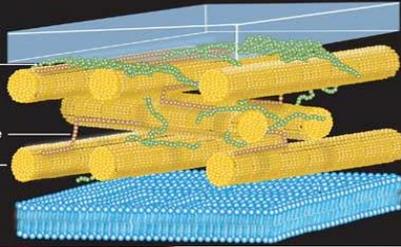


XXII EUCARPIA Maize and Sorghum Conference  
June 19-22, 2011, Opatija, Croatia

# Association mapping of biomass and cell wall related traits in sorghum



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# Renewable energy and Animal Nutrition

## Ideotype definition

### ○ Common targets

- ✓ Increase biomass yield under low inputs
- ✓ Optimizing biomass composition and properties

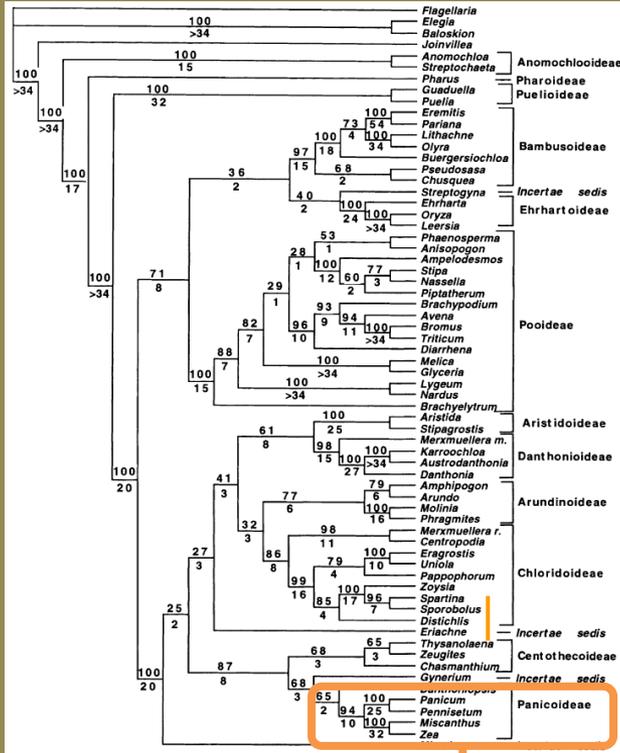


Accession	Race	Flowering	Height	Basal Diameter	Tillers	DM% harvest	DM yield (T/Ha)	ADL/NDF	INNDFD
IS 2156	B	No	325	1.99	<b>4.30</b>	20.0	18.74	8.17	20.6
IS 25596	C	No	355	2.45	0.30	20.7	19.39	8.57	24.7
IS 16186	D	No	255	<b>2.73</b>	0.23	17.4!	14.41	<b>6.97</b>	<b>29.6</b>
IS 12531	B	No	290	2.47	0.20	NH	NH	8.79	23.5
IS 15148	C	18/08/2011	313	2.28	0.20	NH	NH	8.31	16.4
IS 16396	G	No	335	2.46	1.30	18.8!	18.16	9.75	16.0
IS 23100	G	No	285	<b>2.64</b>	2.00	18.1	10.51	8.21	<b>25.1</b>
IS 23777	G	No	350	2.17	1.60	22.4	<b>23.07</b>	8.68	17.1
IS 32569	D	03/09/2010	295	2.16	0.80	<b>29.9</b>	<b>25.72</b>	8.62	19.3
SSM 12	D	No	325	2.37	0.21	NH	NH	7.73	23.8
BIOMASS 140 (T)	B	26/08/2010	<b>380</b>	2.25	0.40	<b>30.5</b>	<b>31.44</b>	8.94	12.7

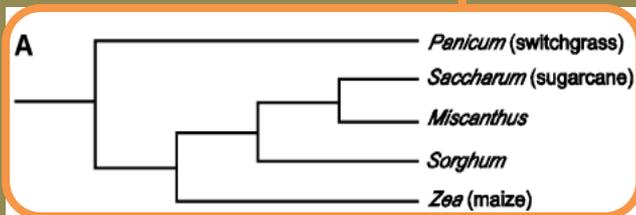
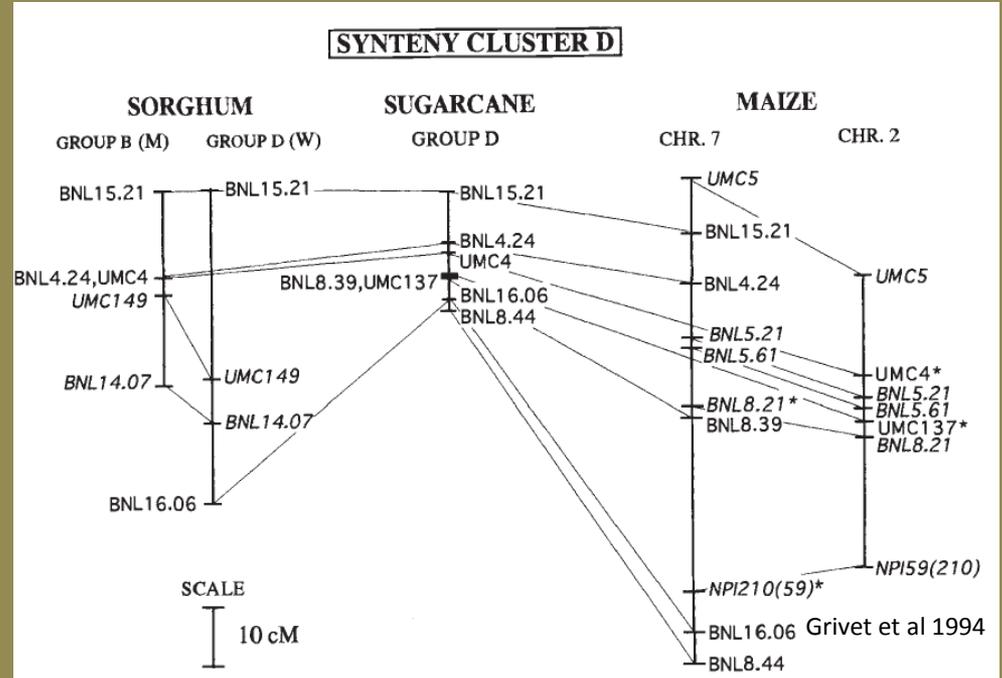
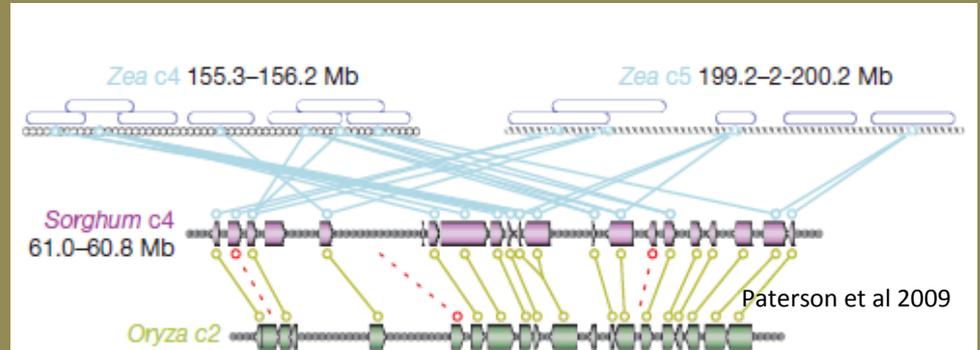
- Flowering required to optimize DM% at harvest and Yield
- High Tillering is not relevant
- Large variability for lignin content and cell wall degradability
  - High genetic gains are expected

