emission Reductions Programme through improved governance and sustainable forest landscape mamangment / CLiPAD 2	CLIPAD	Developt	Forest, Land use	6 Provinces including Houaphanh- 7 districts: Houameuang/ Xam Tai/ Viengxay/ Xam Neua/Sopbao/Xon/Hiem	GCF - GiZ	MoNRE/ MAF	2020-2029
9	Climate Smart Agriculture Alternatives for Upland Production Systems in Laos		Developt	Forest, Land use, Agriculture Climat change	2 district in Houaphanh Xam Tai and Xiengkhor	FAO GEF	MONRE MAF	2021-2024

10	Small grants on Bamboo, NTFP and Forest Management	BNDA	Developt	Bamboo, rattan, market, value chains	Sopbao/Viengxay/Xam neua/ Houameuang	NPA: CEGGA / PISCA, French Embassy	BNDA (Local association)	2021
11	Enhancing Nutrition of Upland Farming Families (Phase 2)	ENUFF	Developt	Nutrition/ Family Garden/ WASH	Viengxay and Xiengkhor	SDC	SNV	2021-2025
12	Geographic Indicator Khao Kai Noy rice	GI	Developt	Trade and label	Xieng Khouang and Houaphanh	AFD	GRET/ MoST / Local Association	2020-2024
13	Climate Smart Agriculture Alternatives for Upland Production Systems in Laos		Developt	policies and practices for climate-resilient livelihoods and land- use planning.	Luang Prabang, Houaphan	GEF/FAO	MAF, MoNRE	2020 - 2025
14	Northern Smallholder Livestock Commercialization Project		Developt	Livestock sale	LPB, Luang Namtha, XKG, Houaphan	ADB, IFAD	MAF, Dol	2014 - 2021?
15	The Sustainable Rural Infrastructure and Watershed Management Sector Project	SRIWSM	Developt	rural infrastructures, LUP, GAP	Sayabouri, LPB, Houaphan, Oudomxai, Luang Namtha, Bokeo	ADB/EU	MAF, DoPF	2020 - 2027
16	The Strategic Support for Food Security and Nutrition Project	SSFNSP	Developt	Nutrition, farmers groups organization, market, climate-adapted agriculture	Houaphan, Oudomxai, Phongsaly, XKG	IFAD	MAF, DoPF	2017 - 2022
17	Nutrition-Sensitive Agriculture	NUSAP	Developt	Food securiry, nutrition	LPB, Luang Namtha, Phongsaly et Houaphan	AFD, EU	MAF, NIRAS	2018 - 2022
18	Vietnam and Lao cooperation					VN	PAFO, DAFO, DALAM	

Savannakhet Province

Nb	Project name	Acronym	Intervention type	Main crops/activities	Intervention area	Donor	Project Partners	Period
1	Indochina Development Partners Lao Ltd	IDP	Developt	Rice trading, organic rice, conservation agriculture	Savannakhet, Champassak,			
2	Sustaining and Enhancing the Momentum for Innovation and Learning around the System of Rice Intensification in the Lower Mekong River Basin	SRI-LMB	Developt	SRI	Vientiane capital, Khamouane, Savannakhet		MAF/DAEC, NUOL	2014 - 2021
3	Sustainable agriculture ?		Developt	Agroforestry, SRI	Savannakhet	JICA	JVC	
4	Integrated Pest Management extension program /Farmer Field School	IPM-FFS	Developt	IPM, Rice	Districts: Khaisonphamvihane, Songkhone			
5	Study of farmer experiences and approaches with mechanized dry direct seeding in Savannakhet		Research	Rice, Direct seeding	Savannakhet			2016
6	Organic agriculture promotion	SCOPE	Developt	organic agriculture	Savannakhet		CoDA	
7	Prakaa organic		Developt	organic agriculture	Savannakhet			
8	Organic agriculture promotion		Developt	organic agriculture	Savannakhet	EU	PADETC/PAKKA	
9	Collaboration and Networking to Enhance Education and Nutrition in Laos /Scaling-up Nutrition Sensitive Agriculture	CANTEEN/NSA	Extension, research	Nutrition, agriculture, wash	Savannakhet	EU	NUOL, NAFRI, LAOFH, CODA	
10	Accelerating Healthy Agriculture and Nutrition	AHAN	Extension, research	Nutrition, wash, gender, education	Savannakhet		EU, World vision	
11	CSR school lunch	CSR school lunch	education	education	Savannakhet	USA	CSR	

12	Commercialization of chicken		research		Savannakhet		NAFRI, NUOL, KOPIA	
13	Climate smart Agriculture promotion and Value Chain development	CFAVCSP	R4D	Climate smart Agr, market access	Savannakhet		ABD, DTAEP, IRRI, DOA, PAFO, DOPLA, DALAM, NAFRI,	2018-2024
14	Goats production and export to Vietnam	GPFML	R4D	Produce, improve value chain	Savannakhet		ACIAR, Savannakhet Uni, NAFRI	
15	Agro vegetable farmer network		Developt	establish farmer network	Savannakhet		DOA, PAFO, DAFO	
16	Good Agricultural Practices promotion	GAP	Developt	Good rice cultivating			DOA	
17	Agro complement project		Developt	extension, rice trading			WB, MAF, DOA	
18	Dried rice						Farmer	
19	Upland rice, industrail and crop tree(cassva, banana, acacia, ucalyptus)							
20	Low land rice, sugar cane, livestock				Savannakhet			
21	CAWA		Clean Agriculture,		Savannakhet	FAO	PAFO	
22	Agriculture Infastructure Sector Project	AISP	Irrigation improvemt, and construction, water managt		Savannakhet	ADB	PAFO, Irrigation Department	2013-2022
23	Organic agriculture		Clean Agriculture		Savannakhet	ILO		2019-2020

Annex 4: List of the main projects and initiatives identified in the three potential sites in Vietnam

Sơn La Province

N°	Project full name	Acronym	Main topic / objective	Main crop / livestock/ Ag. product	Implementing institution(s)	Project Partner(s)	Funding agency(ies)	Period
1	Vegetable Sector Development		Value chain development	Vegetable	GREAT	Van Ho PC, DARD, Greenfarm, FSI, FAVRI, NOMAFSI	AusAid	2019 - ?
2	Improving livelihoods in Myanmar and Vietnam through vegetable value chains	Vegetable project	Alternative to pesticide use, Value chain development	Vegetable	APR	CIRAD , DARD, FSI, NOMAFSI, YAU CASRAD, UQ, SU,	ACIAR	2017 - 2021
3	Sustainable cassava disease solutions in Southeast Asia	Cassava disease	Disease management	Cassava	CIAT	UQ, AGI, PPRI, NAFRI, TTDI, CATAS, KU, WASI	ACIAR CGIAR	2019 - 2023
4	Developing and Promoting Market- based Agroforestry and Forest Rehabilitation Options for NW Vietnam	AFLI-II	Agroforestry development, Value Chain development		ICRAF	SCU, DARD, FRI, NOMAFSI, TBU, VAFS	ACIAR	2017 - 2021
5	Improving maize-based farming systems on sloping lands in Vietnam and Lao PDR	Maize project	Sloping land agricultural systems improvement	Maize	UQ	MARD, NOMAFSI, SFRI, TBU, CIAT, CIRAD, NUOL	ACIAR CRP Livestock Program	2017 - 2020
6	Sustainable livelihoods and climate resilience through Climate Smart Agriculture (CSA) and Agroforestry (AF) best practices in the North-western Mountainous Region of VN	FAO CSA AF	Climate smart agri, Agroforestry development		FAO	NOMAFSI		2019 - 2021
7	Tea Sector Development		Alternative to pesticide use, value chain development	Теа	GREAT	Sơn La PC, Vinatea Moc Chau, Chieng Di Tea Co.	AusAid	2019 - ?
8	Food systems engagement?				CIAT		CGIAR A4NH program	
9	Project on Support for Farmers' Income Improvement through the		Integrated agriculture development		JICA	????		

