



INITIATIVE ON
Agroecology



Stakeholder mapping and evaluation of the DYTAEL 2023 action plan

WP 1 and WP 5

Marc Piraux (Cirad)
Banna Mbaye (Isra)
Raphael Belmin
(Cirad) Moussa Ndour
(Cirad)
Mame Birame Sene (Dytael)

December 2023



Fatick

Table of contents

- Introduction..... 4
 - Context 4
 - Workshop objectives..... 4
- Results obtained..... 7
- Day of 06/12/2023 7
 - Opening of the session and welcome 7
 - New presentation of the Agroecological Initiative Project 7
 - Mapping of Fatick DYTAEL stakeholders..... 8
 - Structuring DYTAEL 8
 - How DYTAEL works 12
- Day of 07/12/2023 13
 - Evaluation of the action plan..... 14
 - Suggested activity..... 14
 - Presentation of WP1 activities in 2024..... 14
 - Miscellaneous..... 15
- APPENDIX 1 ASSESSMENT OF THE 2023 ACTION PLAN..... 16
- Annexes 2. Member of the Fatick DYTAEL technical committee..... 21
- Appendix 3: Typology of organizations on the two DYTAEL committees..... 23

List of figures

Figure 1: Distribution of DYTAEL members in Fatick	8
Figure 2: Map of the Fatick DYTAEL technical committee (2023)	10
Figure 3: Mapping of the Fatick DYTAEL steering committee and identification of potential members (2023)	11
Figure 4: Identification of areas for improving the operation of the Fatick DYTEAL (2023)	13

Introduction

Context

In Senegal and throughout the world, **agro-ecology is emerging as a relevant response** to the challenges of food sovereignty and youth employment in a context of climate change. Faced with the widespread degradation of natural resources (water, soil, forests, etc.), agro-ecology enables us to rethink in depth our ways of producing, trading and consuming in order to build a new development model. To achieve this, a multi-stakeholder coalition called "**Dynamique pour une Transition Agroécologique au Sénégal**" (DyTAES) was set up in 2019, bringing together NGOs, Farmers' Organisations, research institutions and local elected representatives. DyTAES' mission is to promote agro-ecological transition in Senegal through research, advocacy, awareness-raising, experience-sharing and support for areas in transition.

Since 2021, DyTAES has been working at local level by setting up "**Dynamiques pour une Transition Agroécologique Locale**" (DyTAEL) in various departments of Senegal. Created in 2022, the Fatick DyTAEL has grown rapidly thanks to the support of a number of projects and the dynamism of its members.

The aim of the **Fatick DyTAEL is to** promote agro-ecology for agri-environmental and socio-economic resilience of family farms in the Fatick department. The Fatick DyTAEL is built on the principles of synergy of action, pooling of resources, horizontal relations and respect for the autonomy of action and free expression of members, which the Dytael does not replace. The Fatick DyTAEL's mode of action is based on **several strategic axes**: (i) supporting decision-makers towards policies favourable to agro-ecological transition; (ii) supporting the emergence of territorial projects; (iii) carrying out awareness-raising actions and (iv) sharing experiences and strategic alliances at various levels; (v) integrating departmental, national, sub-regional and international frameworks for dialogue.

To prepare for 2024, the Fatick DyTAEL Extended Technical Committee will be holding a workshop on **6 and 7 December 2023** at the **Royal le Sine Hotel in Fatick**, with the support of the Agroecology Initiative (WP5).

Workshop objectives

The general objective of this workshop will be to evaluate DyTAEL's 2023 action plan and to reflect on the internal workings of DyTAEL. The specific objectives are as follows:

- **Mapping** agro-ecology **stakeholders** in the Fatick department ;
- Reflect on the DyTAEL's internal **operating procedures**;
- Present and guide **two diagnostic studies** to be carried out in 2024 as part of the Agroecology Initiative (innovation tracking + socio-technical diagnosis);
- Evaluate the DyTAEL 2023 **annual action plan** in preparation for the next Steering Committee meeting;

3. Expected results

At the end of the day the expected results are :

- The DyTAEL operating procedures have been proposed;
- A map of agro-ecology players was co-constructed and validated by the participants;
- The objectives and scope of two diagnostic studies have been defined;
- The 2023 annual action plan for the Fatick DyTAEL was evaluated.

4. Participants

Entities	Structures	Number
Members of the DYTAEL Technical Committee from Fatick	NGOs: Agrisud (1), Enda pronat (1), ANPDI (1), Carem (1) Technical services: ANCAR, (1) ANACIM (1), SDDR (1), ARD (1), Service Départemental Elevage (1), Eaux et Forêts (1) OP: Ambassadeurs de l'Environnement (1), Jamm Bugum (1), Vis la Joie Ecologie (1), AJA/JAAES (1), CJPAP (1), Local press: NDEF LENG (1)	16
Other members of DyTAEL	Mairie de Ndiob (1), Commune de Fatick (1), ARECAP (1), Secretariat (1)	04
Project team Agroecology Initiative	CIRAD, ISRA	04
TOTAL		24

5. The workshop

The activity will be conducted using the following methodology: powerpoint presentations, interactive exchanges and plenary discussions to help participants take ownership of the WT and identify appropriate strategies for pooling resources and synergising actions.