# Maize and Sorghum : models for bioenergy and silage quality C4 grasses

## Poaceae Phylogeny

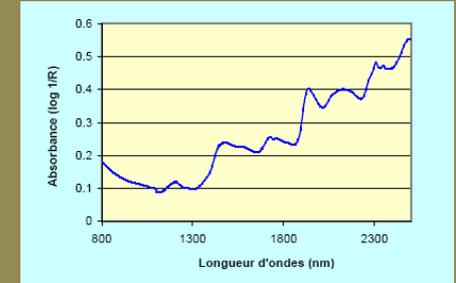
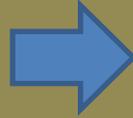


## Syntheny and colinearity between C4 grasses



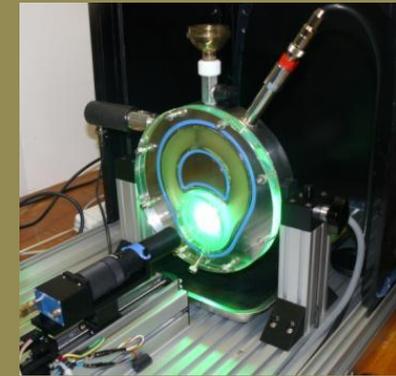
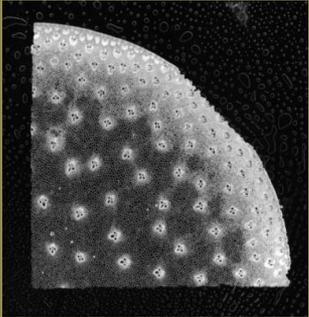
# Characterizing the biomass / Cell Walls

- NIRS calibration curve establishment for Biomass composition and CW related traits



=> Fibers, Lignin, Cellulose, hemicellulose, Nitrogen content, Non structural sugars (underway), Cell wall degradability

- Tools development for phenotyping at the Histological, biochemical and degradation kinetics levels



See : Poster : « Towards a sorghum ideotype with optimized cell wall degradability: insights from histological, degradation kinetics, biochemical, and pre-treatment analyses”

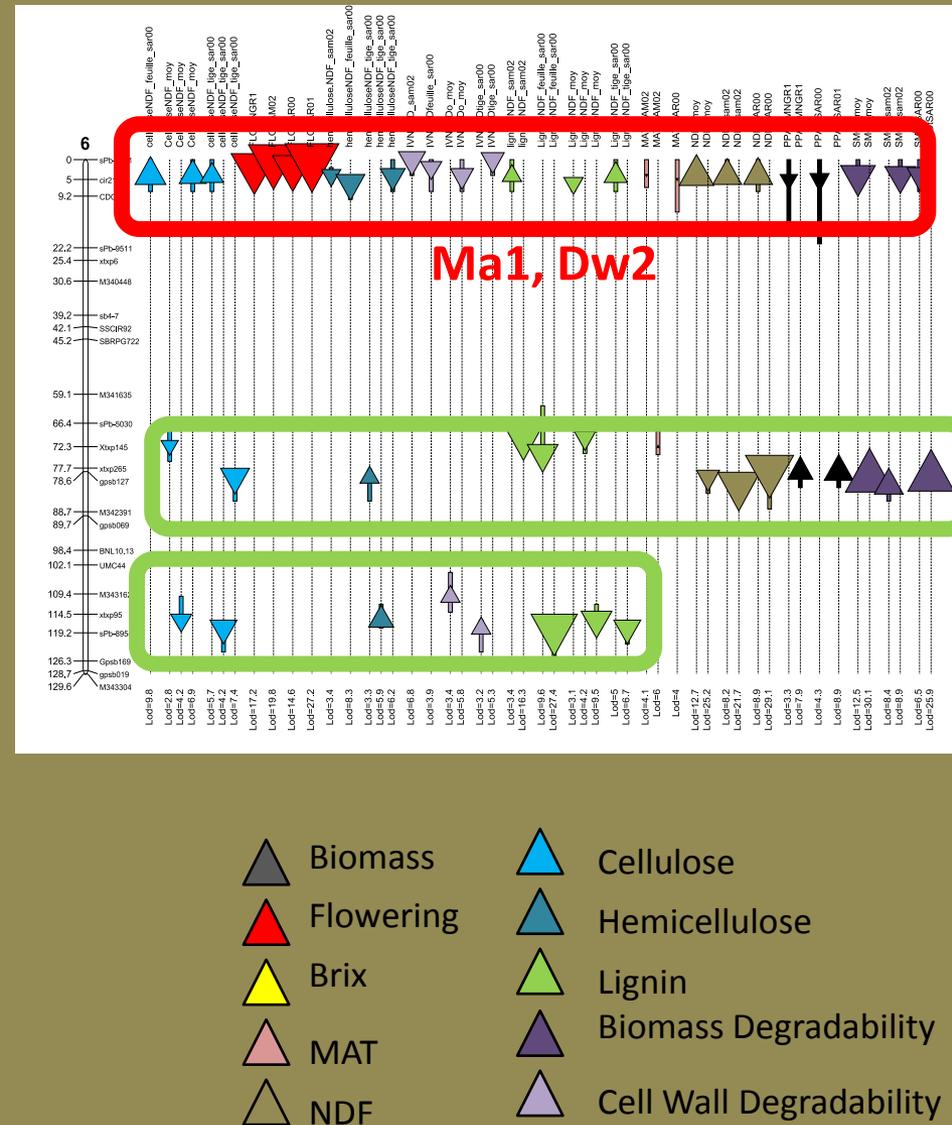
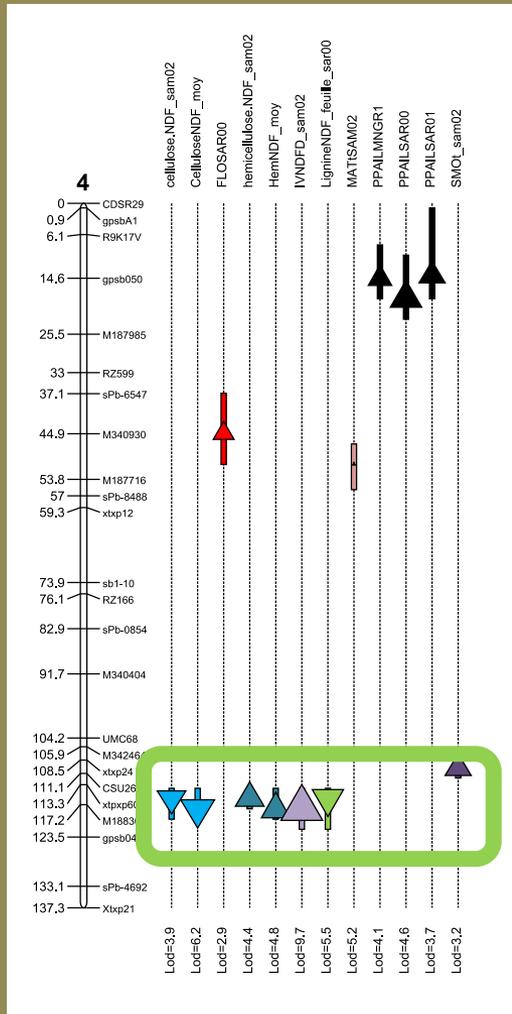
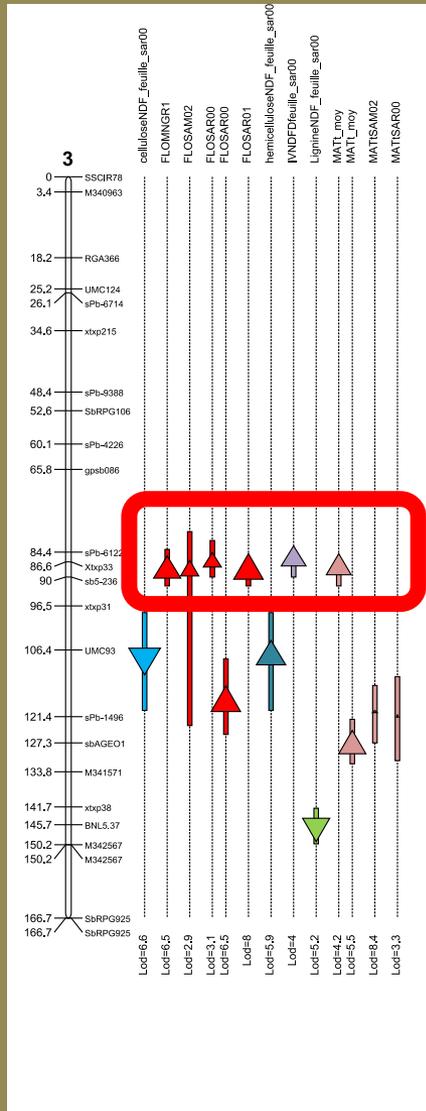
# Deciphering the genetic architecture of biomass yield and composition