	Revitalization of Integrated Agriculture in Hilly Areas							
10	Strengthening the Voice and Capacity of Vulnerable Ethnic Minority Farmers in Climate Resilience in Northwest Vietnam	VOF	Sustainable natural ressources managt, Ethnic minorities		ADDA	PanNature, FU, VNFU, TBU	CISU	2019 - 2021
11	Strengthening leadership, coordination and economic development of the temperate fruit industry in northern Vietnam	Temperate project	Value chain development	Temperate fruits	UQ	FAVRI, NOMAFSI, VAAS	ACIAR	2019 - 2021
12	Breeding Coffee for Agroforestry Systems	BREEDCAFS	Agroforestry development, Plant material selection	Coffee	CIRAD	NOMAFSI, AGI, VAAS, SNV, UoC, Illy Café	H2020	2017 - 2021
13	Livestock-led interventions towards equitable livelihoods and improved environment in the North-West Highlands of Vietnam	Li Chan	Livestock systems improvement	Cattle	CIAT ILRI	SLU, NIAS, NIVR, NOMAFSI, DARD	CGIAR	2019 - 2021
14	Agro-biodiversity conservation and development for poor communities in response to climate change - Son La province		Sustainable natural resources managt, climate smart agricult, Poor communities		SRD		Bread for the World, Manos Unidas	2018 - 2021
15	Technologically Enhanced Agricultural Livelihoods	TEAL	Post harvest processing improvement	Coffee	CARE	Điện Biên CCD, DARD, Private coffee Co.	Aus-DFAT	2017 - 2021
16	Integrated vegetable seed systems development – Vietnam	Seed	Improvement of farmers access to plant material	Vegetable	CIAT	Biodiv Intern., FAVRI, WUn, Vinaseed, Tan Loc Phat, VFU	CGIAR A4NH program	2019 - 2022
17	Scaling Up of Biotrade Initiatives Within Phyto-Pharmaceutical Sector in Vietnam	BioTrade EU Project	Sustainable natural ressources management	Pharmaceutical plants	HELVETAS CRED	Vietnamese SMEs, Cooperatives, sector assoc, local gov.	European Commission	2016 - 2020

18	The cooling chain for vegetables from Sơn La province to urban markets		Post harvest processing improvement	Vegetable	AHR FSI			
19	Market based approaches to improving the safety of pork in Vietnam	Safe Pork	Food safety improvement	Pork	ILRI	HUPH, VNUA, NIAS	ACIAR, CGIAR A4NH prog	2017 - 2022
20	Scaling Landscape Options through Provincial Engagement	SLOPE	Agroforestry development		ICRAF	DARD PAEC	CIFOR ICRAF	2020 - 2021
21	Agricultural product value chain development through geographic indication and certification	IG	Value chain develop, GI, Agricultural product certification	Mango, Plum, Coffee	IPSARD - RUDEC	DARD	DARD	
22	Son La Vietnamses governement vegetable chain mark certification		Agricultural product certification	Vegetable		CASRAD		2019 - 2021
23	Economic empowerment for ethnic minority women through developing a clean bamboo shoot value chain in Van Ho district, Son La province	Bamboo	Value chain development	Bamboo	CRED	GREAT	AusAid	2019 - ?
24	Biomass valorization?	Biomass	Improvement of biomass use		VAAS		JICA	
25	Sơn La Province masterplan for fruit development		Fruit industry development	Fruits				
26	Safe vegetable center			Vegetable			JICA	2021 -
27	Beef Province	Beef province	Livestock systems improvement	Cattle			Vietnam Gov	
28	Rice extension project			Rice		NOMAFSI		
29	Zero hunger project		NSA model for poor communities					
30	Passion Fruit		Value chain development	Passion fruit	GREAT	Nafoods, NOMAFSI, Loi Tuoi Ag. Service Coop.	AusAid	2019 - ?
31	Community-based Tourism		Community-based Tourism		GREAT	Sơn La's PC	AusAid	2019 - ?

	Developing value-chain linkages to		Value chain				l
	enhance the adoption of profitable	Cassava	development,	Cassava		2016 2020	l
32	and sustainable cassava production	Cassava	Sustainable production	Cassava		2016 - 2020	l
	systems in Vietnam and Indonesia		systems development				l

Điện Biên Province

N°	Project name	Acronym	Main topic / objective	Main crop /Ag. product	Implementing institution(s)	Project Partner(s)	Funding agency(ies)	Period
1	Breeding Coffee for Agroforestry Systems	BREEDCAFS	Agroforestry developt, Plant material selection	Coffee	CIRAD	NOMAFSI, AGI VAAS, SNV UoC, Illy Café	H2020	2017 - 2021
2	Sticky rice	Sticky rice		Rice	DARD		Province	
3	Developing and Promoting Market-based Agroforestry and Forest Rehabilitation Options for Northwest Vietnam	AFLI-II	Agroforestry developt, Value Chain development, Sustainable NRM		ICRAF	SCU, DARD SFRI, NOMAFSI VAFS	ACIAR	2017 - 2021
4	Intensification of beef cattle production in upland cropping systems in Northwest Vietnam	BEEFCATTLE II	Livestock systems improvement	Cattle	UoT	CIRAD, NIAS HUA, TNUAF TBU, DARD, UQ	ACIAR	2017 - 2022
5	Shan tea Production		Shan tea processing and tracability	Tea	Private Cie	DARD		
6	Food and nutrition						FAO	
7	Macademia Project		Public and private intervention, Macadamia production, certification	Macademia	Private Cie			2015
8	Rice microproject		Alternative use of chemical and pesticides Use of lime	Rice	Anch Chi Em	DARD Dien Bien district	EdM	2019-
9	Weaving microproject	Weaving project	Organic cotton production Traditional dying technics Marketing skills and value chain linkages	Cotton	Anch Chi Em	Trend Ethics	EdM	2019
10	Red worm compost microproject		Vermicomposting development and animal waste transformation and spreading for the 2 nd phase	Worm compost	Anch Chi Em	Agricultural extension	EdM	2019- 2021

						service, People Committee		
11	Microfinance		Production of Maize silage Loans for animals (chickens, pigs), for crops (coffee, industrial crops, Cana) or input	Animal, crops and input	Anch Chi Em	Women union, farmer union, Agricultural extension center	Edm	2019 -
12	Scaling Landscape Options through Provincial Engagement	SLOPE	Agroforestry development		ICRAF	DARD PAEC	CIFOR- ICRAF	2020 - 2021
13	Information for adaptation in Vietnam	InfoAct	Improvement of farmers access to climate information, Risk insurance		CARE	CCD Lai Chau DARD Lai Chau WU	BMZ	2018 - 2021
14	Technologically Enhanced Agricultural Livelihoods	TEAL	Post harvest processing improvement	Coffee	CARE	Điện Biên CCD Sơn La DARD Coffee Cies	Aus-DFAT	2017 - 2021
15	Master plan for restoring agricultural sector	ARP				Gov Vietnam		> 2015