6. Agenda

Timetable	Activities	Manager
Day 1		
08.30 - 9.00 a.m.	Welcome, installation of participants and presentation of the day's agenda	DyTAEL Secretariat
9.00am - 9.30am	Presentation of the Agroecological Initiative project (CJAIR) and debate	Project team
9.30am - 11am	Mapping of DYTAEL players and the department (Typology)	Project team
11.00-11.30 a.m.	<i>Coffee break</i>	
11h30-14h00	Theory of change on DYTAEL players (group work) + start of return	Project team
2.00 pm - 3.00 pm	<i>Lunch</i>	
3.00 p.m. - 3.30 p.m.	Continuation of group work	Project team
15.30-17.00	Consideration of operating procedures of the Fatick Dytael and governance	Project team
Day 2		
8.30 a.m. to 11.00 a.m.	Evaluation of the Fatick DyTAEL annual action plan	DyTAEL Secretariat
11.00-11.30 a.m.	<i>Coffee break</i>	
11h30-14h00	Presentation and discussion of two diagnostic studies to be carried out in 2024: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Tracking down innovations - Socio-technical diagnosis 	Project team
2.00 pm - 3.00 pm	<i>Lunch</i>	
3.00 pm - 4.00 pm	Final discussion and closure Preparing for the next day's visit (Viability project)	DyTAEL Secretariat

Results obtained

Day of 06/12/2023

Opening of the meeting and welcome

The representative of the General Secretary of DYTAEL welcomed the audience, followed by prayers for the smooth running of the workshop.

New presentation of the Agroecological Initiative Project

The project has been presented on several occasions. CGIAR is a network of international research centres that mobilises funds to carry out projects. The Agro-Ecological Initiative project began in 2022 in Burkina, but the conflicts in the country and the restrictions on travel made it difficult to carry out activities throughout the country. Part of the project was therefore transferred to Senegal for a year and a half, at least in the first phase. The concept of a living-lab was then defined as a group of people working together on common objectives, like the DYTAEL in Fatick. The project comprises four workpackages (WP) which take into account the following dimensions:

WP1: Dytael governance and co-design

Expected products: governance rules, mapping, agro-ecological innovation (inventory, socialisation and conditions for scaling up and networking), support modelling.

WP2 : Measurement and evaluation

Expected products: co-construct and use knowledge gained from HOLPA evaluations WP3:

business plan

Expected products: Make the sectors more attractive for processing and adding value (millet, wheat, maize, etc.) and milk) co-construction of strategic market plans, co-construction of financial mechanisms), collaboration with Dytael

WP4: institutional environment

Expected products: improve the institutional environment to accelerate WT.

Following the presentation, the speakers generally appreciated the project and praised the efforts it had made to support DYTAEL in Fatick. They returned to several points in particular:

- The inclusion of other sectors such as mango, rice and groundnuts in addition to millet and milk.
- Taking water and land into account.
- The need to step up awareness-raising in the communes and at PREDA level.
- Envisage a feedback workshop on the results of the surveys for WP2. WP

5:

Expected outputs: improved individual behaviour to change, collective capacity of DYTAEL, dialogue with partners, etc.

Results of the CLDs (implemented by WP 1 and WP 4): decision made by DYTAEL member communes to appoint focal points for DYTAEL activities. He suggested that DYTAEL should raise awareness among the DRA so that it would incorporate agro-ecology into its CDP. Still with a view to raising awareness, it was suggested that the commune of Ndiob should share

its experience of agro-ecological initiatives and governance to strengthen the capacity of other communes that want to make the transition to agro-ecology.

Mapping of Fatick DYTAEL stakeholders

The identity sheets for DYTAEL member organisations were presented to the meeting for validation. It was suggested that the heading "theme of intervention" be replaced by "area of intervention".

The local authority representatives suggested that the service provider who carried out the stakeholder mapping should draw up a specific sheet for local authorities. The service provider confirmed that such a sheet did exist and presented the broad outlines of it. It was also stressed that it was important to identify the people to be surveyed, as the focal points had only recently been appointed and some of them did not yet understand the issues to be taken into account. After discussion, the meeting agreed to target the SGs or mayors of the communes directly.

Structuring DYTAEL

In addition to the survey results, a plenary session was used to identify the members of the various Dynamique bodies: the technical committee and the steering committee.

Several cards with different colours, each representing a status (PO, technical services, NGO, etc.), were distributed to the participants. Each participant was then asked to position himself on the board according to the role of his structure in the Dytael: technical committee or steering committee. The figure below