## 1- Biparental QTL mapping

- **Population of 183 RILs** : SARIASO10 (caudatum breeding line) x SSM249 (guinea landrace). Highly contrasting in terms of biomass composition (but also cycle length...)
- **Two locations** (2 years)
  - ✓ Burkina Faso
  - ✓ Mali
  - ✓ 3 reps
- **Quantitative traits**
  - ✓ NIRS leaves and shoots (fibers, cellulose, lignins...)
  - ✓ Yield (grain)
  - ✓ Biomass
  - ✓ Agromorphologic measures

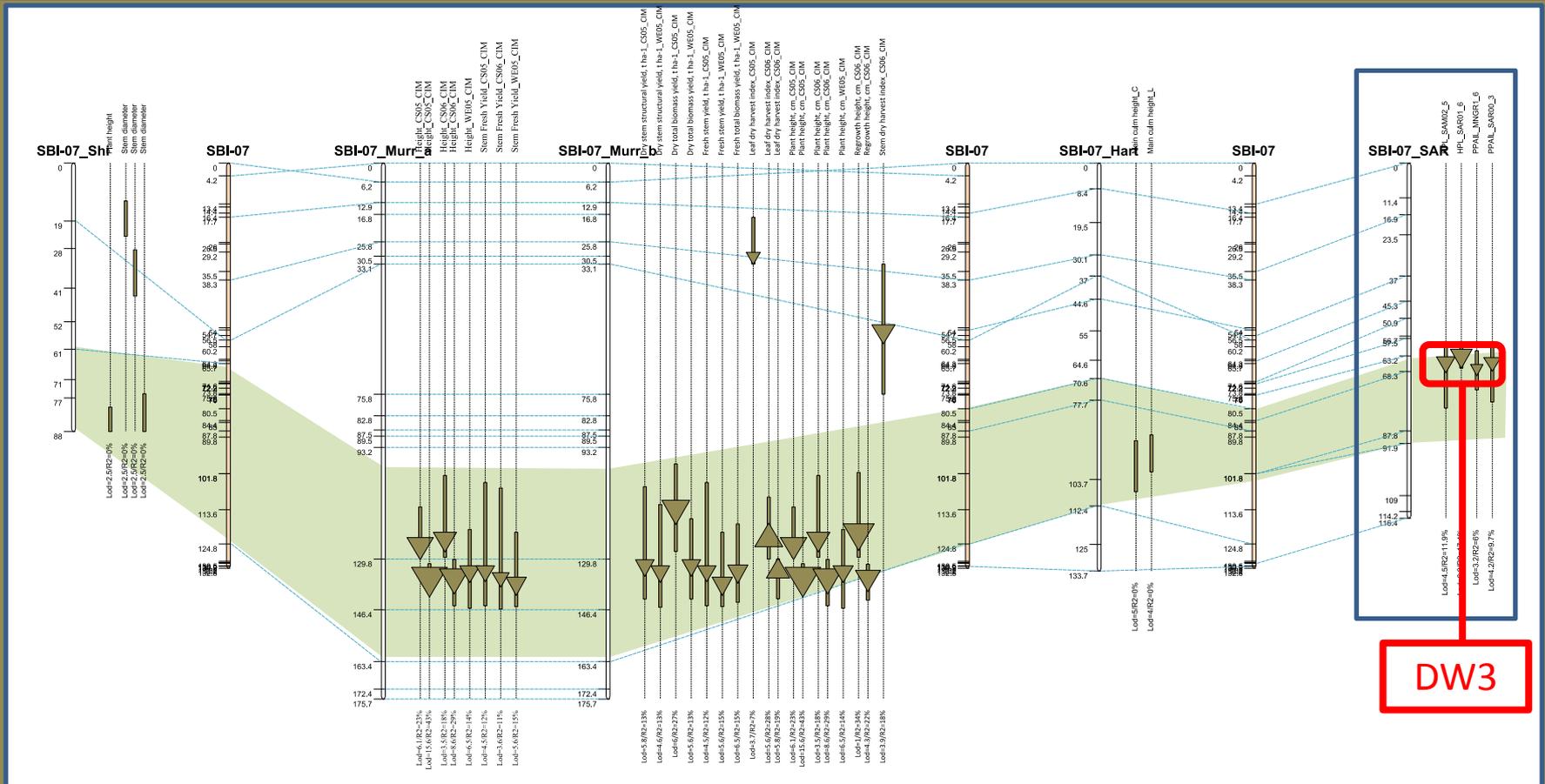
# « Validation » of QTL over years / sites

## Pleiotropic effects of Ma Dw genes



- Biomass
- Cellulose
- Brix
- Hemicellulose
- MAT
- Lignin
- NDF
- Biomass Degradability
- Cell Wall Degradability

# Comparative QTL mapping of biomass production

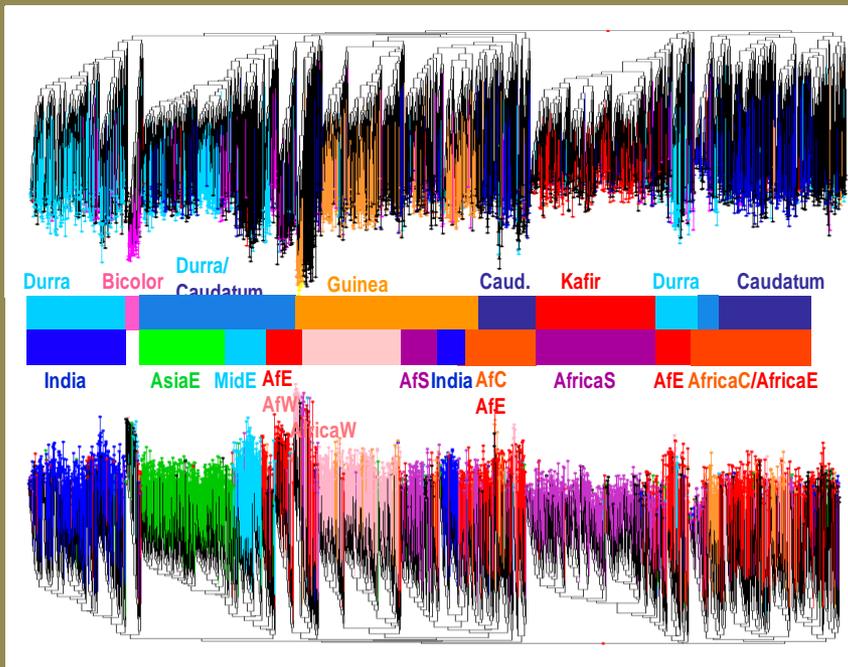


- No obvious QTL colocations for Biomass composition (not exactly the same traits considered...different genetic backgrounds... : Murray et al 2008a,b)
- Confidence intervals extremely large
- Not really useful for Breeding : « real life multiparental background »