Central Highlands region

N°	Project name	Acronym	Main topic / objective	Main crop / livestock/ Ag. product	Implementing institution(s)	Project Partner(s)	Funding agency(ies)	Intervention area	Period
1	Off-Farm: Strategic review and planning for enhancing the livelihoods of coffee and pepper smallholders in the Central Highlands of Vietnam through improving stakeholders' participation in agribusiness led value chains.	SRA value chain	Strategic planning value chain	Coffee Pepper	ICRAF	UoS WASI	ACIAR	Gia Lai, Dak Nong Dak Lak	2019 - 2020
2	Coffee and pepper on-farm constraints in the Central Highlands of Vietnam	SRA production system	Constraints assessment	Coffee Pepper	CIAT	WASI		Gia Lai Dak Nong Dak Lak	2019 - 2020
3	GCP Progress Tool		Decision-making tools development	Coffee	Global Coffee Plateform	VCCBDCP		Lam Dong Dak Lak	
4	Coffee Program	IDH Coffee	Strategic planning value chain	Coffee	IDH		Simexco; ACOM; VNSAT	Lam Dong Dak Lak	
5	Landscape Program	IDH Landscape			IDH	MARD District PC	JDE, L. Dreyfus and ACOM	Lam Dong Dak Lak	
6	Vietnam Sustainable Agriculture Transformation Project	VNSAT	Sustainable agricultural systems		MARD		Worl Bank	Gia Lai Dak Nong Dak Lak Kon Tum	
7	Forages - taking stock and identifying research needs	Forages	Forage development	Forages	UQ		ACIAR	Dak Lak	2019 - 2020
8	Sustainable cassava disease solutions in Southeast Asia	Cassava disease	Disease management	Cassava	CIAT	UQ, AGI, KU, PPRI, NAFRI, TTDI, CATAS, WASI	ACIAR CGIAR	Sơn La Dak Lak	2019 - 2023

9	Scaling Up of Biotrade Initiatives Within Phyto-Pharmaceutical Sector in Vietnam	BioTrade EU Project	Sustainable natural resources management	Pharmaceutical plants	HELVETAS CRED	SMEs, Coop sector assoc local gov.	European Commission	29 provinces	2016 - 2020
10	Coffee Agroforestry and Forest Enhancement for REDD+	Cafe REDD	Agroforestry Plantation dev REDD+	Coffee	SNV	Lam Dong DARD and PC	BMU	Lam Dong	2018 - 2021
11	Climate policy hub project		Climate change adaptation and mitigation				UNDP	Lam Dong Dak Lak	
12	Breeding Coffee for Agroforestry Systems	BREEDCAFS	Agroforestry dev, Plant material selection	Coffee	CIRAD	Cooperation through ACOM		Lam Dong	
13	Local value chains		Value chain dev		CASRAD		IFAD	Gia Lai, Dak Nong	
14	National certification trademark							Lam Dong Dak Lak	
15	Public-Private Partnership on High Tech Agriculture			Vegetable, Flowers, fruits	White revolution?			Lam Dong	
16	Climate change and Agroforestry	Maybe 12?			ICRAF				
17	Macadamia-Pepper development			Macadamia Pepper	MARD				
18	Ecoffee		Certification	Coffee	CIRAD			Gia Lai, Dak Nong, Dak Lak, Lam Dong	2020
19	Cassava disease			Cassava	VAAS		JICA		
20	Sustainable Robusta coffee and black pepper project in the Central Highlands	Coffee Pepper	Sustainable agricultural systems	Coffee Pepper	ICRAF	WASI CIAT IPSARD	ACIAR; Nestlé, JDE, and McCormick	Gia Lai, Dak Nong Dak Lak	2021 - 2025
21	Collective Action Initiatives		Collective actions	Coffee	Global Coffee Plateform	CDC VCCB DPP	IDH; JDE, Nestlé, Tchibo and Lavazza	Lam Dong Dak Lak	June 2020

Annex 5: Criteria, sub-criteria, and scoring options for cross-sites comparison

Criteria	Scoring options	Max. Score	Comments
1. Site relevance		9	
• Flagship #1: Agricultural systems connected to markets: Feeding booming cities through short, safe and fair food circuits	 Not relevant. Agricultural systems are little to not connected to urban markets Little relevant. Agricultural systems are connected to cities but volumes of Ag products or issues related to food circuits are not at stake. Relevant. Agricultural systems are connected to urban markets. Issues related to food circuits (volumes/stability/short/safe/ fair) are raising but not locally perceived as a high-ranking priority. Highly relevant. Agricultural systems are connected to booming cities. Issues related to food circuits are important and 	3	
• Flagship #2: Rice-based systems in lowlands: Sustaining rice production as the cornerstone of food and farming systems	locally set as high-ranking priority in development strategies O. Not relevant. Little to no lowland areas 1. Little relevant. Some lowland paddy rice production but limited areas or limited issues related to rice production sustainability. 2. Relevant. Lowland paddy rice is a major production system (area, production, nb of producers). Issues related to rice production sustainability (quantity/stability/quality) are raising but not locally perceived as a high-ranking priority. 3. Highly relevant. Lowland paddy rice is a major production system. Issues related to rice production sustainability are important and locally set as high-ranking priority in development strategy.	3	
• Flagship #3: Crop- livestock-forest in rainfed uplands: Preserving uplands from social and environmental degradations	 Not relevant. Little to no rainfed uplands and/or forest areas Little relevant. Some rainfed areas and crop-livestock-forest interactions but limited areas or limited issues related to uplands degradations. Relevant. Rainfed areas and crop-livestock-forest interactions are important (area, population). Issues related to Uplands degradations are important or raising but not locally perceived as a priority. Highly relevant. Rainfed areas and crop-livestock-forest interactions are important. Issues related to Uplands degradations are important and locally set as a high-ranking priority in development strategy. 	3	

2. Opportunity for change	and impact	15	
• Limits from current agricultural and food systems are clearly perceived and acknowledged by local stakeholders	 0. Limits are perceived by producers or local decision makers but not by both. 1. Limits are perceived and acknowledged by producers and local decision makers but solutions and/or levers are not yet identified 2. Limits are perceived and acknowledged by local stakeholders, solutions and/or levers are identified but not yet mentioned in local rural and agricultural development plans 3. Limits are perceived and acknowledged by local stakeholders, solutions and/or levers are identified and mentioned in local rural and agricultural development plans, with set objectives and related strategy 	3	A score of 0 is eliminatory
Opportunities, constraints, and potential levers for change are identified (1) Local authorities	O. Limited interest of local authorities for the project and project objectives 1. Some interest but no resources identified to support the project implementation 2. Local authorities are interested and plan to allocate both human and financial/logistic resources for the project 3. Local authorities are interested and plan to allocate human resources for the project	3	A score of 0 is eliminator
• Opportunities, constraints, and potential levers for change are identified (2) - Producers	 0. Limited interest from farmers for proposed AE and SFS innovations 1. Some farmers interested but implementation of AE systems rely on external support (project) 2. More farmers interested. Some of them are implementing AE systems without external support 3. Many farmers interested in the same location (village/village cluster/district). Farmers are organized to support the AE and SFS development process (cooperative, association, committee) 	3	A score of 0 is eliminator
Opportunities, constraints, and potential levers for change are identified (3) Other market system actors	O. Beyond producers, no off-takers (e.g. traders, processors, service providers, wholesaler, retailer, consumers) 1. Some off-takers but passive 2. More off-takers, including active ones 3. Many off-takers, including active ones. Existing (or underconstruction) local platform supporting increased linkages between market systems actors	3	
Opportunities, constraints, and potential levers for change are identified (4) - Market innovation	 0. Limited possibilities of market diversification, market extension, complementary products development and placement 1. Some possibilities but little explored yet 2. Possibilities under exploration (existing feasability studies) up to pilot testing 3. Market innovations are existing. New and/or complementary products are already placed. Actions are taken to gain in visibility. 	3	