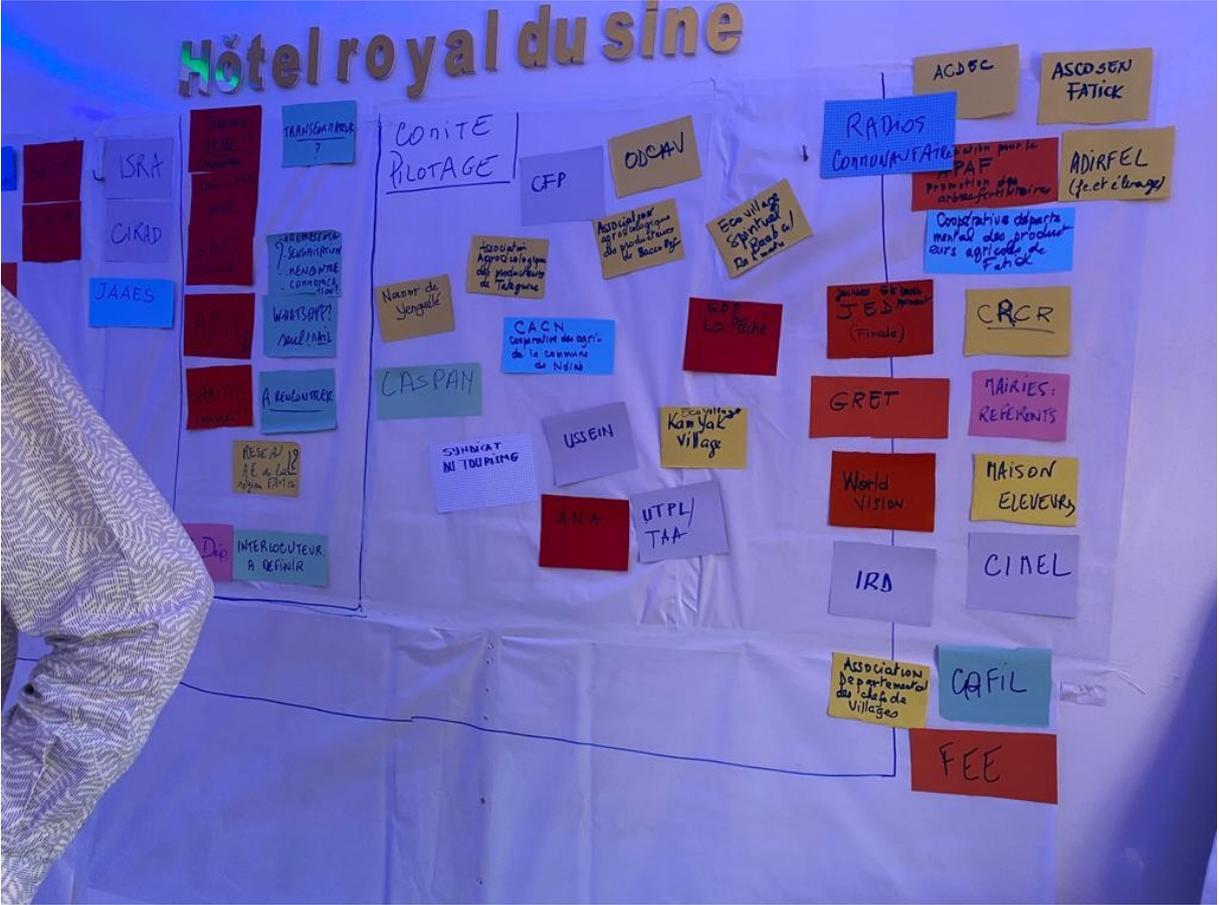


Figure 1: Distribution of DYTAEL members in Fatick

Structuring the technical committee

Structures such as Jamm Bugum, ENDA PRONAT, CAREM, Vis la joie écologique, CJPAP, AGRISUD International, CIRAD, ISRA, JAAES, ARECAP, ANCAR and the Radio "Ndefleng" were identified as active members of the technical committee. For the other

inactive structures in the TC, the following reasons were given:

- As far as the involvement of the County Council is concerned, Dytael is having problems finding a contact person. They should be asked to appoint a contact person. According to the audience, the County Council really needs to get involved in the TC.

- Decentralised government technical services (water and forests, agriculture, livestock and fisheries): need to raise their awareness of the importance of their involvement in the TC. It was noted that short assignments and the changes they entail disrupt the dynamics of their involvement. It was suggested that replacements should always be made aware of DYTAEEL's activities. The channels used for invitations and communication could also pose a problem (WhatsApp); the creation of a mailing list should be considered. DEEC: proposal to include it in the technical committee (to be raised).

-In the case of CARITAS, the committee plans to meet the Fatick focal point to raise awareness.

During the workshop, the question of how to integrate local authorities into the technical committee was raised. Three proposals emerged:

1- a focal point for all local authorities

2- integrating agreements

3- a focal point for each arrondissement

After discussion and analysis of the 3 options, the integration of focal points by commune was adopted.

The agro-ecological network in the Fatick region is a member of DYTAEEL, and the group discussed whether it should be included in the technical committee.

It was suggested that the members of the TC consider including players from the processing sector and taking into account the representation of women and young people.



Figure 2: Map of the Fatick DYTAEL technical committee (2023)

Structuring the steering committee

The same principle was used for the steering committee, with each participant sticking on the padex the structures they know that are members of the steering committee. The colour code is maintained for the different structures.





Figure 3: Mapping of the Fatick DYTAEL steering committee and identification of potential members (2023)

The most active members are located in the steering committee box (Nanor Yenguélé, Association des producteurs agroécologiques de Baccoboff, Ecovillages KamYak, Ecovillages spirituelles de Baaba Rahman.

Some are much less active: ODCAV, ANA, CACN, CASPAN, USSEIN, UTPL/TAA, CFP, Syndicat du tourisme, SPD (fisheries).

Structures that fall outside the scope of the steering committee are considered to be inactive members. They are : JED (Jeunesse Eclaireur pour le développement), GREP, World Vision, IRD, Association départementales des chefs de village.