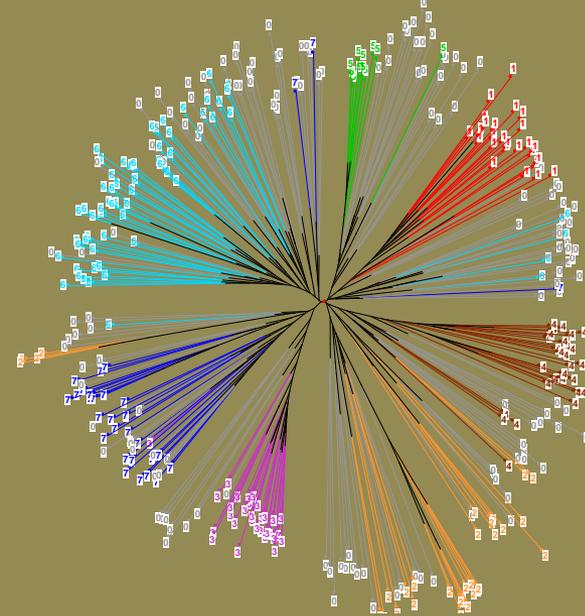
# Deciphering the genetic architecture of biomass yield and composition

## 2- Association Mapping : A strategy anchored on the analysis of the natural diversity

- Generation Challenge Program : 3367 accessions x 41 SSR



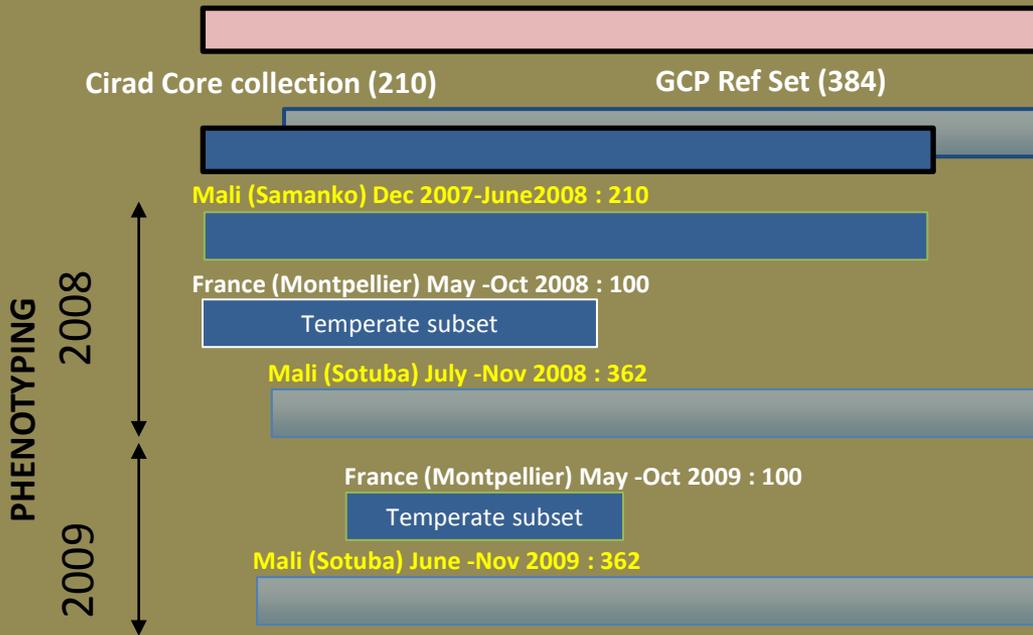
- A panel 413 accessions as a broad based Association mapping population



- 7 genetic groups
- Results are expected to be relevant for the whole sorghum community
- Some limitations ( Flowering, Height)

# Phenotyping of natural variation of Biomass and Cell Wall related traits

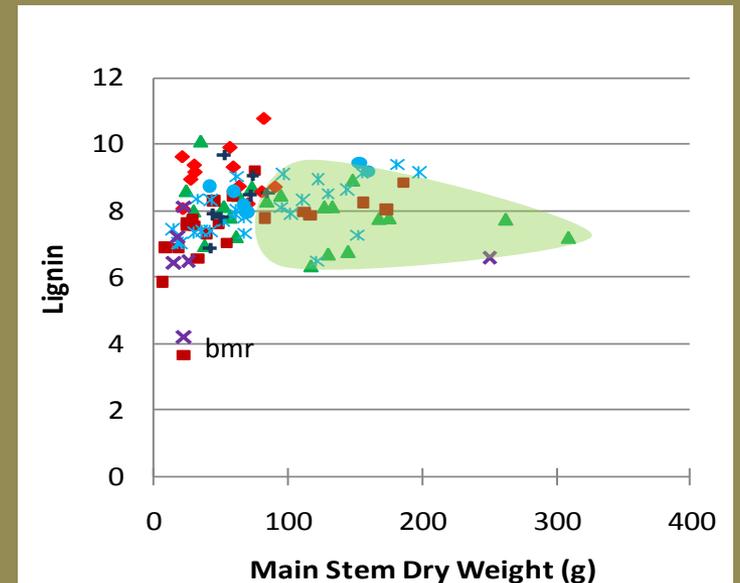
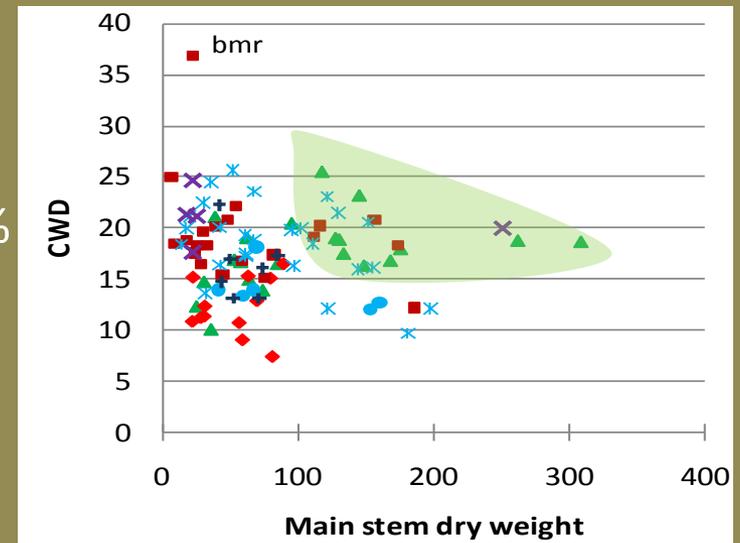
413 accessions analyzed



From Sylvain.Gutjahr (CIRAD)