3. On-going innovations a	nd dynamics related to AE and SFS	9	A score <3 is eliminatory
• Technical innovations: AE practices (AF, OA, CA, IF, AECP etc.), on-farm and on-station experiments, post-harvest processing, waste management, bio-products, appropriate-scale mechanization etc.	O. No initiatives/projects working on technical innovations 1. Existing technical innovations but not aligned/relevant regarding flagship main targeted challenges 2. Existing technical innovations that are relevant with flagship challenges but the level of adoption/adaptation by farmers is low 3. Existing relevant technical innovations that are applied and visible in outstanding sites	3	
Organizational innovations: Participatory land use planning, farmers access to market and services, farmers interactions with consumers, private and public actors, quality management, etc.	 No initiatives/projects working on organizational innovations Existing organizational innovations but not aligned/relevant regarding flagship main targeted challenges Existing organizational innovations that are relevant with flagship challenges but the level of institutionalization and/or autonomy of the organizations and platform that emerged is still low, fragile, and highly dependent on external/project support Existing relevant organizational innovations. The organizations and/or platforms are operational and autonomous (or have a strategy towards autonomy) 	3	
• Institutional innovations: access to inputs (seeds, bio products, machinery), labelling/signaling of AE products (branding, certification, marketing), sensitization campaigns, local entrepreneurship, policy dialogue mechanism, Incentives etc.	O. No initiatives/projects working on institutional innovations 1. Existing institutional innovations but not aligned/relevant regarding flagship main targeted challenges 2. Existing institutional innovations that are relevant with flagship challenges but that are still on-going and highly dependent on external/project support 3. Existing relevant institutional innovations that led to the definition of new policies and/or support mechanisms. Supports for the enforcement/application of these policies are set or planned	3	
4. Opportunity for partner	rship	6	
Number and diversity of potential partnerships	Local decision makers, farmers, and research institutions are the main partners The partnership could involve other stakeholders but who have little leverage power on the transition process The partnership could involve other stakeholders with potentially high leverage power (e.g. consumers groups, private company)	3	
Flagship accessibility	O. The flagship is at more than 8 hours driving distance from national capital and cannot be reached by air transportation The flagship is at more than 8 hours driving distance from national capital but can be reached by air transportation The flagship is at more than 4 hours but less than 8 hours driving distance from national capital The flagship is at less than 4 hours driving distance from national capital	3	

5. Opportunity for co-fund	ding	3	
,	0. The opportunities for co-funding of field activities are limited		
Opportunity for cofunding Local expertise and cha Local technician, farmer, decision-maker,	to nul 1. Other initiatives would agree to contribute to the funding of joint-activities (e.g. training, workshops, exchange platform etc.) 2. Other initiatives would agree to support the funding of outscaling activities but below a maximum total contribution of 50,000 eur/year 3. Other initiatives would agree to support the funding of outscaling activities beyond a contribution of 50,000 eur/year mpions 0. Little to no local experts to support the transition process 1. Some local experts/champions but not available or interested to support the transition process	3	
service provider etc. that	2. Some local experts/champions interested and mobilizable but	3	A score of 0
can be mobilized to support the transition process	having limited recognition/leverage power 3. Some local experts/champions interested and mobilizable, having strong experience in exchanging with other stakeholders and benefiting from a good recognition/reputation at local level		is eliminator
7. Existing data and knowledge		18	
Current land cover and land use (LULC), LULC changes and land use trajectories	0. Data not existing or available1. Data existing, available but partial and/or fragmented2. Data existing, available; recent and comprehensive review of the situation	2	
• Local food systems*	0. Data not existing or available1. Data existing, available but partial and/or fragmented2. Data existing, available; recent and comprehensive review of the situation	2	
Local livelihoods and livelihood development strategies	0. Data not existing or available1. Data existing, available but partial and/or fragmented2. Data existing, available; recent and comprehensive review of the situation	2	
Situation of youth, women, and ethnic minorities	0. Data not existing or available1. Data existing, available but partial and/or fragmented2. Data existing, available; recent and comprehensive review of the situation	2	
Local policies and rural development strategies	0. Data not existing or available1. Data existing, available but partial and/or fragmented2. Data existing, available; recent and comprehensive review of the situation	2	
Agricultural extension facilities and strategy	0. Data not existing or available1. Data existing, available but partial and/or fragmented2. Data existing, available; recent and comprehensive review of the situation	2	
Actors and investment in the agribusiness sector	0. Data not existing or available1. Data existing, available but partial and/or fragmented2. Data existing, available; recent and comprehensive review of the situation	2	

Performance and impact of conventional agricultural systems	0. Data not existing or available1. Data existing, available but partial and/or fragmented2. Data existing, available; recent and comprehensive review of the situation	2	
Performance and impact of innovative AE and SF systems	0. Data not existing or available1. Data existing, available but partial and/or fragmented2. Data existing, available; recent and comprehensive review of the situation	2	
8. Number of potential		3	
beneficiaries		•	
Number of potential	1. <500 ha and/or 500 smallholders		
beneficiaries (within the	2. From 500 to 2,000 ha and/or smallholders	3	
flagship)	3. > 2000 ha and/or 2000 smallholders		

^{*} Data on local food systems: nb cooperatives and distribution per type of products + functions of the cooperatives (input provision and services, marketing, quality management); nb local food markets; nb and type of retail actors; food processing plants and distribution per products, slaughterhouses; quality and food safety standards and labelling; self-consumption, proportion of local consumption versus export to other provinces and abroad; nutritional data; data on circular economy (waste management, etc.); specific local food policies; and reports on food systems = Interest in knowing if exist reports with an integrated vision on food systems (beyond value chains: inclusive of waste management; considering systemically not only production, storage, retail, etc. and consumption/ nutrition aspects (access to food, quality, convenience, dietary requirements, etc.) = considering different types of reports from donors and development practitioners, policy reports.

Criteria	Nb sub-criteria	Max. Score
1. Site relevance	3	9
2. Opportunity for change and impact	5	15
3. On-going AE and SFS innovations and dynamics	3	9
4. Opportunity for partnership	2	6
5. Opportunity for co-funding	1	3
6. Local expertise and champions	1	3
7. Existing data and knowledge	10	20
8. Number of potential beneficiaries	1	3
Total	26	70

Annex 6: Weighting options for sites note attribution and cross-site comparison

Criteria	Coefficient weighting	Site #1	Site #2	Site #3	Site #4
1. Site relevance	1	0,67	0,56	0,56	0,56
2. Opportunity for change and impact	5	3,00	3,00	2,33	3,00
3. On-going AE and SFS innovations and dynamics	4	2,67	2,67	2,22	2,22
4. Opportunity for partnership	1	0,83	0,83	0,83	0,83
5. Opportunity for co-funding	2	0,67	1,33	0,67	0,00
6. Local expertise and champions	3	2,00	3,00	2,00	2,00
7. Existing data and knowledge	3	1,50	1,67	1,83	1,83
8. Number of potential beneficiaries	1	0,67	1,00	0,67	0,67
TOTAL	20	12,0	14,1	11,1	11,1

(example of weighting and note attribution for a fictive set of 4 sites)

- More weight is given to criteria #2 and #3 (and #6 and #7 in a lesser extend)
- Note is obtained as follow: "score criteria (in % of maximum score)" x "Coeff weighting"
- Final site note against 20

Annex 7: List of the experts involved in scoping studies in Cambodia, Laos and Vietnam

Experts involved in scoping studies in Cambodia

Full name	Institution	Profile
1 Mr. AING Kimseang	Gret	Agro-economist
2 Mr. EM Chomreun	Gret	Agronomist
3 Mr. PHEART Phy	Gret	Agronomist
4 Mr. SAVUN SamOl	Eclosio	Agronomist
5 Mrs. Erica WU	Swisscontact	Socio-economist
6 Mr. MA Sokheng	Louvain Cooperation	Agronomist
7 Mrs. MAK Sovannaret	Swisscontact	Socio-economist
8 Mr. PHY Chhin	DALRM/GDA	Agronomist/GIS specialist
9 Mr. KEP Poch	DALRM/GDA	Agronomist
10 Mr. CHAN Ratboren	ITC	Geographer/GIS specialist
11 Mr. LAY Sovannmony	ITC	Geographer/GIS specialist
12 Mr. KIT Dara	ITC	Geographer/GIS specialist
13 Mrs. HOUNG Peany	ITC	Socio-economist
14 Mrs. KHOEURN Kimleang	ITC	Socio-economist
15 Mrs. SUONG Malyna	ITC	Socio-economist
16 Mr. KONG Rada	CIRAD/DALRM	Agro-economist/Agronomist