Following the CLDs (Local Development Committees) initiated by DYTAEL in its member communes, **several applications for membership were received**. These include: ACDEC, APAF (Association pour la Promotion des Arbres Fertilitaires), ASCOSEN Fatick, DIRFEL (women and livestock), Association départemental des producteurs Agricoles de Fatick, CNCR, mayoral referents, etc. However, awareness-raising should continue, as there are still strategic structures and programmes that should be involved. These include: la maison des éleveurs, CIMEL, FEE, all the community radio stations, DIRFEL (regional board of women farmers). ANIDA, chamber of trade, chamber of commerce, CCF (women's consultative council) and GPF(s), PROVALE-CV, CDJ, CAFIL, PDCVR (rice), producers in the improved poultry farming sector, women processing local cereals in Jambo, etc.

It was suggested that DYTAEL should try to join the steering committee of the Agropole Centre and all the other structures and programmes that would benefit the partnership.

At the end of this activity, a general observation was that membership of the dynamic is still haphazard and DYTAEL should update its database of members and reflect on the conditions of membership to better structure the partnership. To this end, the technical committee had drawn up a charter which was approved by the steering committee. Each member will have to sign it.

The meeting decided to hold on 19 January 2024 to share the charter (which should take into account the principles, values and missions of DYTAEL) with the new members and to discuss the operation of the steering committee. The 18th and 19th will be reserved for the technical committee.

The absence of the private sector was also noted in the dynamic, with suggestions to involve them more in the dynamic's activities. The same goes for financial structures and seed production associations.

How DYTAEL works

In this section, we discussed the important elements that DYTAEL should improve and the following elements emerged:

- Upgrading the members of the technical committee, who are involved in DYTAEL activities through their organisation, or appointing a contact person and a deputy to replace them, good communication is essential.
- Monitor membership at steering committee level (charter and set up an evaluation procedure, membership form to be completed, etc.).
- Circulation of information within the dynamic and traceability (establish communication rules, newsletter to capitalise on and inform about Dytael events). Use other communication channels such as a group mailing.
- Discuss the duration and conditions of renewal of the secretariat and its specific role
- The need to decentralise decision-making and share actions
- Cumbersome information processing (relieving the secretariat and recruiting an assistant)
- Status of the action plan (see whether there are cross-cutting DYTAEL actions and specific actions, e.g. study of the millet-milk chain under the agro-ecological initiative), Need to improve the action plan.
- Promote the representation of women and young people at TC level.
- Consider a membership fee system
- Designing a newsletter
- Be clear about the decision-making circuit

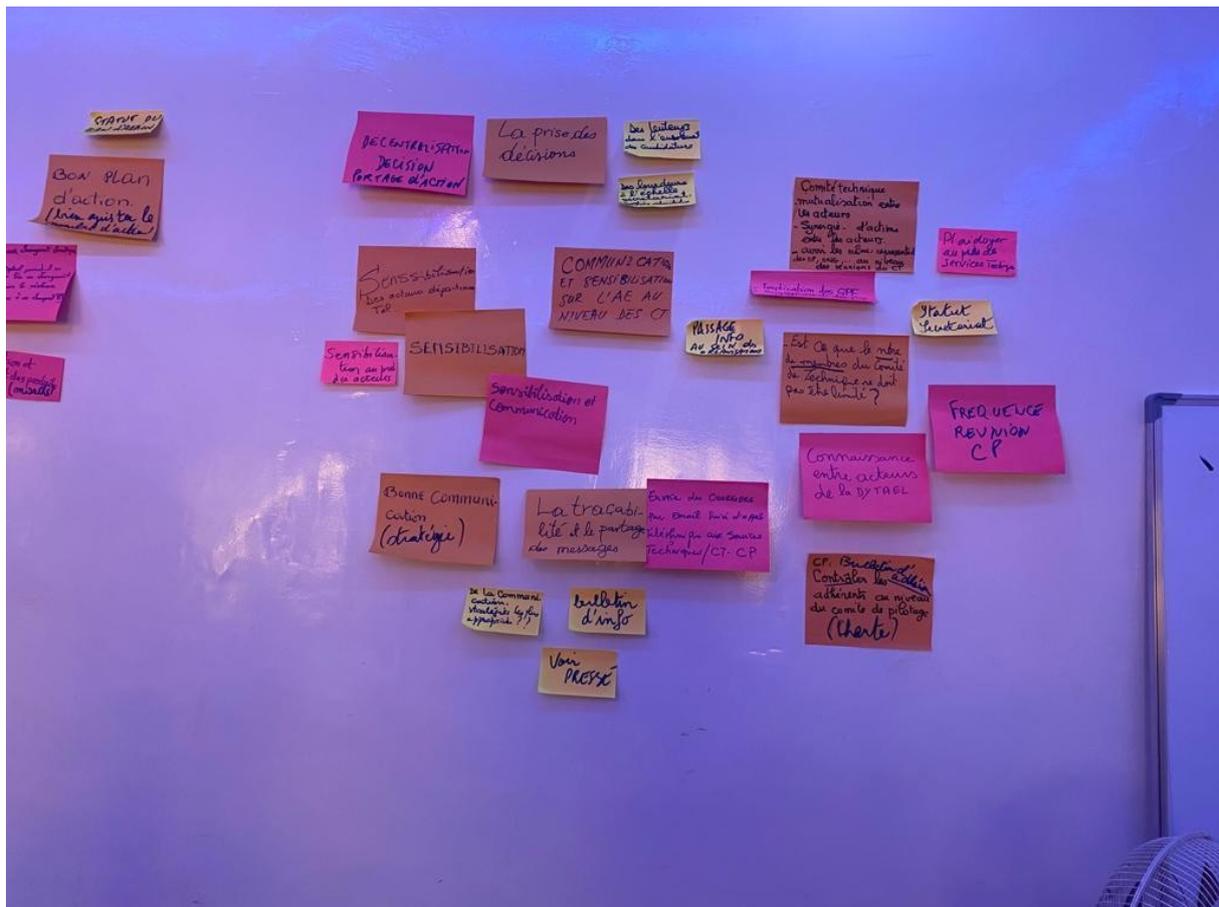


Figure 4: Identification of points for improving the operation of the Fatick DYTEAL (2023)