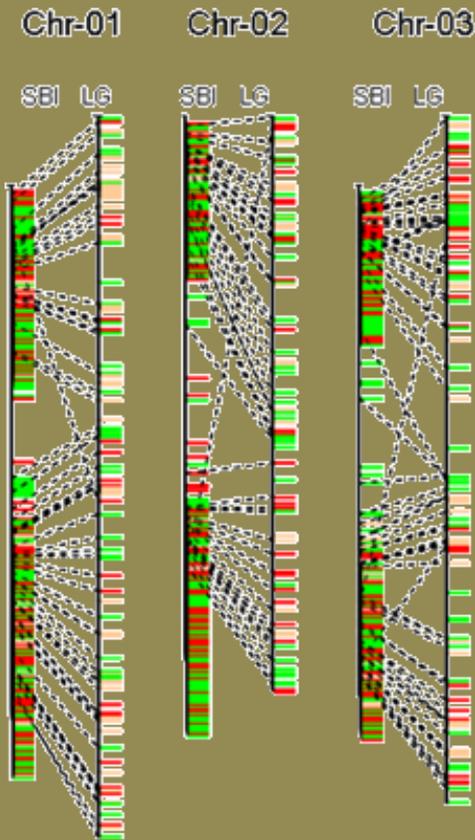
# Heritability and variability of Biomass and Cell Wall related traits

- Heritabilities between 0.5 and 0.98
- Coefficient of variation between 7 and 10 % for cell wall composition and higher for Cell Wall degradability
- Significant genetic gains are expected
- Strong effects of the genetic group on the Biomass related traits
- Durra (East Africa and India), Kafir and Caudatum genotypes combining biomass yield, CWD and low lignin ▲

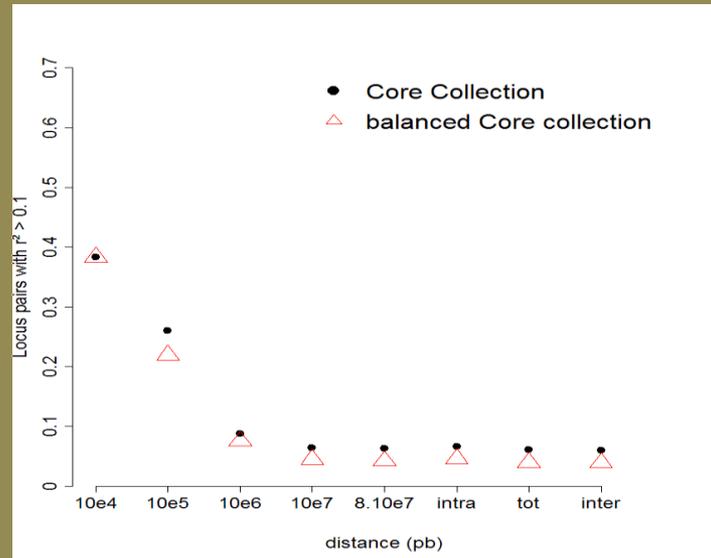


# « A low density Whole Genome Scan » based on physically anchored DArT Markers

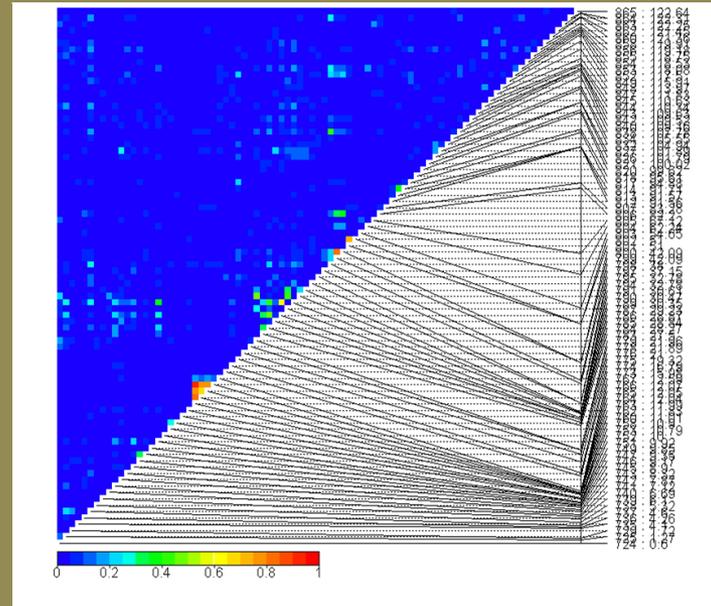
- 1122 DArT Markers physically anchored



Phd Sophie Bouchet



- $r^2 = 0.2$  at 10 kb



- More than 73 000 markers necessary to reach a satisfying coverage (QTL effect = 10 %, panel of 400 accessions)

# Association mapping in structured population

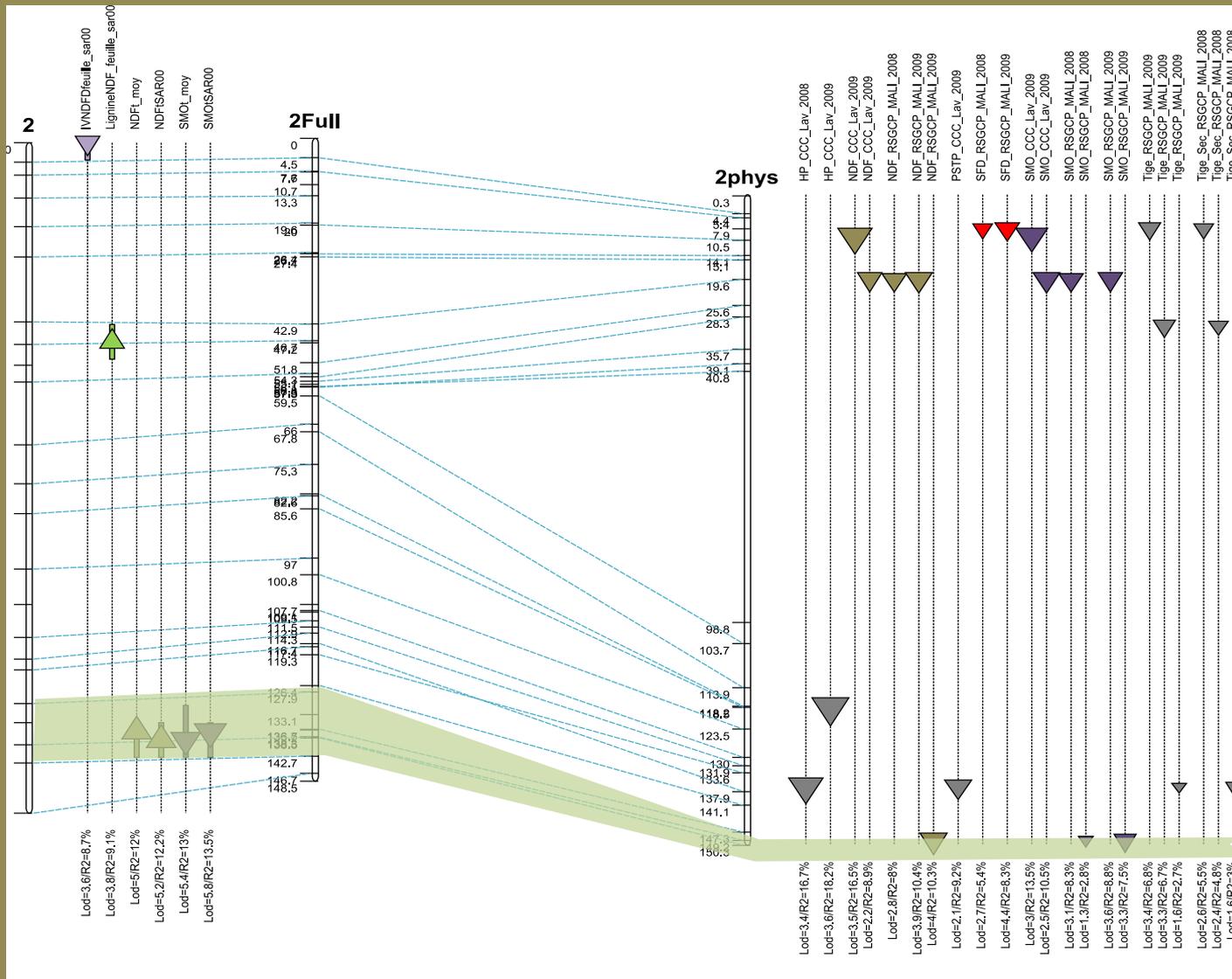
## ○ 3 models explored

- Naive (no structure and no Kinship effects) :  $Y_{ij} = \mu + M_i + e_{ij}$
- (Structure  $Y_{ijk} = \mu + Q_i + M_j + e_{ijk}$ )
- Structure + Kinship Mixed model