Experts involved in scoping studies in Vietnam

	A10					
N°	Full	Name	Profile	Organization		
1	Mrs	Le Thi Thanh Huyen	Agro economist Livestock specialist	NIAS		
2	Mrs	Dinh Khanh Thuy	Livestock specialist	NIAS		
3	Mr	Hàn Anh Tuấn	Livestock specialist	NIAS		
4	Mr	Trong Hieu Do	Agronomist	NOMAFSI		
5	Mr	Le Khai Hoan	Agronomist	NOMAFSI		
6	Mr	Pham Cong Nghiep	Socio-economist	CASRAD		
7	Mrs	Pham Thi Hanh Tho	Socio-economist	CASRAD		
8	Mr	Hoang Minh Huy	Policy specialist	IPSARD		
9	Mr	Hoang Thanh Tung	Policy specialist	VAAS		
10	Mrs	Nguyen Ngoc Mai	GIS specialist	AGI		
11	Mrs	Estelle Bienabe	Economist	CIRAD		
12	Mr	Pascal Lienhard	Agronomist	CIRAD		
13	Mrs	Mélanie Blanchard	Livestock specialist	CIRAD		

Experts involved in scoping studies in Laos

No.	Name	Profile	Organization
1	Mr. Phetsakhone SOULIYALATH	GIS specialist	DALAM
2	Mr. Soulikone CHAIVANNA	Agronomist	DALAM
3	Mr. Chanthavone PHONEKHAMPHENG	Agronomist	DALAM
4	Ms. Phavanh Xaylichanh	GIS specialist	DALAM
5	Mr. Sayvisene Boulom	Socio-Economist	NUoL
6	Mrs. Maiyer Xiong	Socio-Economist	NUoL
7	Mr. Fue Yang	Agro-Economist	NUoL
8	Mr. Sian Phommaluesa	Agro-Economist	NUoL
9	Mr. Souliyoun Viengkhamsone	Socio-Economist	NUoL
10	Ms. Kangbao Xaytouthor	Agro-Economist	NUoL
11	Mr. Yethao Yiavang	Socio-Economist	NUoL
12	Mrs. Hongnapha Phommabouth	Agronomist	GCDA/ALISEA
13	Ms. Chansome Khounsombath	Policy and institutions	DOPLA
14	Mr. Somsamai Vongthilard	Policy and institutions	DOPLA
15	Mr. Vongpaphane Manivong	Policy and institutions	DOPLA
16	Ms. Phonevilay Sinavong	Agro-Economist	NAFRI
17	Ms Manivanh Phimmachanhvongsod	Agro-Economist	NAFRI
18	Dr Bounma Phengphachanh	Agro-Economist	NAFRI
19	Ms Thongsavanh Norlakham	Socio-Economist	NAFRI
20	Mr. Hoa Tran Quoc	Agronomist	CIRAD
21	Mr. Stephane Guéneau	Economist	CIRAD
22	Mrs Lucie Reynaud	Agronomist	GRET
23	Mrs. Manivanh Aliyavong	Socio-Economist	GRET

Annex 8: Main dynamics related to Agroecology and safe food systems in the four potential sites in Cambodia

No.	Battambang	Preah Vihear	Siem Reap	Kandal			
Similari	Similarities across sites - National program: Aspire, AIMS, CASDP						
1	Promoting safety vegetables production: High technology: net house, irrigation, solar, quality seed, fertilizers, pesticides GAP standard practices 						
	AE practicesPrivate net housesFruit vegetables	Fruit vegetables	AE practicesHigh value vegetables e.g. melon	All types of vegetables			
2	Promoting climate smart practices and o Subsidizing inputs / tools: bre o Providing farming / raising ted	ed (chick, fingering, frog), seed, fertilizer	s, net house, solar, pond/well				
	Larger scope / diversified	Diversified	Diversified	Less diversified			
3	Supporting agri-business, market accessory of Creating AC, Union, Association Facilitating business plan, con		е				
3	Rice SRPRice seed (QDS)GAP vegetables	 Organic rice, cassava, cashew, peanut Milling rice, cashew kernel 	Melon, rice SRPGAP/PGS vegetablesProcessing of AC /Ass.	GAP/PGS vegetablesQuality control center			
Site spec	cific dynamics						
4				Good governance of water sharing and quality control			
5	New extension model "MetKasekor" (ISA)	New extension model "MetKasekor" (ISA)		Renewable energy			
6		Organic farming + wildlife/forest conservation					

Annex 9: Main dynamics related to Agroecology and safe food systems in the four potential sites in Laos

	Xieng Khouang	Houaphanh	Luang Prabang	Savannakhet
Technical innovations related to AE				
Organic agriculture (vegetables)	++	+	++	+
Conservation agriculture	+	0	+/0	0
Agroforestry	+	0	+	0
Agro-biodiversity	++	+	++	0
Integrated management livestock/crop	++	+	+	0
Institutional and organizational innovations related to "safe food" value chain development				
Standard quality and certification	++	+	+	+/0
Organic market	+	0	+	+/0
Producers association development	++	+	++	+

Annex 10: Main dynamics related to Agroecology and safe food systems in the two north western sites in Vietnam

About similar development strategy and trajectory

Development strategy	Sơn La Province	Điện Biên Province
 Support to fruit and industrial crop sectors development Subsidized seeds/seedlings & fertilizers Farmers capacity building 	 Fruit: > 2015; about 60,000 ha; +40,000 ha in 5 years Coffee, Tea 	 Fruit: > 2018; about 5,000 ha; +4,000 ha in 3 years Coffee, Macadamia
 Support to Value-chains development Farmers organization (cooperatives) Products certification and visibility Local processing of products 	 Fruits, vegetable, coffee, tea, livestock (pork, cattle) Many coop., some autonomous and fully operational VietGap, GlobalGap, Organic Many Cies for fruit and industrial crop processing 	 Rice, NTPs (honey, medicinal plants), dried meat Many coop., more recent process, some motiv. leaders OCOP, Provincial recognition, Limited number of processing Cies; small-size
Support to livestock development Low interest credits for animals Technical models development & capacity building Vaccination campaigns	 Animal raised in stall model ~ 7,000 ha of elephant grass and maize for silage production Local Cie organic fertilizer FMD, Bovine pasteurellosis 	 Animal raised in stall model ~ 800 ha of elephant grass and maize for silage production FMD, Bovine pasteurellosis
4. Support to agro-tourism development Local history Landscape beauty Local products	 Fruit trees blooming, Tea landscape Tea, milk, honey, vegetable, strawberries, meat 	 DB Museum Waterfalls Honey, NTFPs, meat and livestock products
5. Some R4D results but no clear objectives/strategies to fight against land degradation in cultivated sloping areas	 150,000 ha of maize & cassava Experience on Agroforestry, forage grass strips, intercrop. 	 60,000 ha of up. rice & maize Experience on Agroforestry, forage grass strips, intercrop.

