



Assessing the impact of self-incompatibility on cocoa trees in Cameroon

SOUNIGO Olivier¹
 EYANGO Marie-Claire²
 EBAIARREY Herman Ebai³
 AKUNGWNI Neba³
 EFOMBAGN Ives Bruno⁴
 CILAS Christian¹
 LANAUD Claire¹

¹ CIRAD Montpellier France
 olivier.sounigo@cirad.fr
² IRAD Nkolbisson Cameroon
³ IRAD Barombi kang Cameroon
⁴ IRAD Ekona Cameroon

Objective

Assess the impact of self-compatibility on several agronomical traits of cocoa trees.

In this study, the performances of self-compatible cocoa trees were compared to those of self-incompatible belonging to the same full-sib progenies.

Material and methods

94 cocoa trees were identified as self-compatible (SC) or self-incompatible (SI) after the assessment of the % of cherelles surviving 14 days after hand-pollination using self-pollen.

These trees belong to nine full sib progenies assessed since 2008 in a trial plot set up in 2005 in the IRAD station of Barombi-kang (Cameroon), which aims at comparing the performances of 26 full-sib progenies.

Female parent	Male parent	Number of trees identified as self-compatible (SC)	Number of trees identified as self-compatible (SC)
UPA 134	SNK 64	1	4
SNK 614	SCA 24	2	2
SNK 625	NA 33	6	13
PA 4	Pound 7	1	1
T 60/887	ICS 89	3	5
SNK 12	PA 150	7	15
T 60/78	T 85/87	4	11
MAN 15/2	T 85/799	1	1
AI/154	T 60/78	3	14
TOTAL		28	66

Genetic origin of the assessed trees

X X X
 X X X
 X X X
 P1 P2 P3

Spatial design



Each progeny is represented by five rows of trees scattered in the plot, in such a way that each assessed cocoa tree (X) is surrounded by two trees issued from the same cross (X) and six trees issued from two other crosses (X and X)

Results

Trait	Effect of genetic origin (p)	Effect of self-compatibility (p)	S.C trees mean value	S.I trees mean value
Yield earliness (number of pods yielded during 2008-10 period)	0.94	0.3	35	27
Yield (number of pods yielded during 2010-14 period)	0.033	0.017	121.5	100.5
Vigor (trunk circumference) (cm)	0,2	0,7	38.5	37.8
Yield efficiency (yield/vigor) (pods/cm)	0.1	0.36	3,1	2,7
Susceptibility to BP disease (% rotten pods during the 2010-16 period)	0,47	0,42	39.6	38.7
Mean weight of 1 dried bean (g)	0.91	0.91	1,3	1,29
Mean number of beans per pod	0,01	0,76	36.5	36.2
Mean % of flat beans per pod	0.92	0.36	2.6	1.9

Results from a two factor ANOVA

The SC trees were found to yield a significantly higher number of pods than the SI trees.

This finding indicates that self-compatibility can have a positive effect on yield, even in cocoa plots planted with trees from various genetic origins.

Special thanks

The authors wish to thank Mondelez Intl for the funding of the study and Nick Cryer for his support and his valuable suggestions