Day of 07/12/2023

The second day began with a recap of the highlights of Day 1, followed by the General Secretary, who had been absent on the first day, clarifying some of the points discussed the previous day. He highlighted the following points:

- After the CLDs, there were a lot of requests to join, and members are added directly to the Whatsapp group by the administrators. He suggested that new members should first be presented to the Technical Committee before being added. This would help to identify new members while waiting for membership conditions to be put in place.
- Awareness-raising efforts have been made with regard to PREDA. As for the Departmental Council, it has been suggested that we write a letter asking the President to elect a DYTAEL representative, but so far there has been no response.
- As regards the involvement of young people, we have made an effort to raise awareness with the President of the ODCAV, but this has not yet borne fruit.
- He agrees with the idea of including town halls. In fact, most of the member municipalities have appointed agro-ecological referents for their municipalities.
- With regard to the secretariat, he suggested that the costs of the secretariat, which were too high, should be discussed again.

Discussions on the operation of DYTAEL continued and some participants returned to certain essential points:

- DYTAEEL representation at events should be rotational (Weaknesses in sharing information on the various DYTAEEL invitations).
- A warning about DYTAEEL's role, which is not to implement projects, but to create synergies between them and to advocate.
- For the organisation of and participation in meetings, poll for dates
- Move towards a general meeting and set up a steering committee to validate the activities of the technical committee.
- If there are differences of opinion about the way things work, you should wait until the technical committee meetings to raise the subject (avoid calling out team members in the WhatsApp group).

Evaluation of the action plan

The action plan was presented and, with a view to evaluation, it was suggested that, as far as possible, the level of completion of the activity should also be provided. (see appendix 1)

It was suggested that particular attention should be paid to the formulation of activities in the action plan (highlighting activities to facilitate implementation and build on achievements).

Highlight activities carried out by several players, to encourage synergies in the dynamic.

Suggestion to fill in the "source" column with DYTAEEL and not the lessor to avoid frustration. However, when organising the activity, the logos of the lessor and DYTAEEL will be highlighted.

When drawing up the action plan, POs and associations could propose activities and ask donor members to finance the programme.

Suggested activity

Consider organising annual fairs to promote agroecological products.

DYTAEEL is proposing to take part in FESNAC (8 to 13 January) by sharing a photo exhibition by Raphael Belmin on "the role of women in the agro-ecological transition".

To mark the anniversary of DYTAEEL (9 June), organise agro-ecology days in the Fatick department.

Encourage the organisation of field visits and the sharing of experience between players to better promote agro-ecology projects.

Organisation of a steering committee meeting on 17, 18 and 19 January with all the members of the dynamic. The workshop will address the following points

Structuring, operation (clarification of the roles of the secretariat, TC, PC, steering committee, general meeting (?), operating procedures, mandate, relations and communication, decision-making, inclusion, etc.) and 2024 programming.

Presentation of WP1 activities in 2024

Activity 1: Tracking down agro-ecological innovations in the Fatick Dytael

This work will be structured as follows for the year 2024 and the area of intervention of the project is the Dytael of Fatick:

- Literature review on existing innovations,
- Survey to complete the census,
- Feedback and validation of existing innovations,
- Identifying promising innovations and discussing the conditions for scaling them up

Activity 2: Co-design

The co-design approach was presented in general terms (farm, cropping system, food system). This was followed by a debate on the scale of application of the approach within DYTAEEL.

The participants opted to test the tool at food system level.

Activity 3: Socio-technical diagnosis

A debate was opened to gather participants' opinions on the themes they would like to see addressed in the diagnosis. Two themes emerged overall

- Biomass management: use of fertiliser trees, mobilisation of residues, etc.
- The salinisation of the land: there are various causes: uncontrolled salt extraction, a drop in the water table which causes the salt to advance, lack of regulation by local authorities in the management of the resource (salt). Solutions have been proposed, but they have not slowed the advance of the "salt tongue" (Reforestation with species such as eucalyptus and coconut palms and regenerating the soil with halophilic plants. A salt water decantation system in the Niakhar area, etc.).

Miscellaneous

Recruitment of the assistant for DYTAEEL, a steering committee is set up, made up of : ANPDI, ANCAR, ENDA PRONAT, VIS LA JOIE ECOLOGIQUE, ANACIM

APPENDIX 1 ASSESSMENT OF THE 2023 ACTION PLAN



DYTAEL FATICK

General objective: to promote agro-ecological practices for agri-environmental and socio-economic resilience on family farms in the Fatick department.