Annex 11: Comparison of advantages and drawbacks between the four potential sites in Cambodia

Battambang	Preah Vihear	Siem Reap	Kandal
Advantages:			
 Diversity of land uses from upland to flooded forest Existing a large range and strong experience of innovations e.g. CA/SI projects Many projects / programs and stakeholders (University, NGOs, government projects, AC union, AC etc)-> cofounding 	 Geographical arrangement and conservative mindset potentially for organic farming Existing organic value chain and strong collaboration/support among stakeholders Strong capacity of AC and Union for collective work, business 	 High demand of safe vegetables for tourism Long experience and expert team on AE Strong local companies and network of entrepreneurs 	 Large area of vegetables and good access to water and market Existing strong actor network for GAP vegetables Easy access from Phnom Penh
Drawbacks:			
 Strong mindset on agrochemical-based intensification Well-established businesses and network of agrochemical input suppliers 	 Difficult access to the fields esp. during rainy periods Limited existing knowledge esp. for non-rice crops and experts in AE 	 Lack or absence of innovations and interventions for uplands Limited arable land due to historic sites and urbanization 	 Fast urbanization Existing culture of high uses of agrochemicals and focus solely on vegetables

Annex 12: Comparison of advantages and drawbacks between the four potential sites in Laos

	Advantages	Disadvantages
XiengKhouang	 High number of AE (OA, IPM, CA, crop-livestock) and SFS initiatives Champions farmers (livestock, vegetable) & qualified extension officers AE market access to Phonsavan, VTE and LPG 	 Lack of synergy between organizations & projects Projects driven > limited dissemination and scaling up Potential diversification but limited market
Houaphan	 Few dynamism and interest of farmers groups Some AE initiatives (diversification, integrated system croplivestock) 	 Remote area, limited infrastructures Lack of communication between projects and local administration Lack of awareness and experience on AE & SFS: PAFO, DAFO
Luang Prabang	 High number of AE (OA, IPM, AF, crop-livestock) and SFS initiatives Champions farmers interested Market innovations (interactions with consumers, certification) 	 No or lack of synergy between organizations and projects Evolution towards large scale agriculture with foreign capital Small-scale agricultural land (difficult to scale up) Context specific with agro-tourism
Savannaket	 Potential number of beneficiaries and large agricultural land Representatives at national level Private sector engaged in the territory 	 Very limited initiatives on AE and SFS Farmers labor shortage Low awareness on AE and SFS: farmers, PAFO, DAFO, private sector Lack of synergy between organizations and projects

Annex 13: Comparison of advantages and drawbacks between the two potential sites in Vietnam

More advanced process in Sơn La Province

- > Agriculture restructuring process started earlier (2015 vs 2018)
- ➤ More projects and stakeholders
- More diversified Value Chains

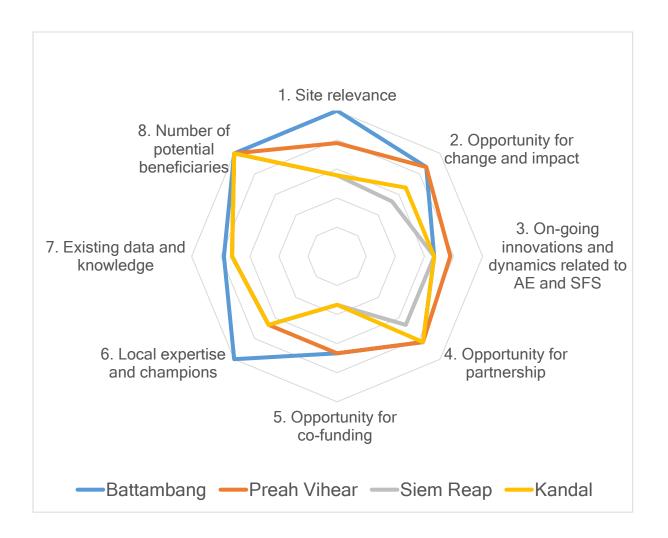
Hence:

- More opportunity for partnership
- ➤ More local champions
- ➤ More existing data and knowledge...

But:

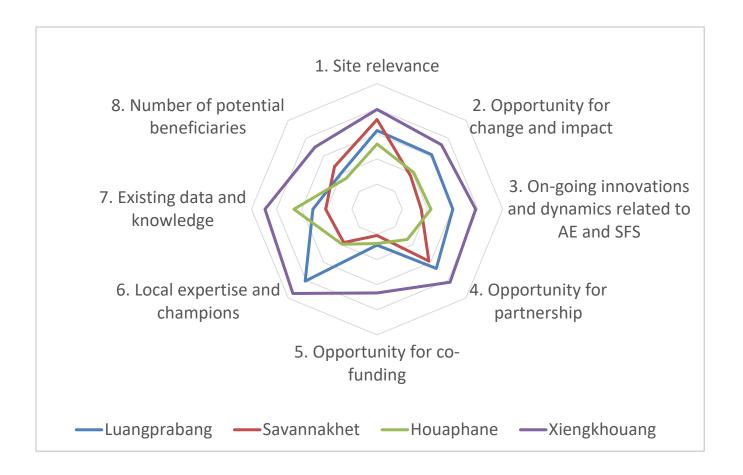
> more projects = less visibility of interventions? Less interest from local authorities?

Annex 14: Comparative scores and notes for the four potential sites in Cambodia



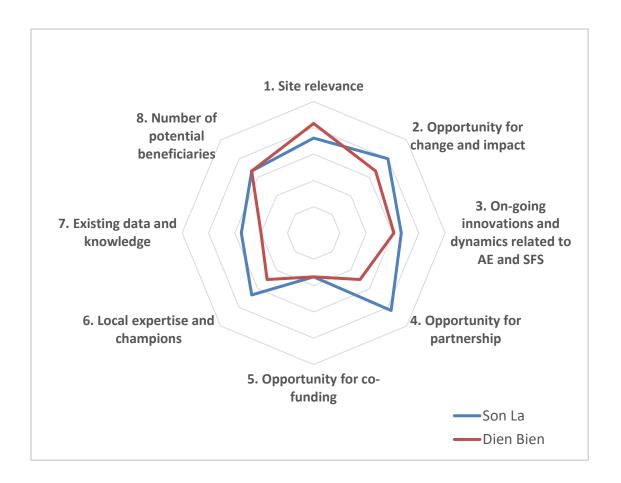
Criteria	Coefficient weighting	Battambang	Preah Vihear	Siem Reap	Kandal
1. Site relevance	1	1.00	0.78	0.56	0.56
2. Opportunity for change and impact	5	4.33	4.33	2.67	3.33
3. On-going innovations and dynamics related to AE and SFS	4	2.67	3.11	2.67	2.67
4. Opportunity for partnership	1	0.83	0.83	0.67	0.83
5. Opportunity for co-funding	2	1.33	1.33	0.67	0.67
6. Local expertise and champions	3	3.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
7. Existing data and knowledge	3	2.33	2.17	2.17	2.17
8. Number of potential beneficiaries	1	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
TOTAL	20	16.5	15.6	12.4	13.2

Annex 15: Comparative scores and notes for the four potential sites in Laos



Criteria	Coefficient weighting	LPB	SVK	HPN	ХКН
1. Site relevance	1	0.63	0.71	0.52	0.79
2. Opportunity for change and impact	5	3.07	1.88	2.06	3.63
3. On-going innovations and dynamics related to AE and SFS	4	2.41	1.40	1.72	3.14
4. Opportunity for partnership	1	0.67	0.58	0.34	0.82
5. Opportunity for co-funding	2	0.57	0.42	0.55	1.33
6. Local expertise and champions	3	2.43	1.13	1.18	2.85
7. Existing data and knowledge	3	1.53	1.23	1.99	2.68
8. Number of potential beneficiaries	1	0.40	0.48	0.35	0.70
TOTAL	20	11.7	7.8	8.7	15.9

Annex 16: Comparative scores and notes for the two potential sites in Vietnam



Criteria	Coefficient weighting	Sơn La	Điện Biên
1. Site relevance	1	0,72	0,83
2. Opportunity for change and impact	5	4,00	3,33
3. On-going innovations and dynamics related to AE and SFS	4	2,67	2,44
4. Opportunity for partnership	1	0,83	0,50
5. Opportunity for co-funding	2	0,67	0,67
6. Local expertise and champions	3	2,00	1,50
7. Existing data and knowledge	3	1,65	1,20
8. Number of potential beneficiaries	1	0,67	0,67
TOTAL	20	13,2	11,1

Annex 17: List of the participants who voted during consultation workshop in Cambodia