Trait class	# traits	MLM, pvalue <1.10E-3	% Signif tests	% test Signif MLM / Naive	Detected in Multiple Env with pvalue <=1.10E-3	Detected in Multiple Env with pvalue <=0.05
Biomass	5	16	0.29	6.02	1	12
Flowering	7	24	0.31	6.32	4	18
Nitrogen	5	9	0.16	—	0	2
Fibers	5	5	0.09	—	0	5
Brix	3	1	0.03	0.65	0	0
Cellulose	8	2	0.02	0.36	0	0
Hemicellulose	5	4	0.07	1.25	0	0
Lignin	5	1	0.02	0.47	0	1
CWD	8	9	0.10	2.37	0	6
Biomass degradability	5	7	0.12	—	1	6

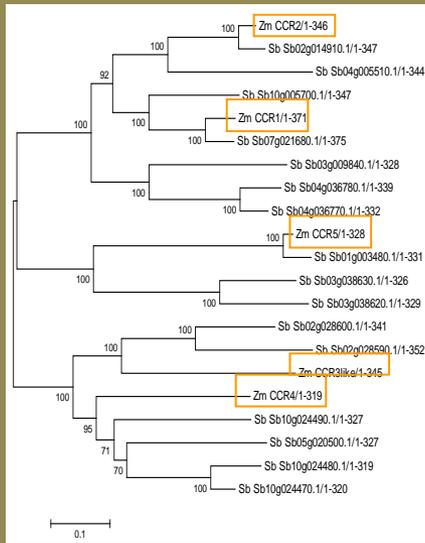
- Structure and Kinship need to be considered
- Some associations validated in different trials

# A peroxidase gene identified in a refined QTL interval for Fiber content and Biomass degradability

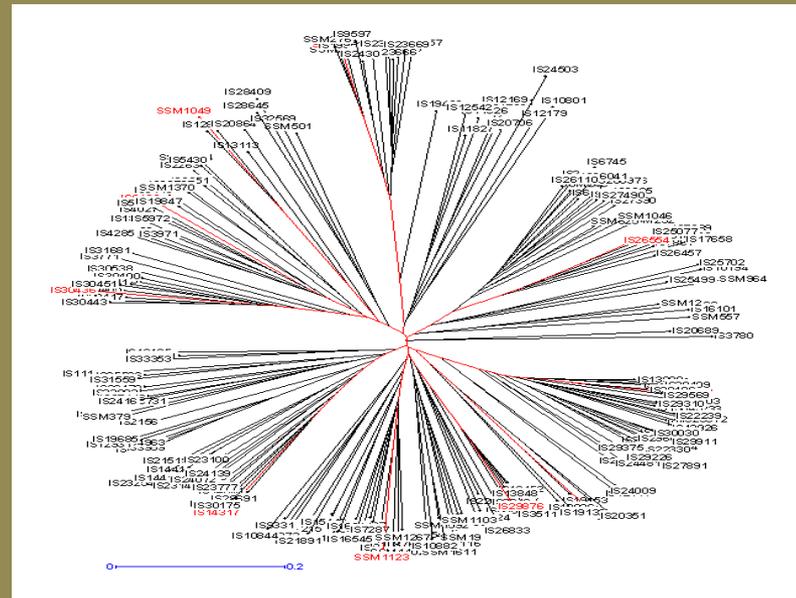
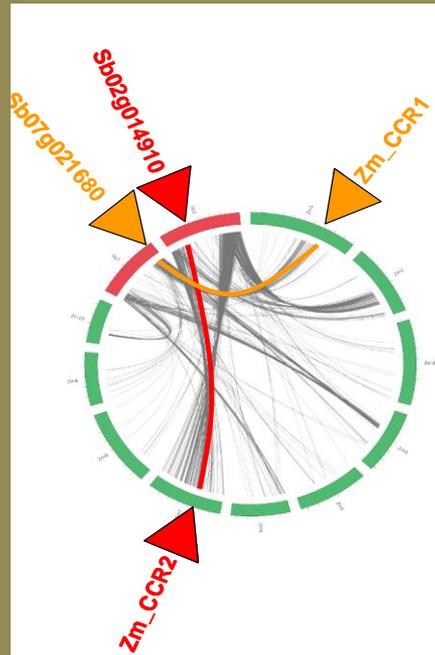


- Sb02g040690
- 8Kb from the DArT marker
- 54 % similarity with Peroxidase, Evalue = 8e-60 , identified by Shi et al 2006 as down regulated in bm mutant (F2/F2bm1)

# A candidate gene approach focused on the lignin biosynthesis pathway

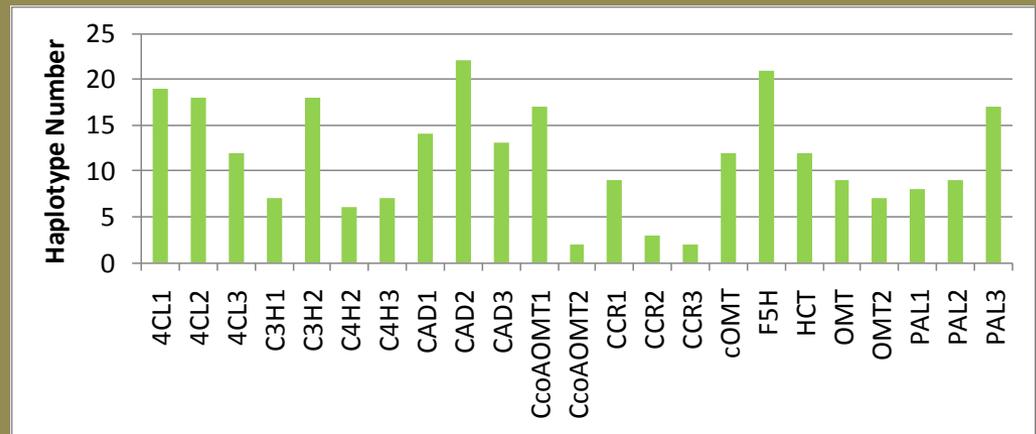
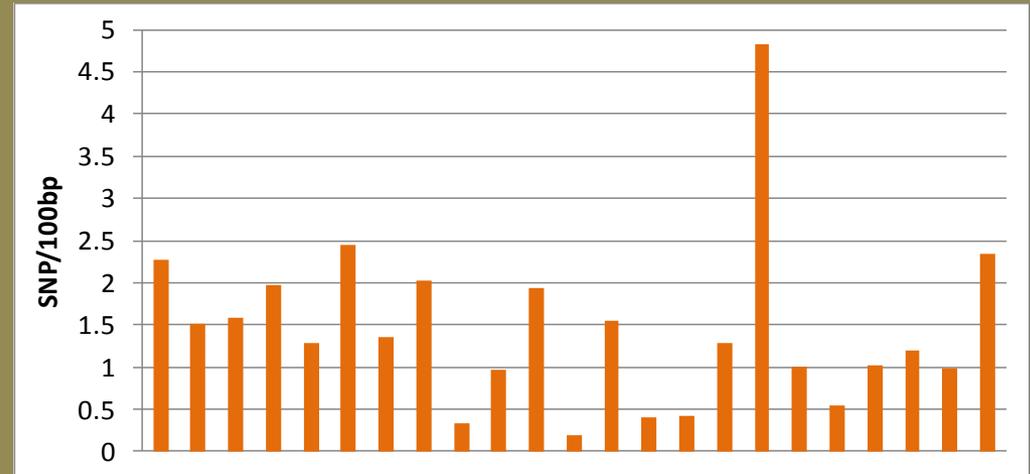