Specific objectives :

- To raise awareness among the administrative and political authorities and the local population of the need to adopt Agro-Ecological Practices.
- Building the capacity of DYTAEL member Producer Organisations in agro-ecology
- Promoting agro-ecological products through visits and fairs
- Encouraging new attitudes to the environment

AXES	ACTIVITIES	PERIODS	NIVEAU EXECUTION	RESULTS	SOURCE	OBSERVATIONS
	CDD	May	Directed	55 people informed, including 1 Prefect, 4 Sub-Prefects , 14 TCs	ENDA PRONAT/ <i>ISRA BAME/</i> <i>CIRAD</i>	The local authorities were represented by the mayors and chairmen of the environment and energy committees. agriculture breeding
1. support decision-makers in Senegal and the players in the ASPH sector in the development and implementation of public policy for the success of the TAE	Putting it into action foresight	February From June	In progress	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Territorialisation of future EAs in the Fatick department - Workshop on Collective Intelligence and Theory of Change - 4 meetings of the Technical Committee and one meeting of the Steering Committee - Development of AE performance indicators - Meeting with the department's milk producers to assess the sector and look at ways of revitalising it - 3 CLDs in the arrondissements of Fimela, Tattaguine and Niakhar with 	<i>ISRA BAME/ CIRAD</i> ENDA PRONAT/ <i>ISRA BAME/ CIRAD</i> <i>ISRA BAME/ CIRAD</i> ENDA PRONAT/ <i>ISRA BAME/ CIRAD</i> <i>ISRA BAME/ CIRAD</i> <i>ISRA BAME/ CIRAD</i>	

				<p>137 facility managers trained</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Participation in the Multi-Actor Partnership (MAP) workshop - Two surveys on stakeholder mapping and agro-ecological practices - 2-day workshops on land governance with CRAFS 73 heads of TCs and Technical Services and the territorialisation of public policies with 81 heads of TCs and Technical Services <p>Commitment by the Lead Elected Representatives of 15 of the 18 TCs</p>	<p>ENDA PRONAT/ ANPDI</p> <p>ENDA PRONAT</p> <p><i>ISRA BAME/ CIRAD</i></p> <p><i>ISRA BAME/ CIRAD</i></p> <p>ENDA PRONAT/</p>	
2. Support the emergence of WT projects in the by supporting local initiatives	<p>Training on Practices Agroecological s</p>	<p>April - May - June (arable crops)</p> <p>September - October - November (market gardening)</p>	<p>No made</p>		<p>ENDA PRONAT</p>	
	<p>Co-design of agroecological systems innovative</p>	<p>From June</p>	<p>In progress</p>	<p>Drawing up a project that takes account of the water and agri-food systems</p>	<p>ISRA BAME</p>	

	Organising Arbor Day	August 2023	Realized	2,000 mango trees reforested through the "one house, one fruit tree" concept and reforestation of two other houses. copses	Commune Niakhar, WATERS AND FORESTS, ISRA	
	Organisation of the the environment	June 2023	Not carried out	NR	ENDA PRONAT	
	Participation in reforestation mangrove	August 2023	Directed	14 hectares reforested, with strong participation from members of the DYTAEL	CAREM	
	Plant operation	AUGUST / SEPTEMBER 2023	Not carried out		IAAS Diofior Commune	Ambassadeurs de l'Environnement organised a reforestation day with the commune of Diofior
3. Raise awareness among all stakeholders in order to increase awareness in Senegal and the wider sub-region on the need for WT	Meeting with financial and technical partners	October/November	In progress	- ANPDI met and joined DYTAEL - Contact with AGRJEUNES and PROVALE- CV - Meeting a - World Bank, AFD, FAO, IFAD have also been met and are ready to finance projects in the department	DYTAEL members	
4) Sharing our experiences, establishing and developing strategic alliances in the	Exchange visits	AUGUST/September/October/November	Completed	-1 to Wakhaldiam to visit the GFP - 1 visit to Mboro to help set up a DYTAEL	AGRISUD DYTAES	