Nb	Name	Institution	Status	
1	Tren Channra	ActionAid Cambodia / ALiSEA BoM	National Partners	
2	Sok Sotha	CFAP/ ALiSEA Board of Member	National Partners	
3	Rada KONG	CIRAD/DALRM	National Partners	
4	Celia del Campo	DCA / ALiSEA Board of Member	National Partners	
5	Khoeurn Sokkheng	Eclosio / ALiSEA Board of Member	National Partners	
6	Vang Seng	GDA	National Partners	
7	Peany Houng	ITC	National Partners	
8	MA Sok Heng	Louvain Cooperation	National Partners	
9	Hor sophal	PDAFF Kandal	National Partners	
10	Poeung Tryda	PDAFF Preah Vihear	National Partners	
11	Pen Bunthoeun	PDAFF SRP	National Partners	
12	Long Phorn	PDAFF-BTB	National Partners	
13	Estelle Biénabe	CIRAD	International Partners	
14	Florent Tivet	CIRAD - ASEA platform	International Partners	
15	Mélanie Blanchard	CIRAD	International Partners	
16	Pascal Lienhard	CIRAD	International Partners	
17	Olga MACKRE	CIRAD	International Partners	
18	Dominique VIOLAS	Gret	International Partners	
19	Justine Scholle	Gret	International Partners	
20	Lucie Reynaud	GRET	International Partners	
21	Rajiv Pradhan	Swisscontact	International Partners	
22	Mizeck Chagunda	University of Hohenheim	International Partners	
23	Sorn Chhorvyvatey	Cambodia Rice Federation	Invited guest	
24	Guillaume JUMEL	Chivet neng Dey/Vivre de sa Terre	Invited guest	
25	Mathilde Sester	CIRAD, WAT4CAM	Invited guest	
26	Michel de Garine- Wichatitsky	Cirad/Thailand	Invited guest	
27	LOENG Nob	DEAFF	Invited guest	
28	Mao Minea	Dept of Extension	Invited guest	
29	Raksmey Phoeurk	ECOLAND Research Center, RUA / ALISEA Board of Member	Invited guest	
30	lean RUSSELL	EU-FAO FIRST	Invited guest	
31	Piset Hak	FAO	Invited guest	
32	Joaquin Barata	FAO	Invited guest	
33	Sek Sopheap	WAT4CAM Program of MAFF	Invited guest	
34	Nicholas Spencer	WCS	Invited guest	

Annex 18: List of the participants who voted during consultation workshop in Laos

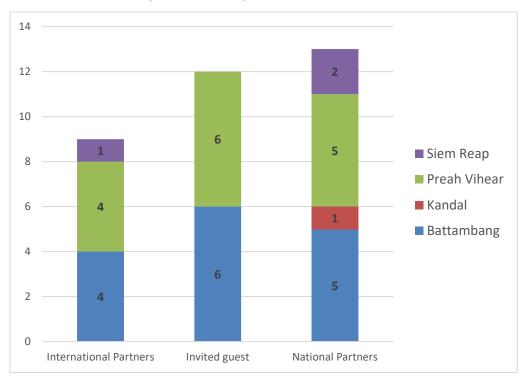
N°	Name	Organisation	Status for consultancy
1	Hongnapha phommabouth	GCDA/ALISEA	National Project Partner
2	Phavanh SAYLICHANH	DALaM	National Project Partner
3	Thatheva Saphangthong	DALaM	National Project Partner
4	Phetsakhone Soulygnalath	DALaM	National Project Partner
5	Soulikone Chaivanna	DALaM	National Project Partner
6	Daosouksanh	DOPLA	National Project Partner
7	Thatsaka	DOPLA	National Project Partner
8	Vongpaphane	DoPLA	National Project Partner
9	Sanya Vathanakoune	HuamJai Asasamak Assoc / ALiSEA BoM	National Project Partner
10	Chansom KHOUNSOMBATH	DOPLA /MAF	National Project Partner
11	Vansy Senyavong	MHP / ALISEA BoM	National Project Partner
12	Thongsavanh Norlakham	NAFRI	National Project Partner
13	Manivanh	NAFRI	National Project Partner
14	Bounma	NAFRI	National Project Partner
15	Phonevilay SINAVONG	NAFRI	National Project Partner
16	Yethao GIAVANG	NUoL	National Project Partner
17	Sayvisene Boulom	NUoL	National Project Partner
18	Kangbao XAYTOUTHAO	NUoL	National Project Partner
19	Fue Yang	NUoL	National Project Partner
20	Sian Phommaluesa	NUoL	National Project Partner
21	Maiyer	NUoL, DP Malica	National Project Partner
22	Thongdam Phongphichith	SAEDA	National Project Partner
23	??	FAO	Invited Guest
24	Chloé Lannuzel	AFD	Invited Guest
25	MACKRE OLGA	CIRAD	Invited Guest
26	Mrs. Onkham	DLF	Invited Guest
27	Inpone Senekhamty	EUD Laos	Invited Guest
28	Pascal Lienhard	CIRAD	International Project Partner
29	Estelle Biénabe	CIRAD	International Project Partner
30	Melanie Blanchard	CIRAD	International Project Partner
31	Michel de Garine-Wichatitsky	CIRAD	International Project Partner
32	Tran quoc hoa	CIRAD	International Project Partner
33	Stéphane Guéneau	CIRAD	International Project Partner
34	Pierre Ferrand	FAO	International Project Partner
35	Manivanh ALIYAVONG	GRET	International Project Partner
36	Violas Dominique	GRET	International Project Partner
37	Samphanh LATHSAKID	GRET	International Project Partner
38	Lucie Reynaud	GRET	International Project Partner
39	Jean-Christophe Castella	IRD	International Project Partner
40	Houng Peany	ITC	International Project Partner
41	Giovanni Belletti	PIN - Univ of Firenze	International Project Partner
42	Mizeck Chagunda	Univ of Hohenheim	International Project Partner

Annex 19: List of the participants who voted during consultation workshop in Vietnam

N°	Name	Organisation	Status for consultancy
1	Nguyễn Ngọc Mai	AGI	National Project Partner
2	Pham Van Hoi	CARES, VNUA, ALISEA BOM	National Project Partner
3	Cong Nghiep	CASRAD	National Project Partner
4	Tho Pham	CASRAD	National Project Partner
5	Thủy Doan	CISDOMA, ALISEA BoM	National Project Partner
6	Nguyễn Thị Hằng	DARD Điện Biên	National Project Partner
7	Ho Trung Kien	DARD Sơn La	National Project Partner
8	Nguyen Thi Sau	FAVRI	National Project Partner
9	Nguyen Thi Tan Loc	FAVRI	National Project Partner
10	Minh Huy	IPSARD	National Project Partner
11	Hoang Vu Quang	IPSARD	National Project Partner
12	Mai Huong Nguyen	IPSARD	National Project Partner
13	Han Anh Tuan	NIAS	National Project Partner
14	Le Thi Thanh Huyen	NIAS	National Project Partner
15	Dinh Khanh Thuy	NIAS	National Project Partner
16	Trong Hieu Do	NOMAFSI	National Project Partner
17	LN Quyen	NOMAFSI	National Project Partner
18	Hoang Thanh Tung	VAAS	National Project Partner
19	Dao The Anh	VAAS	National Project Partner
20	Nguyen Thi Thanh An	ACIAR	Invited Guest
21	Olga Mackré	CIRAD	Invited Guest
22	Oleg Nicetic	UQ	Invited Guest
23	Lâm nguyên	VNUA	Invited Guest
24	Pascal Lienhard	CIRAD	International Project Partner
25	Melanie Blanchard	CIRAD	International Project Partner
26	Estelle Biénabe	CIRAD	International Project Partner
27	Patrick d'aquino	CIRAD	International Project Partner
28	Michaël Bruckert	CIRAD, dP Malica	International Project Partner
29	Pierre Ferrand	FAO	International Project Partner
30	Lucie Reynaud	GRET	International Project Partner
31	Violas Dominique	GRET	International Project Partner
32	Mizeck Chagunda	Univ of Hohenheim	International Project Partner