- 23 genes of the lignin biosynthesis pathway
  - ✓ functional, expressional, and genetic informations from Zm, Os and Sb
  - ✓ A combined phylogeny and synteny based approach
- Sequencing on 24-32 genotypes representative of the worldwide diversity



# Lignin biosthesis genes : different patterns of diversity

- 37 Kb sequenced
- 585 polymorphisms identified
- 468 SNPs
- Large variability of nucleotide diversity patterns
- Different evolutionnary histories



# Targeted Association Mapping

- 111 SNP from 22 genes analyzed in 413 genotypes (between 1 and 14 SNP / gene)

- MLM analysis

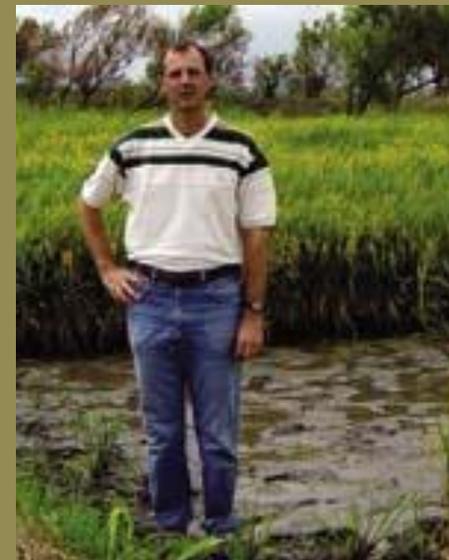
Trait	Trial	Marker	pvalue	errordf	r <sup>2</sup>
CWD	1	4CL2	8.93E-05	357	5.00
Cellulose	1	4CL2	0.00139097	357	3.37
CWD	2	4CL2	0.03858877	357	1.77
Lignin	3	4CL2	0.03929415	98	4.20
Cellulose	2	C4H3	7.52E-04	351	4.04
Hemicellulose	2	C4H3	0.012016	351	2.42
Cellulose	4	OMT2	8.66E-04	98	12.42
Hemicellulose	4	OMT2	0.04392029	98	4.03

- More SNP have been genotyped in order to capture the different haplotypes

- Analyses on-going...

**CIRAD (Montpellier) : Genetics and Breeding**

Gilles Trouche  
Jean-François Rami  
Ronan Rivallan  
Julien Maleyrat  
Jacques Chantereau



**CIRAD Montpellier : Animal Nutrition**

Denis Bastianelli  
Laurent Bonnal

**CIRAD (Mali) : Genetics and Breeding**

Michel Vaksman  
Benoit Clerget  
Fabrice Sagnard



**INRA / CNRS**

Colleagues from the Grassbiofuel project



Funded by ANR Genoplante Grassbiofuel Project coordinated by Yves Barrière



# Ideotype definition for high biomass genotypes in France

10 high biomass genotype analyzed over 2 years



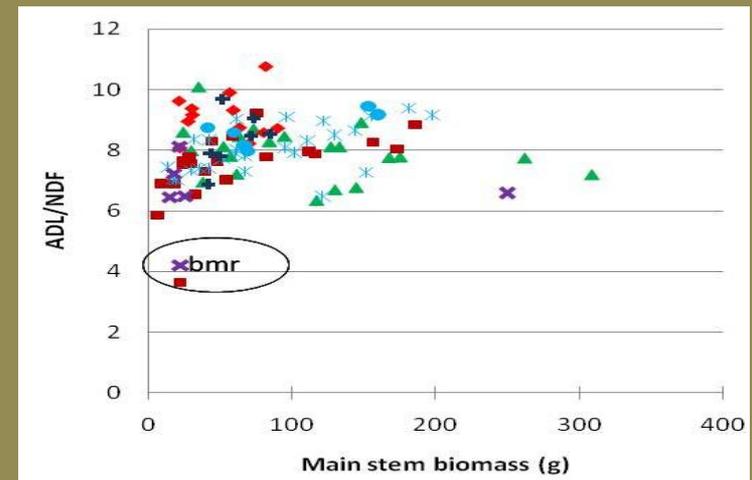
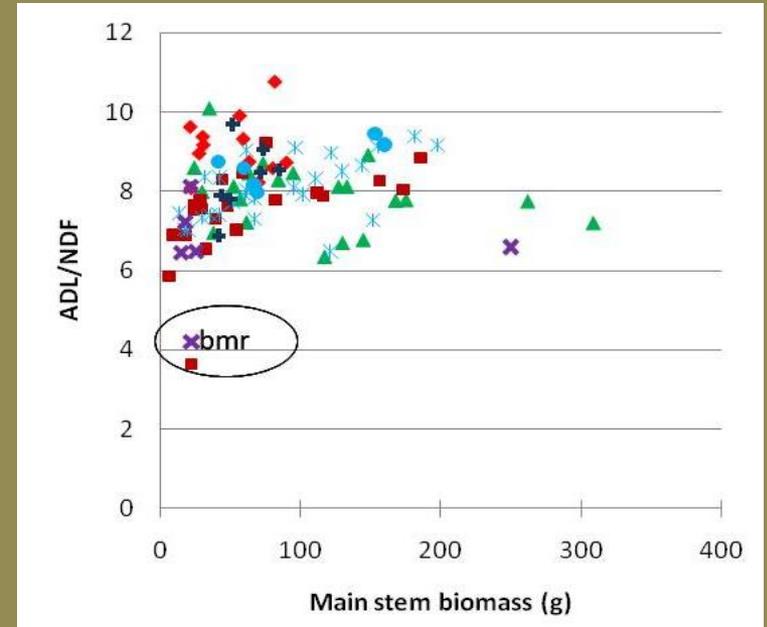
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BIOMASS 140 (T)	B	26/08/2010	<b>380</b>	2.25	0.40	<b>30.5</b>	<b>31.44</b>	8.94	12.7

- Flowering required to optimize DM% at harvest and Yield
- High Tillering is not relevant
- Large variability for lignin content and cell wall degradability
  - High genetic gains are expected

# Heritability and variability

trait	Year	h <sup>2</sup> sl	cv*
Biomass	2008	0.75	68.14
Biomass	2009	0.91	78.85
Flowering	2008	0.89	22.45
Flowering	2009	0.98	29.84
NDF	2008	0.81	11.72
NDF	2009	0.78	7.39
Lignin	2008	0.57	8.35
Lignin	2009	0.61	8.71
Cellulose	2008	0.48	2.46
Cellulose	2009	0.74	3.41
Hemicellulose	2008	0.51	4.65
Hemicellulose	2009	0.73	7.29
Biomass Degradability	2008	0.80	18.65
Biomass Degradability	2009	0.76	30.15
CWD	2008	0.55	34.80
CWD	2008	0.68	28.03
BRIX	2009	0.82	40.25