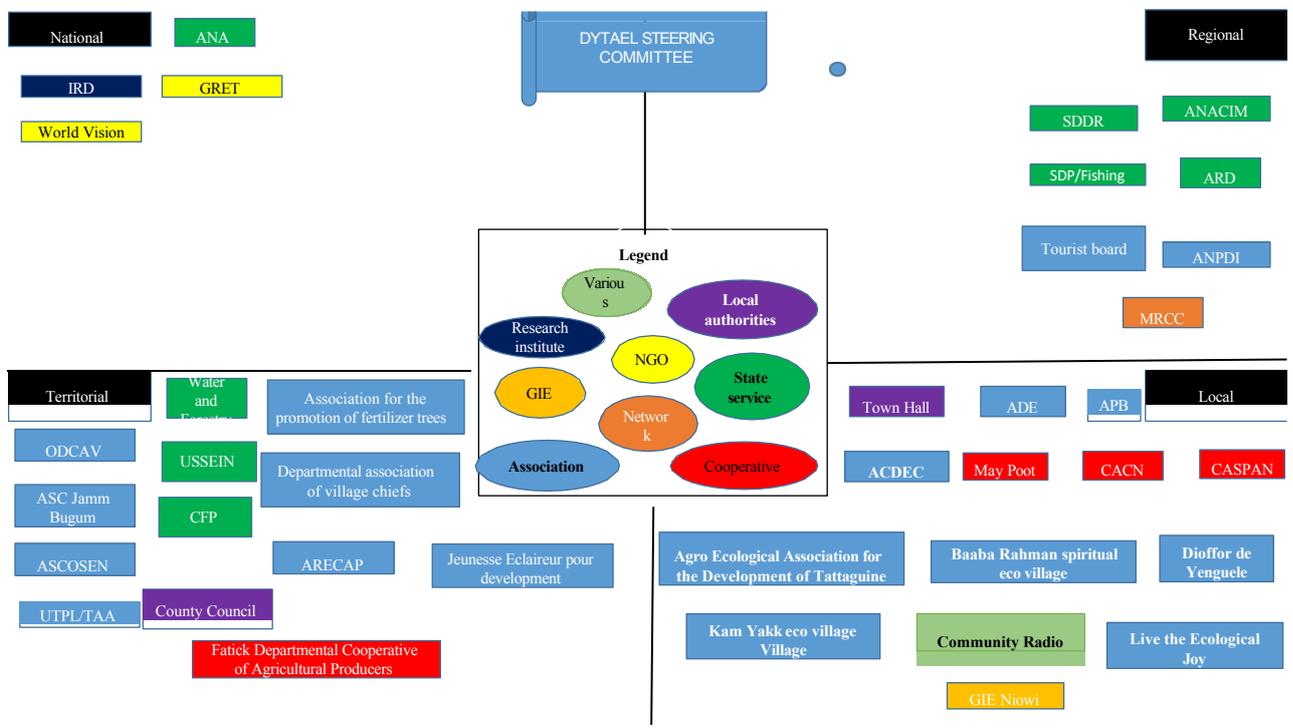
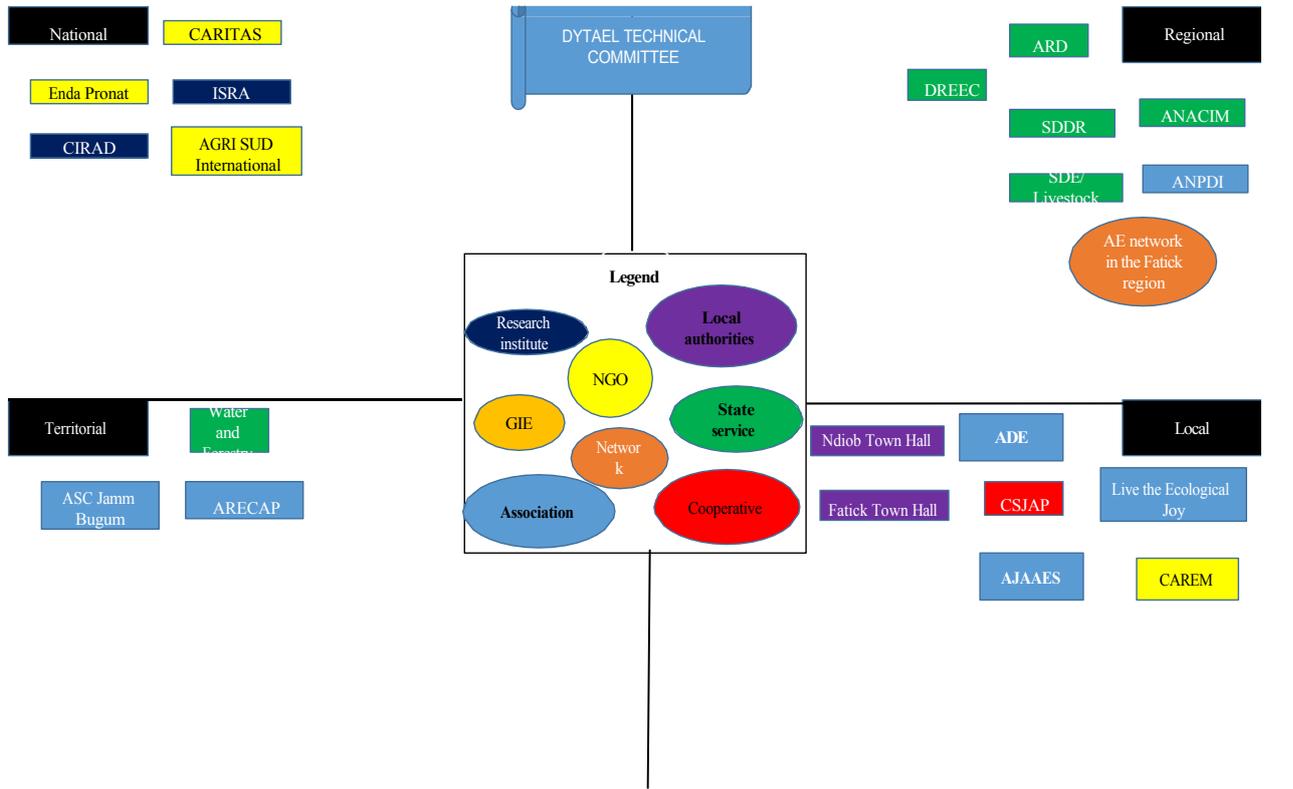
national, sub-regional and international networks				<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1 in Kaolack to help set up the Kaolack and Kaffrine stakeholder platform - a trip to Morocco to visit experiments and draw up a project taking taking account of the AE/ WATER/DIETARY triptych 	<p>RIPOSTE</p> <p>ISRA BAME</p>	
	Participation in the meeting of agro-ecology stakeholders from the groundnut basin (farmers' day)	May and November 2023	Realized	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Two days were organised in Niakhar and Diohine, focusing on the usefulness of trees (pilliosigma reticulatum (guiguissà), acacia raddiana (sengue), guiera senegalensis, diospyros mespiliformis(alome), neocarya macrophylla (néw), parkia biglobosa (oul)) and best practices for resilient, sustainable and nutritious agriculture in the department. -Participation in the 6th Festival alimen Terre 	<p>AGRISUD/ JAMM BUGUM</p> <p>AGRISUD/CNCR</p>	
5) Contribute to informing policy decisions and participating in frameworks for dialogue at sub regional and international	Participation in national AE days	January /February 2023	Realized	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> -Presentation of the DYTAES report <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - sessions on specific themes as policies favourable to EI, Initiatives EI practices, research, training and promotion of EI - Presentation of the Fatick DYTAEL and its activities, including future prospects 	DYTAES	