Annex 20: Participants preference results in Cambodia

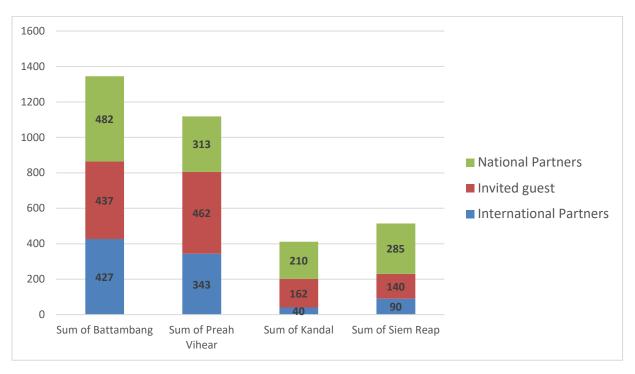
1. Preference when requested for unique choice



Battambang and **Preah Vihear** are the most preferred sites, with:

- Same number of votes: 15 each (out of 34)
- Same distribution: 4/6/5 from international partners, invited guests, and national partners respectively

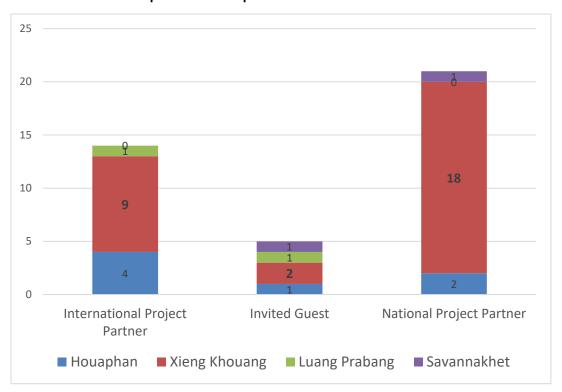
2. Preference when requested for multiple choice (100 points/participants to be allocated between different sites)



Battambang received 40% of votes (1345 out 3400); Preah Vihear received 33% of votes (1119 out 3400)

Annex 21: Participants preference results in Laos

1. Preference when requested for unique choice



Xieng Khouang came out as the most preferred site, with:

- Over 70% of total participants votes (29 out of 40)
- 85 % of national project partners votes

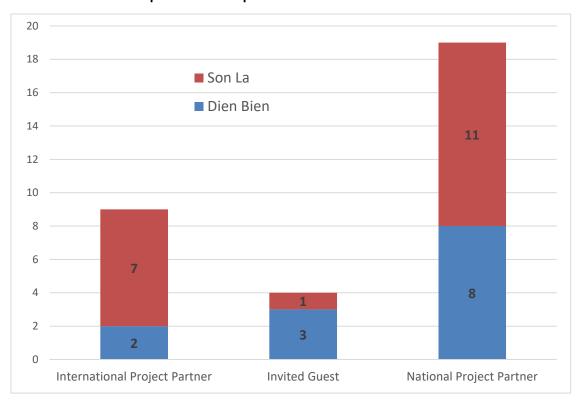
2. Preference when requested for multiple choice (100 points/participants to be allocated between different sites)



- Xieng Khouang province still get the highest score (2055 points out of 4000)
- Luang Prabang outscores Houaphan > different from unique choice
- Main reason expressed by participants = On-going innovations and dynamics related to agroecology and safe food systems

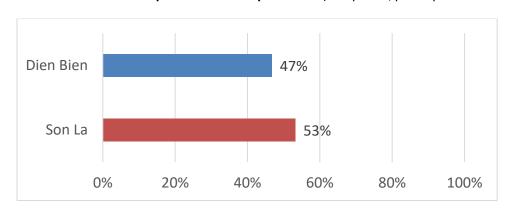
Annex 22: Participants preference results in Vietnam

1. Preference when requested for unique choice



Sơn La (19/32 votes) outscores **Điện Biên** (13/32 votes) mainly due to International votes (12 vs 11 if consider national partners and invited guests only)

2. Preference when requested for multiple choice (100 points/participants to be allocated between different sites)



Sơn La outscores Điện Biên but tight difference between the two sites (53% vs 47% of votes)

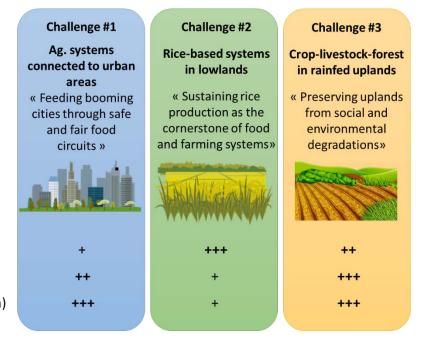
Annex 23: Members of the selection committee

No	Full name	Organization	Status project
1	Naomi Noel	AFD	Donor
2	Chloe Lannuzel	AFD	Donor
3	GILLI Francesca	EU	Donor
4	Lucie Reynaud	GRET	Project Dir
5	Estelle BIENABE	CIRAD	Project scientific coordinator
6	Mélanie Blanchard	CIRAD	Project scientific coordinator
7	Pascal LIENHARD	CIRAD	SC21 coordinator
8	Rajiv Pradhan	Swisscontact	SC21 coordinator
9	Dao The Anh	VAAS	Consortium national partner Vietnam
10	Khoeurn Sokkheng	Eclosio	ALiSEA BoM Cambodia
11	Doan thu thuy	CISDOMA	ALiSEA BoM Vietnam
12	Vansy Senyavong	MHP	ALISEA BOM Laos
13	Seng Vang ¹	GDA	Consortium national partner Cambodia
14	Saphangthong Thatheva ²	DALaM	Consortium national partner Laos

¹ Excused, replaced by Mr Chhin PHY (GDA); ² Absent

Annex 24: Challenges that could be addressed in the three selected flagship sites

Subjected to priorities set by partners during Flagship site Theory of Change (TOC) process



Preah Vihear (Cambodia)
Xieng Khouang (Laos)
Son La & Dien Bien (Vietnam)

Annex 25: Partnerships that could be built in the three selected flagship sites

Subjected to priorities set by partners during flagship site ToC Do not include local governmental institutions and projects

	Consortium partners	Other ALISEA members	Private sector	Projets
Preah Vihear (Cambodia)	GDA/DALaRM, CIRAD, Swisscontact, Smart Agro (CASIC initiative) Uni4Coop, ITC Support: GRET, ILRI, IRD, SEI, PIN, UOH?	World vision, Caritas, DPA, A-TRA, Others: CIRD, Ecoland, IVY, SNV, GIZ, AVSF, WCS, Sansom Mlup Prey	Rice millers, Safe veg Cies, Organic cassava (CACC), farmers cooperatives and Unions (PMUAC), Larano, Camb Rice federation	WAT4CAM, Ibis rice, ISA/Metkasekor, AIMS, Aspire, CHAIN, SA, AVSF
Xieng Khouang (Laos)	DALaM, DoPLA, NAFRI, NuOL, CIRAD Support: GRET, CDE, IRD, SEI, UoH?	SAEDA, Lao Farmer Product, APEDC, ASDSP, Click, GCDA, HJA, Lao Farmer Network	Farmers association, Coffee Cies (Mueang Xieng), Rice millers, Chinese Cie (Leg)	SWAN, RECOSEL 2, GI, LURAS, WOCAT, Green Extens., JICA (Clean Ag.)
Son La & Dien Bien (Vietnam)	NIAS, IPSARD, VAAS, NOMAFSI, FAVRI, CASRAD, CIRAD, CIAT, ILRI, UOH, PIN	ICRAF, Rikolto, SRD, CISDOMA, VNUA/CARES Others: CRED, CARE, Freshstudio, TBU, ACE	Farmers cooperatives, Temperate fruit assoc, Fruit processing Cies, Coffee Cies and assoc, Macadamia Cies	ACIAR projects, GREAT projects, Li Chan (CRP) MARD programs