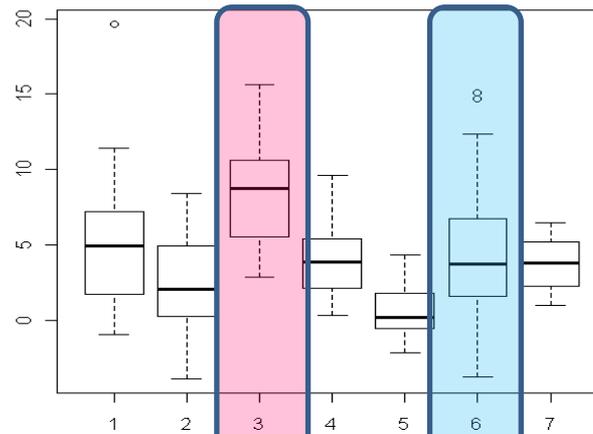
- Within Durra East Africa and India (mainly), kafor and Caudatum genotypes combining biomass yield, CWD and low lignin ▲



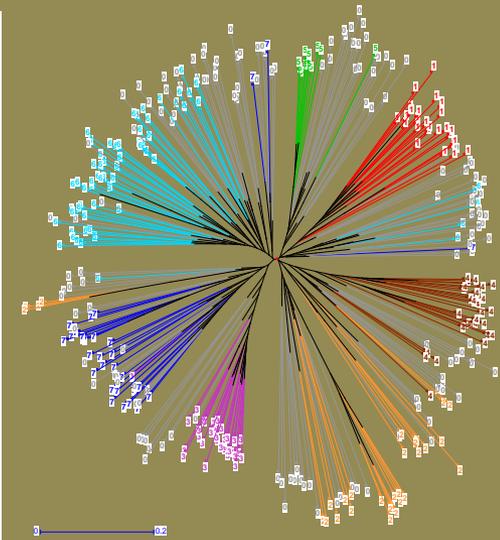
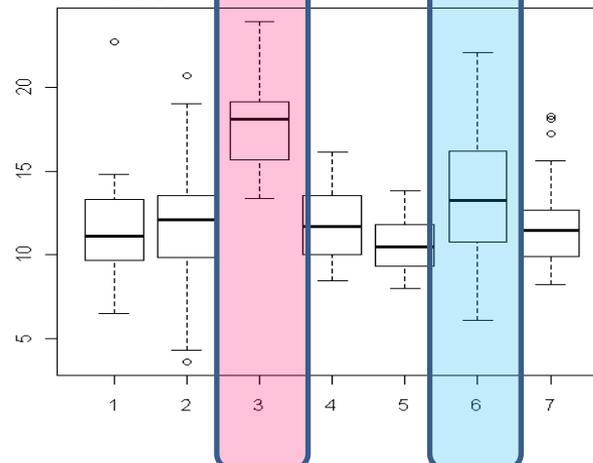
# Strong effect of the genetic groups on the target traits

Trait	Year	pvalue
Biomass	2008	1.62E-11
Biomass	2009	5.60E-20
Flowering	2008	2.09E-12
Flowering	2009	1.15E-22
Nitrogen	2008	1.78E-10
Nitrogen	2009	7.67E-10
Fibers	2008	1.07E-15
Fibers	2009	1.25E-12
lignin	2008	6.72E-12
lignin	2009	4.42E-10
Cellulose W	2008	2.94E-17
Cellulose W	2009	2.31E-15
Cellulose VS	2008	4.35E-09
Cellulose VS	2009	1.39E-17
Hemicellulose	2008	8.18E-14
Hemicellulose	2009	1.57E-18
Biomass Degradability	2008	2.05E-16
Biomass Degradability	2009	1.85E-11
CWD	2008	1.32E-14
CWD	2009	1.95E-09
Brix	2009	7.42E-22

## CWD 2008



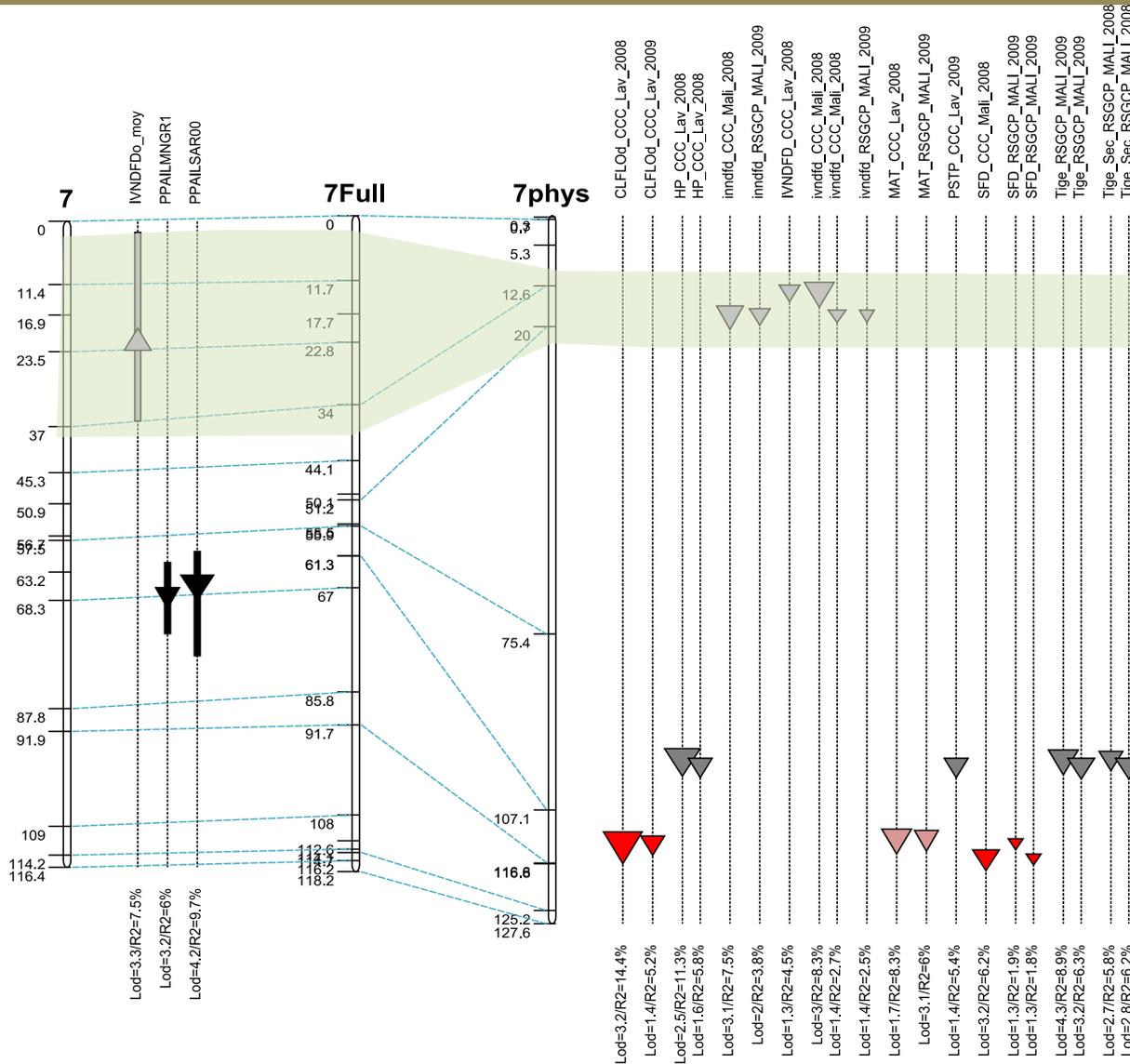
## CWD 2009



Kafir (South Africa)

Caudatum (East and some West African)

# Reduction of the confidence Interval for a CWD QTL



○ 2.2 Mb

○ 2 different QTLs ?

○ Several genes in the region to analyze