Annexes 2. Member of the Fatick DYTAEL technical committee

	Territorial collectivity		
Municipality of Fatick	Municipality of Fatick	Local authorities	Environment and management of natural resources, health, population and social action, youth, sports and leisure, culture, education, planning, town and country planning and housing.
Municipality of Ndiob	Municipality of Ndiob	Local authorities	Environment and management of natural resources, health, population and social action, youth, sports and leisure, culture, education, planning, town and country planning and housing.
	Associations of producers		
ADE	Environmental Ambassadors	Association	Reforestation, Rice growing and Conference
VLJE	Live La Joie Ecologique	Association	Agro-ecology: Environment, Education, Tourism, Climate change, Soil restoration, Deforestation
AJAAES	Youth Agroecological Action Sahel	GIE	Training, Integration, Agro-ecological practices, Horticultural sectors, Processing, Poultry, Building.
J B	Jamm Bugum Association	Association	Education, Environment, Sport, Livestock, Processing of local products, Vulnerable children, Social action and Solidarity.
ARECAP	Regional Association of Goat breeders	Association	Animal health, training, financial support, support for fair participation, Support for processing units
	States agencies		
ANCAR	Agence National de Conseil Agricole et Rural	Decentralised State Technical Service	Development of good agricultural and rural practices (GAP), information and training for producers
ANACIM	National Civil Aviation and Meteorology Agency	Decentralised State Technical Service	Weather and Climate Management
ARD	Regional Development Agency	Decentralised State Technical Service	Planning and Training, Climate Change and Local Economic Development
SDDR	Departmental Rural Development Services	Decentralised State Technical Service	Agriculture - Livestock - Management & Governance
	Others		
CJPAP	Cooperative of Young Agro-Pastoral Producers	COOPERATIVE	Agriculture, livestock farming, trade and processing of local products
ISRA	Senegalese Institute for Agricultural Research	Research Institute	Sustainable production systems, support for family farms and agro-industries, monitoring, foresight, capacity development and partnerships.
Def leng	Def leng	Community radio	culture and education
CIRAD	Centre for International Cooperation in Agricultural Research for Development	Research Institute	Biodiversity, One health, Agro-ecological transitions, Food systems, Climate change
	ONGS		
Enda Pronat	Environnement Developpement Action pour la Protection Naturelle des Terroirs	National NGO	Environment, land tenure, gender, environmental education, resource management and capacity building
CARITAS	CARITAS/Senegal	International NGO	Food safety, waste management, hygiene and sanitation, institutional development
AGRISUD	AGRISUD international	International NGO	Agro-ecology, entrepreneurship, territories and the environment.

ANPDI	National Association Of Integrated Development Programmes	Association	Equitable and inclusive development, sustainable family farming, rural entrepreneurship, strengthening local governance and EA.
CAREM	Coordination of Actions for the Restoration of Mangrove Ecosystems	Local NGO	Reforestation dominating the mangrove, Environment, Agriculture, Literacy, Food security.

Appendix 3: Typology of organizations on the two DYTAEL committees



LIST OF STEERING COMMITTEE ACRONYMS

CFP: Centre de Formation Professionnelle (vocational training centre)	ARD: Agence Régional pour le Développement (Regional Development Agency)
CJPAP: Coopérative des jeunes producteurs agro pastoraux	APB: Association des Producteurs deBacoboof (Bacoboof Producers' Association)
CASPAN: CoopérativeAlgro-sylvo Pastorale de Niakhar	SDP/ Pêche: Service Départementale des Pêches (Departmental Fisheries Service)
ANA: Agence Nationale d'aquaculture (National Aquaculture Agency)	IRD: Institute of Research for Development
GRET: Groupe de Recherche et d'Echange Technologique (Technological Research and Exchange Group)	CACN: Cooperative of Farmers of the Municipality of Ndiob
UTPL: Unité de Transformation de Produits Locaux (Local Products Processing Unit)	ACDEC: Climate Action for the Development of Education Citizen
TAA: Transformatrices Agro-Alimentaires (Agri-food Processors)	ASCOTEN: Association des consommateurs du Sénégal (Senegal Consumers' Association)
ADE: Environmental ambassador	ARECAP: Association Régionale des Eleveurs Caprins (Regional Association of Goat Breeders)
SDDR: Rural Sector Development Strategy	JED: Jeunesse Eclairer pour le Développement (Youth Scouts for Development)
ODCAV: Organisme Départementale de Coordination des Activités de Vacances (Departmental Organisation for the Coordination of Holiday Activities)	APAF: Association for the Promotion of Fertile Trees
ANPDI: Association Nationale Des Programmes De Développement Intégré (National Association of Integrated Development Programmes)	
ANACIM: Agence Nationale de l'Aviation Civile et de la Meteorology	
CRRCR: Conseil Régional des Coopération des Ruraux (Regional Council for Rural Cooperation)	
May Poot: May Poot agro-ecological cooperative	